

# **CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH**

## COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

LIFE SAFETY SERVICES

# **GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS**

# **GUIDELINE B.01 - Determination of Required Fire Flow**

### **B.01.1 PURPOSE**

The purpose of this guideline is to provide assistance to architects, builders and engineers in determining the adequate fire flow requirements for buildings and complexes. This guideline is in accordance with the California Fire Code, Appendix B and Appendix C.

### **B.01.2 SCOPE**

All buildings built within the City of Newport Beach are required to comply with the California Fire Code Appendix B, Fire Flow Requirements for Buildings and Appendix C, Fire Hydrant Locations and Distribution.

#### **B.01.3 PROCEDURE**

Determine the total square footage	
Line 1	sq. ft.
Determine the type of Construction:	
Line 2	
Using Table B105.1, determine the	fire flow.
(If the building has full sprinkler syst	
Line 3	gpm. <sup>1, 2</sup>
Using Table C105.1, use the determinant of fire hydrants required and	mined fire flow from line 3 to determine the required d their spacing:
Line 4ft.	apart.

Existing fire hydrants on public streets within 500 of the building are allowed to be considered as available. The aggregate flow from existing hydrants, at no less than 20 pounds residual pressure, may be credited toward the total flow required. Existing hydrants on adjacent property may not be considered unless the hydrant and main are owned by a public water company or public utility and the road serving those hydrants is of appropriate construction and width. An easement for the roadway must be recorded.

New hydrants shall provide a minimum flow of 1250 gpm at 20 pounds residual pressure.

- 1. The fire sprinkler demand is permitted to be included within this value as long as the sprinkler demand does not exceed the minimum required fire flow.
- 2. Thee minimum fire flow shall not be less than 1500 gpm.

TABLE B105.1
MINIMUM REQUIRED FIRE-FLOW AND FLOW DURATION FOR BUILDINGS

MINIMUM REQUIRED FIRE-FLOW AND FLOW DURATION FOR BU FIRE-FLOW CALCULATION AREA (square feet)				FIRE-FLOW (gallons per minute) <sup>b</sup>	FLOW DURATION	
Type IA and IB <sup>a</sup>	Type IIA and IIIA <sup>a</sup>	Type IV and V-A <sup>a</sup>	Type IIB and IIIB <sup>a</sup>	Type V-B <sup>a</sup>	(gallons per minute)⁵	FLOW DURATION (hours)
0-22,700	0-12,700	0-8,200	0-5,900	0-3,600	1,500	
22,701-30,200	12,701-17,000	8,201-10,900	5,901-7,900	3,601-4,800	1,750	
30,201-38,700	17,001-21,800	10,901-12,900	7,901-9,800	4,801-6,200	2,000	2
38,701-48,300	21,801-24,200	12,901-17,400	9,801-12,600	6,201-7,700	2,250	2
48,301-59,000	24,201-33,200	17,401-21,300	12,601-15,400	7,701-9,400	2,500	
59,001-70,900	33,201-39,700	21,301-25,500	15,401-18,400	9,401-11,300	2,750	
70,901-83,700	39,701-47,100	25,501-30,100	18,401-21,800	11,301-13,400	3,000	
83,701-97,700	47,101-54,900	30,101-35,200	21,801-25,900	13,401-15,600	3,250	3
97,701-112,700	54,901-63,400	35,201-40,600	25,901-29,300	15,601-18,000	3,500	3
112,701-128,700	63,401-72,400	40,601-46,400	29,301-33,500	18,001-20,600	3,750	
128,701-145,900	72,401-82,100	46,401-52,500	33,501-37,900	20,601-23,300	4,000	
145,901-164,200	82,101-92,400	52,501-59,100	37,901-42,700	23,301-26,300	4,250	
164,201-183,400	92,401-103,100	59,101-66,000	42,701-47,700	26,301-29,300	4,500	
183,401-203,700	103,101-114,600	66,001-73,300	47,701-53,000	29,301-32,600	4,750	
203,701-225,200	114,601-126,700	73,301-81,100	53,001-58,600	32,601-36,000	5,000	
225,201-247,700	126,701-139,400	81,101-89,200	58,601-65,400	36,001-39,600	5,250	
247,701-271,200	139,401-152,600	89,201-97,700	65,401-70,600	39,601-43,400	5,500	
271,201-295,900	152,601-166,500	97,701-106,500	70,601-77,000	43,401-47,400	5,750	
295,901-Greater	166,501-Greater	106,501-115,800	77,001-83,700	47,401-51,500	6,000	4
_	_	115,801-125,500	83,701-90,600	51,501-55,700	6,250	
_	_	125,501-135,500	90,601-97,900	55,701-60,200	6,500	
_	_	135,501-145,800	97,901-106,800	60,201-64,800	6,750	
_	_	145,801-156,700	106,801-113,200	64,801-69,600	7,000	
_	_	156,701-167,900	113,201-121,300	69,601-74,600	7,250	
_	_	167,901-179,400	121,301-129,600	74,601-79,800	7,500	
_	_	179,401-191,400	129,601-138,300	79,801-85,100	7,750	
_	_	191,401-Greater	138,301-Greater	85,101-Greater	8,000	

#### TABLE C105.1 NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION OF FIRE HYDRANTS

FIRE-FLOW REQUIREMENT (gpm)	MINIMUM NUMBER OF HYDRANTS	AVERAGE SPACING BETWEEN HYDRANTS <sup>a, b, c</sup> (feet)	MAXIMUM DISTANCE FROM ANY POINT ON STREET OR ROAD FRONTAGE TO A HYDRANT®
1,750 or less	1	500	250
2,000-2,250	2	450	225
2,500	3	450	225
3,000	3	400	225
3,500-4,000	4	350	210
4,500-5,000	5	300	180
5,500	6	300	180
6,000	6	250	150
6,500-7,000	7	250	150
7,500 or more	8 or more <sup>e</sup>	200	120

For SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 gallon per minute = 3.785 L/m.

a. Reduce by 100 feet for dead-end streets or roads.

b. Where streets are provided with median dividers which cannot be crossed by fire fighters pulling hose lines, or where arterial streets are provided with four or more traffic lanes and have a traffic count of more than 30,000 vehicles per day, hydrant spacing shall average 500 feet on each side of the street and be arranged on an alternating basis up to a fire-flow requirement of 7,000 gallons per minute and 400 feet for higher fire-flow requirements.

c. Where new water mains are extended along streets where hydrants are not needed for protection of structures or similar fire problems, fire hydrants shall be provided at spacing not to exceed 1,000 feet to provide for transportation hazards.

d. Reduce by 50 feet for dead-end streets or roads.

e. One hydrant for each 1,000 gallons per minute or fraction thereof.