



CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH

Water Rate Study

Final Draft Report / September 9, 2019



September 9, 2019

Mr. Mark Vukojevic
Utilities Director
City of Newport Beach
100 Civic Center Drive
Newport Beach, CA 92660

Subject: Water Rate Study Report

Dear Mr. Vukojevic,

Raftelis is pleased to provide this Water Rate Study Report for the City of Newport Beach to develop water and recycled water rates in compliance with Proposition 218. In particular, this Report contains the following:

- » Legal framework surrounding Proposition 218, particularly with respect to water rates.
- » Development of a 10-year financial plan for Water Enterprise Fund to ensure financial sufficiency for operating and capital obligations.
- » Revision of the current financial policy and recommendations for policy revisions.
- » Cost of service analysis and development of water and recycled water rates that meet the Proposition 218 requirements.

The Report summarizes the key findings and results related to the revision of the water rate structure, development of water and recycled water rates, and customer impact analyses for proposed rates.

It has been a pleasure working with you, and we thank you and the City staff for the support provided during the course of this study.

Sincerely,

RAFTELIS FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS, INC.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Sanjay Gaur'.

Sanjay Gaur
Vice President

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Khanh Phan'.

Khanh Phan
Senior Consultant

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- Appendix 2 – Asset List and Functionalization and Capital Cost Allocations
- Appendix 3 – Revenue Requirements Allocations

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Glossary

| Terms | Descriptions |
|------------------|--|
| AF | Acre foot / Acre feet |
| AWWA | American Water Works Association |
| COS | Cost of Service |
| EFU | Equivalent Fire Unit |
| EMU | Equivalent Meter Unit |
| FY | Fiscal Year (Jul 1 – June 30) |
| GPCD | Gallons per capita per day |
| GPM | Gallons per minute |
| HCF | Hundred Cubic Feet = 100 cubic feet = 748 gallons |
| M1 Manual | “Principles of Water Rates, Fees, and Charges: Manual of Water Supply Practices M1”, 6 th edition published by AWWA |
| MD | Max Day Peaking Factor |
| MFR | Multi-Family Residential |
| MGD | Million Gallons per Day |
| MH | Max Hour Peaking Factor |
| MWD | Metropolitan Water District of Southern California |
| MWDOC | Municipal Water District of Orange County |
| OCWD | Orange County Water District |
| O&M | Operations and Maintenance |
| Raftelis | Raftelis Financial Consultants, Inc. |
| RW | Recycled Water |
| SFR | Single Family Residential |

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The City of Newport Beach Utilities Department in (City) currently serves a population of over 86,000 within a service area of approximately fifty square miles. The Water Division is divided into four sections: Water Maintenance and Repair, Water Production, Water Quality, and Water System Services. The Division is responsible for providing a safe and reliable source of water to approximately 26,200 active connections and delivering approximately 13,500 acre feet (AF) of water per year on average.

The current water rates were developed in the “Water Utility Financial Plan” completed in August 2009. The water rates consist of monthly fixed service charges varied by meter size and a uniform commodity rate. The City last adopted a 5-year water rate increase in December of 2009 and the last water rate increase was in January of 2014. Government Code 54999.7(c) requires that water agencies must conduct a cost of service study a minimum of every 10 years. In early 2019, the City engaged Raftelis to conduct a Water Rate Study for its water and recycled water services.

The major objectives of the Study include:

- » Development of a 10-year financial plan for Water Enterprise Fund to ensure financial sufficiency for operating and capital obligations.
- » Revision of the current financial policy and recommendations for policy revisions.
- » Cost of service analysis and development of water and recycled water rates that meet Proposition 218 requirements.
- » Development of a 5-year water and recycled water rates schedule
- » Sensitivity and impact analysis on the proposed rates
- » Development of an administrative record that demonstrates the nexus between the City’s water costs and rates to meet the requirements of Proposition 218.

This Water Rate Report (Report) summarizes the key findings and results related to the development of the long-term financial plan for Water Enterprise Fund, development of water and recycled water rates and customer impact analyses for proposed rates.

1.2 RESERVE POLICY

A reserve policy is a written document that establishes reserve goals/targets. It provides guidelines for sound financial management with an overall long-range perspective to maintain financial solvency and mitigate financial risks associated with revenue instability, volatile capital costs and emergencies. Adopting and adhering to a sustainable reserve policy enhances financial management transparency and helps achieve or maintain a certain credit rating for future debt issues. Reserves can mitigate unanticipated reductions in revenues, offset fluctuations in costs of providing services, and fiscal

emergencies such as revenue shortfalls, asset failure, and natural disaster. Capital reserves set funds aside for replacement of capital assets as they age and for new capital projects.

Working very closely with City Staff, the Finance Committee, and City Council, along with our understanding of the City’s financial infrastructure and financial risk portfolio, Raftelis recommends the minimum reserve targets for Water shown in Table 1-1. The shown dollars are for illustrative purpose only and are subject to change with the actual adopted operating budget and estimated 5-year average CIP. For details about each reserve component, please refer to Section 4.3.

Table 1-1: Projected Reserve Minimum Reserve Targets for Water Fund

| Target Reserves | | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Operations & Maintenance | 33% of annual operating expenses | \$8,326,572 | \$8,903,507 | \$9,043,914 | \$9,427,501 |
| Capital | 75% of 5-year average CIP | \$5,708,400 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 |
| Rate Stabilization | \$2,700,000 | \$2,700,000 | \$2,700,000 | \$2,786,914 | \$2,876,809 |
| Total Target Reserve | | \$16,734,972 | \$17,003,507 | \$17,230,828 | \$17,704,310 |

1.3 WATER FINANCIAL PLAN

One of the Study’s major objectives is to develop a long-term financial plan ensuring financial sufficiency for the Water Fund’s projected operating and capital obligations. Raftelis developed a 10-year Financial Plan Model incorporating the known and forecasted cost increases for operating and capital expenditures. The results were presented and discussed with the Finance Committee and City Council. Utilizing the recently approved Federal WaterSMART Water and Energy Efficiency Grant in the amount of \$1.5 million for Advance Metering Infrastructure (AMI) along with other forecasts, the proposed revenue adjustments for the Water Fund are shown in Table 1-2 below.

Table 1-2: Proposed Water Revenue Adjustments

| Water Fund | Revenue Adjustments |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| FY 2020 – FY 2024 | 7.4% per year |
| FY 2025 – FY 2029 | 2.5% per year |

Under the proposed revenue adjustments, the Water Financial Plan is summarized in the figures below. In Figure 1-1, the dashed red line is the projected revenues from current rates without any adjustment, green line represents the projected revenues with the proposed revenue adjustments shown in Table 1-2. The stacked bars represent the expenditures, such as potable water supply (light blue), recycled water (purple), other O&M expenses (green), and PAYGO CIP (teal). The red bars below the axis in FY 2020 to FY 2023 and FY 2028 to FY 2029 signify that the collected revenues are insufficient for operating and capital costs in those years and require drawing on the current Water Fund balances.

The current water revenues (red line) are insufficient to recover operating and capital costs in all years, thus revenue adjustments are warranted. Figure 1-2 shows the forecasted Water Fund ending balances (teal bars) after incorporating the proposed revenue adjustments, current revenues and expenses (shown in Figure 1-1) and the estimated Water Fund beginning balance as of July 1, 2019. The red line is the recommended minimum target balance.

Figure 1-1: Water Financial Plan

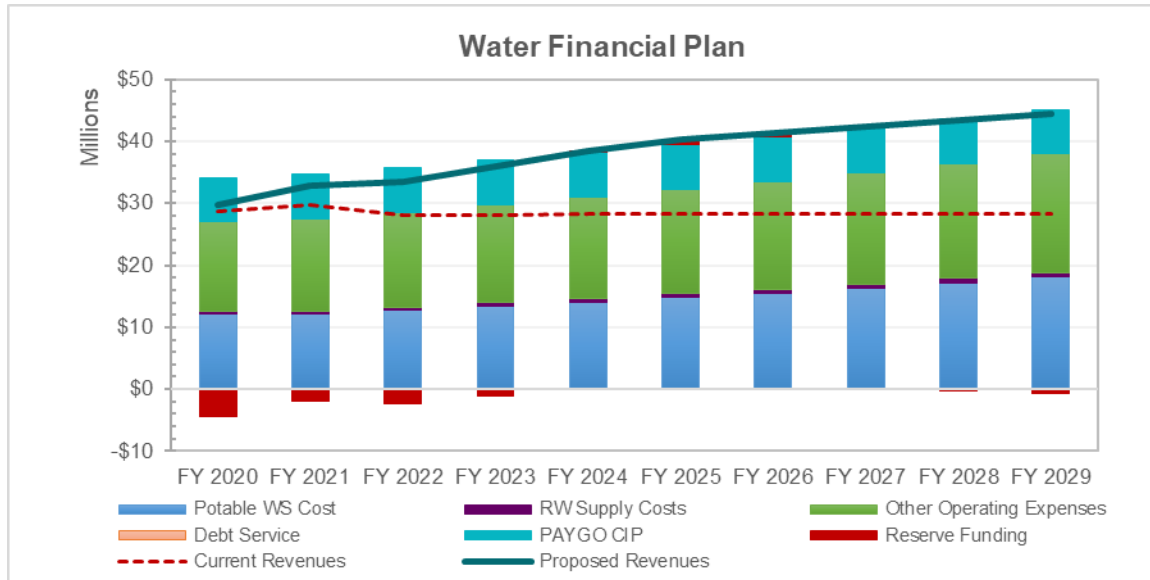
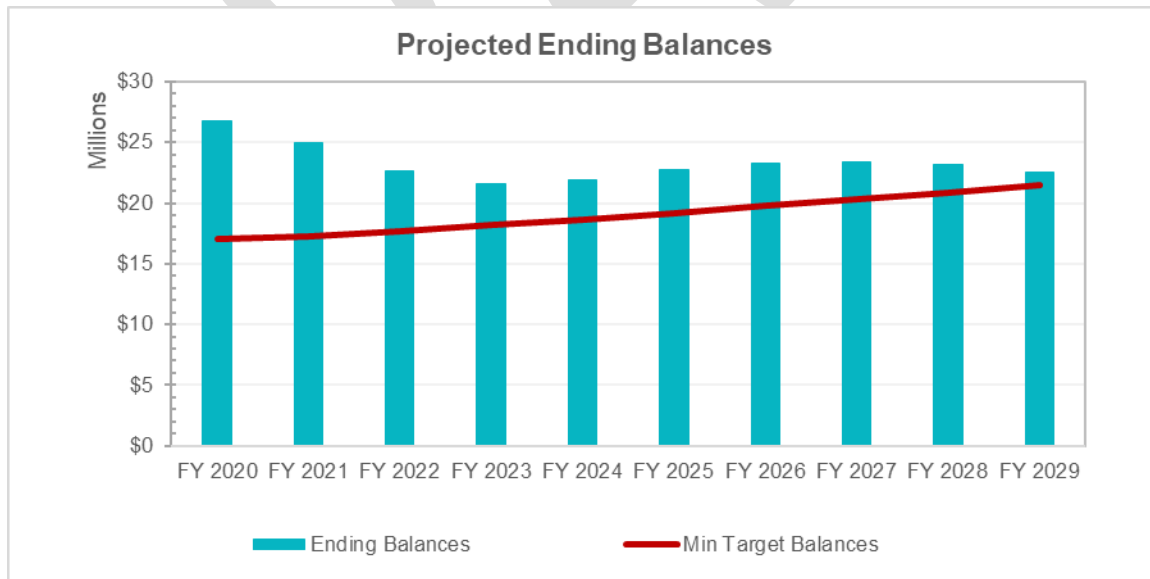


Figure 1-2: Projected Water Fund Ending Balances



1.4 PROPOSED WATER AND RECYCLED WATER RATES

Raftelis performed a cost of service analysis using revenue requirements in FY 2019 in order to calculate fair and equitable rates where users pay proportionally to their cost of providing service. The calculated rates are then increased by the proposed revenue adjustments to determine the proposed

water rates for FY 2020 to FY 2024. A detailed cost of service analysis is included in Sections 6 and 7 of the Report. Table 1-3 and Table 1-4 summarize the proposed Water and RW rates for the next 5 years. Note that the calculated numbers are rounded to the nearest cent.

Table 1-3: Proposed 5-year Water Rates

| | FY 2019 Current Rates | FY 2020 Proposed | FY 2021 Proposed | FY 2022 Proposed | FY 2023 Proposed | FY 2024 Proposed |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Water Services | | | | | | |
| 5/8 | \$17.27 | \$20.35 | \$21.86 | \$23.48 | \$25.22 | \$27.09 |
| 3/4 | \$17.27 | \$20.35 | \$21.86 | \$23.48 | \$25.22 | \$27.09 |
| 1 | \$28.79 | \$31.54 | \$33.88 | \$36.39 | \$39.09 | \$41.99 |
| 1 1/2 | \$57.58 | \$59.47 | \$63.88 | \$68.61 | \$73.69 | \$79.15 |
| 2 | \$92.12 | \$93.00 | \$99.89 | \$107.29 | \$115.23 | \$123.76 |
| 3 | \$172.73 | \$246.68 | \$264.94 | \$284.55 | \$305.61 | \$328.23 |
| 4 | \$287.88 | \$422.71 | \$454.00 | \$487.60 | \$523.69 | \$562.45 |
| 6 | \$575.76 | \$897.73 | \$964.17 | \$1,035.52 | \$1,112.15 | \$1,194.45 |
| 8 | \$921.22 | \$1,568.33 | \$1,684.39 | \$1,809.04 | \$1,942.91 | \$2,086.69 |
| 10 | \$1,655.90 | \$2,350.70 | \$2,524.66 | \$2,711.49 | \$2,912.15 | \$3,127.65 |
| 12 | \$2,663.48 | \$2,965.44 | \$3,184.89 | \$3,420.58 | \$3,673.71 | \$3,945.57 |
| Per Dwelling Unit Charge | | | | | | |
| Residential | \$1.00 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Fire Protection Services | | | | | | |
| 5/8 | \$3.13 | \$10.41 | \$11.19 | \$12.02 | \$12.91 | \$13.87 |
| 1 | \$5.00 | \$10.59 | \$11.38 | \$12.23 | \$13.14 | \$14.12 |
| 1 1/2 | \$7.50 | \$11.07 | \$11.89 | \$12.77 | \$13.72 | \$14.74 |
| 2 | \$10.00 | \$11.87 | \$12.75 | \$13.70 | \$14.72 | \$15.81 |
| 2 1/2 | \$12.50 | \$13.09 | \$14.06 | \$15.11 | \$16.23 | \$17.44 |
| 3 | \$15.00 | \$14.76 | \$15.86 | \$17.04 | \$18.31 | \$19.67 |
| 4 | \$20.00 | \$19.78 | \$21.25 | \$22.83 | \$24.52 | \$26.34 |
| 6 | \$30.00 | \$37.72 | \$40.52 | \$43.52 | \$46.75 | \$50.21 |
| 8 | \$40.00 | \$68.70 | \$73.79 | \$79.26 | \$85.13 | \$91.43 |
| 10 | \$50.00 | \$115.28 | \$123.82 | \$132.99 | \$142.84 | \$153.42 |
| 12 | \$60.00 | \$179.85 | \$193.16 | \$207.46 | \$222.82 | \$239.31 |
| Usage Charges | \$3.08 | \$3.11 | \$3.35 | \$3.60 | \$3.87 | \$4.16 |

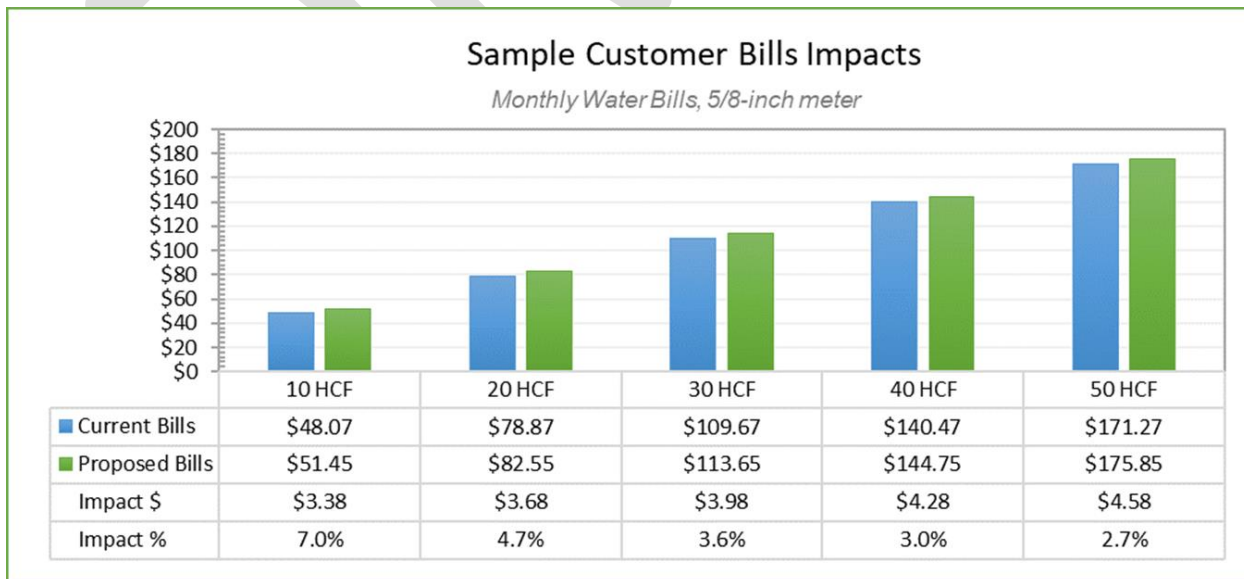
Table 1-4: Proposed 5-year Recycled Water Rates

| RW Services | FY 2019 Current Rates | FY 2020 Proposed | FY 2021 Proposed | FY 2022 Proposed | FY 2023 Proposed | FY 2024 Proposed |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Meter Size | | | | | | |
| 5/8 | \$20.47 | \$10.34 | \$11.11 | \$11.94 | \$12.83 | \$13.78 |
| 3/4 | \$20.47 | \$10.34 | \$11.11 | \$11.94 | \$12.83 | \$13.78 |
| 1 | \$34.13 | \$14.85 | \$15.95 | \$17.14 | \$18.41 | \$19.78 |
| 1 1/2 | \$68.25 | \$26.10 | \$28.04 | \$30.12 | \$32.35 | \$34.75 |
| 2 | \$109.19 | \$39.61 | \$42.55 | \$45.70 | \$49.09 | \$52.73 |
| 3 | \$204.75 | \$101.54 | \$109.06 | \$117.14 | \$125.81 | \$135.12 |
| 4 | \$341.24 | \$172.47 | \$185.24 | \$198.95 | \$213.68 | \$229.50 |
| 6 | \$682.48 | \$363.88 | \$390.81 | \$419.73 | \$450.80 | \$484.16 |
| 8 | \$1,091.97 | \$634.09 | \$681.02 | \$731.42 | \$785.55 | \$843.69 |
| RW Usage Charge | \$1.92 | \$2.05 | \$2.12 | \$2.13 | \$2.21 | \$2.29 |
| Pump Station Charge | \$0.39 | \$0.53 | \$0.57 | \$0.62 | \$0.67 | \$0.72 |

1.5 CUSTOMER IMPACT

Before implementing any rate structure recommendations, it is important to understand how the proposed rate structure will impact the City’s customers. Customer impact analysis is a powerful tool which can be used to assist elected officials in making informed decisions. Figure 1-3 shows under the proposed rates, a typical residential customer with 5/8-inch meters will see approximately a \$3.38 to \$4.58 increase in their monthly water bill with usage ranging from 10 to 50 hundred cubic feet (hcf).

Figure 1-3: Typical Residential Customer Bill Impacts



In summary, the rates calculated in this study for water and recycled water follow industry standard principles of equitable cost-of-service allocations and are thus compliant with Proposition 218. The remainder of this report details the background information utilized by Raftelis in carrying out this study, along with a thorough explanation of the cost-of-service analyses and rate calculations for the City's water and recycled water rates.

DRAFT

2. INTRODUCTION

2.1 BACKGROUND

The City of Newport Beach Utilities Department (City) currently serves a population of over 86,000 within a service area of approximately fifty square miles. It is located on the Pacific Coast of California, in Orange County, and surrounded by Huntington Beach and Costa Mesa to the north, Laguna Beach to the South, and Irvine to the east. The City currently has over 26,200 active connections and delivers approximately 13,500 acre feet (AF) of water per year on average. The City owns and operates three reservoirs: Big Canyon Reservoir (600 AF), Spyglass Hill Reservoir (4.5 AF), and 16th Street Reservoir (9.2 AF).

The Water Division is divided into four sections: Water Maintenance and Repair, Water Production, Water Quality, and Water System Services. Together, the Division is responsible for providing safe and reliable water.

- » **Water Maintenance & Repair** is responsible for the maintenance and operation of the City's water mains and valves that are located underground.
- » **Water Production** operates, maintains, and disinfects the City of Newport Beach's water supply.
- » **Water Quality** manages the water quality testing and state reporting
- » **Water System Services** assists City of Newport Beach customers with any questions regarding water quality, water pressure, consumption usage, any concern with water meters, leak detection, utilities inspections and underground utility locating.

Approximately 75 percent of the City's potable water demand is supplied by Orange County Water District (OCWD) and 25 percent from Municipal Water District of Orange County (MWDOC). The City provides non-potable (recycled) water to seven customers for the purposes of irrigating parks, schools, center medians and golf courses. Recycled water is purchased from OCWD through the Green Acres Project. The current charge for recycled water includes fixed fees and a commodity rate.

The current water rates were developed in the "Water Utility Financial Plan" completed in August 2009. The water rates consist of monthly fixed service charges varied by meter size and a uniform commodity. The City last adopted a 5-year water rate increase in December of 2009 and the last water rate increase was in January of 2014. Government Code 54999.7(c) requires that water agencies must conduct a cost of service study a minimum of every 10 years. In early 2019, the City engaged Raftelis to conduct a Water Rate Study for its water and recycled water services.

The major objectives of the Study include:

- » Development of a 10-year financial plan for Water Enterprise Fund to ensure financial sufficiency for operating and capital obligations.
- » Revision of the current financial policy and recommendations for policy revisions.
- » Cost of service analysis and development of water and recycled water rates that meet Proposition 218 requirements.

- » Development of a 5-year water and recycled water rates schedule
- » Sensitivity and impact analysis on the proposed rates
- » Development of an administrative record that demonstrates the nexus between the City's water costs and rates to meet the requirements of Proposition 218.

This Water Rate Report (Report) summarizes the key findings and results related to the development of the long-term financial plan for the Water Enterprise Fund, development of water and recycled water rates and customer impact analyses for proposed rates.

2.2 KEY INFORMATION USED IN THE STUDY

The Study utilized the following, but not limited to, key information provided by the City:

1. FY 2018 consumption data (July 1, 2017 to June 2018) for all water and recycled water accounts served within the City service area provided on April 25, 2019.
2. FY 2019 and FY 2020 operating budgets for the Water Fund provided on May 14, 2019
3. Estimated average CIP needs for the next 10 years provided in May 2019
4. Updated water asset list provided on August 8, 2019
5. 2019 Water Master Plan retrieved from the City website
6. Current reserve policy provided on March 11, 2019
7. Beginning Water Fund Balances as of July 1, 2018 (FY 2019) and July 1, 2019 (FY 2020) provided on May 20, 2019

3. LEGAL FRAMEWORK AND RATE SETTING METHODOLOGY

3.1 CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION - ARTICLE XIII D, SECTION 6 (PROPOSITION 218)

Proposition 218, reflected in the California Constitution as Article XIII D, was enacted in 1996 to ensure that rates and fees are reasonable and proportional to the cost of providing service. The principal requirements for fairness of the fees, as they relate to public water service, are as follows:

1. A property-related charge (such as water and recycled water rates) imposed by a public agency on a parcel shall not exceed the costs required to provide the property related service.
2. Revenues derived by the charge shall not be used for any purpose other than that for which the charge was imposed.
3. The amount of the charge imposed upon any parcel shall not exceed the proportional cost of service attributable to the parcel.
4. No charge may be imposed for a service unless that service is actually used or immediately available to the owner of property.
5. No fee or charge may be imposed for general governmental services including, but not limited to, police, fire, ambulance or library services, where the service is available to the public at large in substantially the same manner as it is to property owners.
6. A written notice of the proposed charge shall be mailed to the record owner of each parcel at least 45 days prior to the public hearing, when the agency considers all written protests against the charge.

As stated in AWWA's *Principles of Water Rates, Fees, and Charges: Manual of Water Supply Practices M1*, 6th edition (*M1 Manual*), "water rates and charges should be recovered from classes of customers in proportion to the cost of serving those customers." Proposition 218 requires that water rates cannot be "arbitrary and capricious," meaning that the rate-setting methodology must be sound and that there must be a nexus between the costs and the rates charged. This study follows industry standard rate setting methodologies set forth by the *M1 Manual*, adhering to Proposition 218 requirements by developing rates that do not exceed the proportionate cost of providing water services.

3.2 COST-BASED RATE-SETTING METHODOLOGY

As stated in the *M1 Manual*, "the costs of water rates and charges should be recovered from classes of customers in proportion to the cost of serving those customers." To develop utility rates that comply with Proposition 218 and industry standards while meeting other goals and objectives of the utility, Raftelis carries out a detailed analysis in four major steps, as discussed below.

Calculate Revenue Requirement

The rate-making process starts by determining the test year (rate setting year) revenue requirement, which for this study is FY 2019. The revenue requirement should sufficiently fund the utility's O&M, debt service, capital expenses, and target reserve balances based on a long-term financial plan.

Cost of Service Analysis (COS)

The annual cost of providing water service is distributed among customer classes commensurate with their service requirements. A COS analysis involves the following tasks:

1. Functionalize costs. Examples of functions are supply, treatment, transmission, distribution, storage, meter servicing, and customer billing and collection.
2. Allocate functionalized costs to cost causation components. Cost causation components include base, maximum day, maximum hour¹, conservation, public fire protection, meter service, and customer servicing and billing costs.
3. Distribute cost causation components, using unit costs, to rate components and customers in proportion to their demands on the water system capacity. This is described in the M1 Manual published by AWWA.

A COS analysis considers both the average quantity of water consumed (base costs) and the peak rate at which it is consumed (peaking or capacity costs as identified by maximum day and maximum hour demands).² Peaking costs are costs that are incurred during peak times of consumption. There are additional costs associated with designing, constructing, operating and maintaining facilities to meet peak demands. These peak demand costs need to be allocated to those imposing such costs on the utility. In other words, not all customer classes share the same responsibility for peaking related costs.

Rate Design and Calculations

Rates do more than simply recover costs. Within the legal framework and industry standards, properly designed rates should support and optimize a blend of various utility objectives, such as promoting water conservation, affordability for essential needs, and revenue stability among other objectives. Rates may also act as a public information tool in communicating these objectives to customers.

Rate Adoption

Rate adoption is the last step of the rate-making process to comply with Proposition 218. Raftelis documents the rate study results in this report to serve as the utility's administrative record and a public education tool about the proposed changes, the rationale and justifications behind the changes, and their anticipated financial impacts.

¹ Maximum day and maximum hour costs are collectively referred to as peaking costs or capacity costs.

² System capacity is the system's ability to supply water to all delivery points at the time when demanded. Coincident peaking factors are calculated for each customer class at the time of greatest system demand. The time of greatest demand is known as peak demand. Both the operating costs and capital asset related costs incurred to accommodate the peak flows are generally allocated to each customer class based upon the class's relative demands during the peak month, day, and hour event.

4. RESERVE POLICY

4.1 RESERVE POLICY OVERVIEW

A reserve policy is a written document that establishes reserve goals/targets. It provides guidelines for sound financial management with an overall long-range perspective to maintain financial solvency and mitigate financial risks associated with revenue instability, volatile capital costs and emergencies.

Adopting and adhering to a sustainable reserve policy enhances financial management transparency and helps achieve or maintain a certain credit rating for future debt issues. Reserves can offset unanticipated reductions in revenues, offset fluctuations in costs of providing services, and fiscal emergencies such as revenue shortfalls, asset failure, and natural disaster. Capital reserves set funds aside for replacement of capital assets as they age and for new capital projects.

The appropriate amount of reserves and reserve types are determined by a variety of factors, such as the size of the operating budget, the amount of debt, the type of rate structure, frequency of customer billing, and risk of natural disaster. However, reserves tend to fall into the following categories: operations & maintenance (O&M), rate stabilization (for revenue loss), and capital replacement funding.

4.2 CURRENT RESERVE POLICY

The City's current reserve policy (City Council Policy F-2) was last revised and approved on September 25, 2018. The Water Enterprise Fund requires a Stabilization and Contingency Reserve equal to 50 percent of the annual operating budget. This Reserve supports seasonal variations in cash flows and, in more extreme conditions, to maintain operations for a reasonable period of time so the City may reorganize in an orderly manner or effectuate a rate increase to offset sustained cost increases. The intent of the Reserve is to provide funds to offset cost increases that are projected to be short-lived, thereby partially eliminating the volatility in annual rate adjustments. It is not intended to offset ongoing, long-term pricing structure changes. City Council must approve the use of these funds, based on City Manager recommendation. Funds collected in excess of the Stabilization Reserve target would be available to offset future rate adjustments, while extended reserve shortfalls would be recovered from future rate increases. Should catastrophic losses to the infrastructure system occur, the Stabilization and Contingency Reserve may be called upon to avoid disruption to water distribution.

The Infrastructure Replacement Funding Policy is intended to be a temporary repository for cash flows associated with the funding of infrastructure replacement projects provided by the Water Master Plan. The contribution rate is intended to level-amortize the cost of infrastructure replacement projects over a long period. The annual funding rate of the Water Master Plan is targeted at an amount that, when combined with prior or future year contributions, is sufficient to provide for the eventual replacement of assets as scheduled in the plan. This contribution policy is based on the funding requirements of the most current Water Master Plan. There are no minimum or maximum balances contemplated by this funding policy. However, the contributions level should be reviewed periodically or as major updates to the Water Master Plan occur. Annual funding is contingent on many factors and may ultimately involve a combined strategy of cash funding and debt issuance with the intent to normalize the burden on Water customer rates.

4.3 RECOMMENDED REVISION FOR WATER RESERVE POLICY

To enhance financial management transparency and financial risk management, Raftelis recommends the Water Fund to maintain the following reserves:

1. Operating & Maintenance (O&M) Reserve
2. Rate Stabilization Reserve
3. Capital Reserve

4.3.1 O&M Reserve

The purpose of an O&M reserve is to provide working capital to support the operation, maintenance, and administration of the utility. From a risk management perspective, the O&M reserve supports the City's cash flow needs during normal operations and ensures that operations can continue should there be significant events that impact cash flows. As it is unlikely for a utility to perfectly predict the revenues and revenue requirements for each billing period, a reserve set aside to hedge the risk of monthly negative cash positions is prudent in financial planning. Another factor to consider when creating a cash flow reserve is the frequency of billing. A utility that bills once a month would require lower minimum reserves than a utility that bills twice a year.

Raftelis recommends that the City maintain at a minimum 120 days cash on hand (33 percent of annual operating budget) to ensure adequate working capital for operating expenses. The City bills bi-monthly, thus 120 days are the minimum to provide sufficient working capital to account for when expenses occur and revenues are collected. Additionally, this accounts for revenues varying seasonally while expenses remain relatively static.

4.3.2 Rate Stabilization Reserve

While it is not typical for utilities to have substantial rate increases in a short period of time, factors such as declining water sales and an unexpected increase in short-term O&M expenses may result in large rate increases. The intent of the reserve is to provide funds to offset a net loss in revenues that is projected to be short-lived, thereby partially eliminating the volatility in annual rate adjustments. It is not intended to offset ongoing, long-term pricing structure changes.

Table 4-1 summarizes the calculation to estimate the minimum Rate Stabilization reserve target. In the most recent drought in 2016, the City was mandated to reduce annual water usage by 30 percent. The Rate Stabilization reserve is intended to mitigate the impact of a similar event. Using the current FY 2019 values, the cost of a 30% reduction is \$2.7M. Raftelis recommends increasing this reserve target by the projected non-water supply cost increase of approximately 3.2% per year.

Table 4-1: Rate Stabilization Reserve Target Estimate

| | | FY 2019 | Notes |
|---|--|----------------|------------------------|
| 1 | Current Water Rates | \$3.08 per HCF | |
| 2 | Current purchased water unit cost | \$1.54 per HCF | |
| 3 | Net revenue loss | \$1.54 per HCF | [1] - [2] |
| 4 | Current water sales | 5,905,925 HCF | |
| 5 | % Usage Reduction to Mitigate | 30% | |
| 6 | Rate Stabilization Reserve Minimum Target | \$2.7M | [3] x [4] x [5] |

4.3.3 Capital Reserve

Adequate and timely capital replacement planning is a critical task to ensure reliability and sustainability of the water system. Capital reserves are used to provide funding for capital expenditures due to the capital-intensive nature of the water system. The estimated 5-year average CIP based on the 2019 Master Plan is \$7.2M. Working closely with City Staff and City Council, Raftelis recommends the Capital Reserve to be at least maintained at 75 percent of the 5-year average CIP.

4.3.4 Recommended Total Reserve Targets

Combining the three reserve components for the Water Fund described in Sections 4.3.1, 4.3.2 and 4.3.3 above and the projected O&M expenses (see Section 5.4), Table 4-2 summarizes the Water Fund minimum reserve target by the component for FY 2019 to FY 2022

Table 4-2: Water Fund Projected Minimum Reserve Targets

| Target Reserves | | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Operations & Maintenance | 33% of annual operating expenses | \$8,326,572 | \$8,903,507 | \$9,043,914 | \$9,427,501 |
| Capital | 75% of 5-year average CIP | \$5,708,400 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 |
| Rate Stabilization | \$2,700,000 | \$2,700,000 | \$2,700,000 | \$2,786,914 | \$2,876,809 |
| Total Target Reserve | | \$16,734,972 | \$17,003,507 | \$17,230,828 | \$17,704,310 |

5. FINANCIAL PLAN

The Financial Plan provides ten-year financial projections for the Water Enterprise Fund based on projected revenues, operations & maintenance (O&M) expenses, capital improvement plan (CIP) funding, and debt service payments. The primary results of the Financial Plan include a cashflow summary and the rate revenue requirement, the latter being the key factor driving rate development. The following subsections describe the functionality of various Financial Plan components. The ten-year Financial Plan timeframe spans from fiscal year (FY) 2020 through FY 2029.

5.1 FINANCIAL PLAN ASSUMPTIONS

Raftelis worked closely with City Staff to define the assumptions used to forecast revenues and expenses in the financial plan using combination of historical actuals, projections, and other historical cost inflation indices, such as the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Table 5-1 lists the annual inflation factors for each of the City’s cost categories, including O&M, capital, and water supply costs. City Staff estimated the fixed water supply cost escalation factors for Orange County Water District (OCWD) and Municipal Water District of Orange County (MWDOC). They additionally provided unit water supply costs from OCWD and MWDOC. Note that the City does not have any outstanding bonds and does not plan to issue any new debt during the study period.

Table 5-1: Inflationary Assumptions

| Escalation Factors | Annual FY 2021 – FY 2029 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| General | 3.0% |
| Salary | 3.0% |
| Benefits | 5.0% |
| Chemicals | 2.0% |
| Utilities | 5.0% |
| Water Supply Fixed Cost (OCWD) | 7.0% |
| Water Supply Fixed Cost (MWDOC) | 2.5% |
| RW Cost | 5.0% |
| Non-Rate Revenues | 2.0% |
| Reserve Interest Rate | 1.0% |
| Capital | 0.0% |

The City’s water system is currently built out, so we do not assume any change in number of accounts over the study period. With input from City Staff, Raftelis assumed water sales would remain 13,558 AF for the entire Study period.

5.2 REVENUES UNDER CURRENT RATES

The current water rates consist of monthly fixed service charges by meter size and a uniform commodity rate. Table 5-2 shows the current water monthly fixed charges and number of water meters. The City also currently charges multi-family residential customers \$1.00 per dwelling unit each month. The total meters of each meter size are multiplied by the current rate for that meter. Likewise, the dwelling unit charges are multiplied by the total dwelling units.

Table 5-3 calculates the total water usage revenue. As mentioned above, this usage will remain the same for the entire study period as the service area is built out and the City does not expect customer usage patterns to change significantly. This usage is multiplied by the water usage rate to arrive at total sales revenue.

Table 5-4 summarizes the current fixed charges for fire protection meters and projected fire protection revenues.

Recycled Water (RW) is currently assessed its own monthly fixed meter charge and uniform usage rate as shown in Table 5-5. Total revenues from current RW rates are also calculated using the number of RW meters, current fixed charges, the RW usage charge, RW pump station charges and projected corresponding RW Sales. RW usage rates will be 100 percent pass-through from OCWD.

Table 5-2: Current Water Monthly Fixed Charges and Number of Water Meters

| Meter Size | Current Rates | Current Total Water Meters ³ |
|---|---------------|---|
| 5/8 | \$17.27 | 16,545 |
| 3/4 | \$17.27 | 4 |
| 1 | \$28.79 | 7,585 |
| 1 1/2 | \$57.58 | 551 |
| 2 | \$92.12 | 1,430 |
| 3 | \$172.73 | 32 |
| 4 | \$287.88 | 51 |
| 6 | \$575.76 | 15 |
| 8 | \$921.22 | 8 |
| 10 | \$1,655.90 | 0 |
| 12 | \$2,663.48 | 1 |
| Total Water Meters | | 26,222 |
| Per Dwelling Unit Charge⁴ | | |
| Residential | \$1.00 | 11,861 |
| Projected Revenues | | \$8,620,463 |

³ Including City meters, City Sprinkler, Commercial, SFR, MFR, Sprinklers, Boat docks and Pools meters

⁴ The per dwelling unit charge applied to account with more than 1 dwelling unit served by the meter.

Table 5-3: Current Water Usage and Projected Water Sales

| Line No. | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Current Potable Water Rate | \$3.08 per HCF |
| 2 | Projected Water Sales | 5,905,925 HCF (13,558 AF) |
| 3 = 1 * 2 | Total Water Rate Revenues | \$18,065,274 |

Table 5-4: Current Fire Protection Monthly Fixed Charges and Number of Meters

| Meter Size | Current Total Fire Protection Meters | Current Fire Protection Charges |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5/8 | 6 | \$3.13 |
| 1 | 10 | \$5.00 |
| 1 1/2 | 0 | \$7.50 |
| 2 | 20 | \$10.00 |
| 2 1/2 | 2 | \$12.50 |
| 3 | 1 | \$15.00 |
| 4 | 181 | \$20.00 |
| 6 | 157 | \$30.00 |
| 8 | 83 | \$40.00 |
| 10 | 2 | \$50.00 |
| 12 | 0 | \$60.00 |
| Total Fire Protection Meters | 462 | \$144,705 |

Table 5-5: Current RW Rates Revenues

| Meter Size | Current RW Meters / Usage | Current RW Rates ⁵ |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 5/8 | 0 | \$20.47 |
| 3/4 | 0 | \$20.47 |
| 1 | 0 | \$34.13 |
| 1 1/2 | 0 | \$68.25 |
| 2 | 10 | \$109.19 |
| 3 | 3 | \$204.75 |
| 4 | 2 | \$341.24 |
| 6 | 1 | \$682.48 |
| 8 | 2 | \$1,091.97 |
| Total RW Meters | 18 | \$63,061 |
| RW Usage | 247,804 HCF | \$1.92 per HCF |
| RW Usage Revenues | | \$475,784 |
| RW Pump Station Charge | 208,262 HCF | \$0.39 per HCF |
| RW Pump Station Rev | | \$81,222 |
| Total RW Revenues | | \$620,066 |

⁵ The revenues calculated took into account the prorates of the prior and the new rates were effective on February 2019

Table 5-6 summarizes the revenues from current rates calculated in Table 5-2, Table 5-3, Table 5-4, and Table 5-5. It also compares the calculated revenues with budgeted revenues for FY 2019 and FY 2020. To match with official documents, the financial plan will use the revenues reported in the budget document for FY 2019 and FY 2020. Starting FY 2021 to FY 2029, the financial plan will use the calculated values. Starting FY 2021, RW usage revenues will match RW pass-through supply costs.

Table 5-6: Revenues from Current Rates Summary

| Revenue from Current Rates | Calculated Revenues FY 2020 – FY 2029 | FY 2019 Budget | FY 2020 Budget |
|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Water Revenues | | | |
| Water Services | \$8,620,463 | \$8,120,000 | \$8,240,000 |
| Water Usage | \$18,065,274 | \$18,020,000 | \$19,157,197 |
| Fire Protection | \$144,705 | \$90,000 | \$125,000 |
| Sale of RW | | | |
| RW Services | \$63,061 | | |
| RW Pump Station Charges | \$81,222 | \$142,623 | \$144,283 |
| RW Pass-through Usage | \$475,784 | \$375,000 | \$425,000 |
| Total Revenues, excl. RW Pass-through Usage | \$26,974,725 | \$26,372,623 | \$27,666,480 |

5.3 OTHER REVENUES

Table 5-7 summarizes the revenues from current rates, RW pass-through revenues, and other revenues. The recently approved Federal WaterSMART Water and Energy Efficiency Grant of \$1.5 million for Advance Metering Infrastructure (AMI) is included in the other operating revenues, assumed to be received in FY 2021 as a one-time grant. The other operating revenues includes Laguna Beach County Water District reimbursement, meter turn on charges, connection charges, water use construction, and delinquency penalty along with other miscellaneous revenues. The non-operating revenues include investment income (i.e. interest incomes) and other miscellaneous non-operating revenues such as sale of scrap materials.

Table 5-7: Projected Revenues for Water Fund (no Revenue Adjustments)

| Water Fund Proforma | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | <i>Est. Actual</i> | <i>Budget</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues from Current Rates | \$26,372,623 | \$27,666,480 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 |
| Sale of Water Reclaimed | \$375,000 | \$425,000 | \$524,399 | \$526,740 | \$546,640 | \$567,709 | \$589,949 | \$619,447 | \$650,419 | \$682,940 | \$717,087 |
| Other Operating Revenues | \$402,653 | \$427,653 | \$1,927,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 |
| Non-Operating Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | \$253,369 | \$284,380 | \$232,865 | \$169,889 | \$87,164 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Other Non-Operating Revenues | \$22,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | \$27,425,645 | \$28,813,513 | \$29,669,642 | \$28,109,007 | \$28,046,181 | \$27,980,087 | \$28,002,327 | \$28,031,824 | \$28,062,797 | \$28,095,318 | \$28,129,465 |

5.4 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE (O&M) EXPENSES

5.4.1 Purchased Water Supply Costs

Approximately 75 percent of the City’s potable water demand is supplied by OCWD and 25 percent from MWDOC. Based on 2018 water consumption, 54.6 percent of water is consumed between July to December and 45.4 percent between January to June. Table 5-8 shows the water supply sources used to meet the projected water sales and assumed 8.75% water loss (estimated by City Staff). Table 5-9 details the projected fixed water supply costs and unit water supply costs from OCWD and MWDOC, as estimated and provided by City Staff. For the purpose of the financial plan, the water supply costs for FY 2019 and FY 2020 are using the budgeted values. The financial plan will use the calculated water supply costs starting FY 2021.

Table 5-8: Projected Water Sales and Water Purchases by Water Supply Sources

| | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Water Sales | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF | 13,558 AF |
| Water Loss | 8.75% | 8.75% | 8.75% | 8.75% | 8.75% | 8.75% | 8.75% | 8.75% | 8.75% | 8.75% | 8.75% |
| Water Demand | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF | 14,858 AF |
| Basin Pumping % | 75% | 75% | 75% | 75% | 75% | 75% | 75% | 75% | 75% | 75% | 75% |
| OCWD | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF |
| MWDOC | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF | 3,715 AF |
| <i>Jul-Dec</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> | <i>2,028 AF</i> |
| <i>Jan-Jun</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> | <i>1,687 AF</i> |

Table 5-9: Projected Water Supply (WS) Costs

| | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| OCWD Fixed Cost | \$1,190,004 | \$1,273,304 | \$1,362,436 | \$1,457,806 | \$1,559,852 | \$1,669,042 | \$1,785,875 | \$1,910,886 | \$2,044,648 | \$2,187,774 | \$2,340,918 |
| OCWD Unit Rate (\$/AF) | \$462 | \$487 | \$525 | \$551 | \$579 | \$608 | \$638 | \$670 | \$704 | \$739 | \$776 |
| OCWD Purchase (AF) | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF | 11,144 AF |
| OCWD Variable Cost | \$5,148,378 | \$5,426,970 | \$5,850,429 | \$6,142,951 | \$6,450,098 | \$6,772,603 | \$7,111,233 | \$7,466,795 | \$7,840,135 | \$8,232,142 | \$8,643,749 |
| OCWD Water Cost | \$6,338,382 | \$6,700,274 | \$7,212,865 | \$7,600,757 | \$8,009,951 | \$8,441,645 | \$8,897,109 | \$9,377,681 | \$9,884,783 | \$10,419,915 | \$10,984,667 |
| Budgeted OCWD Cost | \$6,400,000 | \$7,100,000 | | | | | | | | | |
| MWDOC Fixed Cost | \$615,730 | \$631,123 | \$646,901 | \$663,074 | \$679,651 | \$696,642 | \$714,058 | \$731,909 | \$750,207 | \$768,962 | \$788,186 |
| MWDOC Unit Rate | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Jul-Dec</i> | \$1,015 | \$1,051 | \$1,087 | \$1,175 | \$1,234 | \$1,295 | \$1,360 | \$1,428 | \$1,500 | \$1,575 | \$1,653 |
| <i>Jan-Jun</i> | \$1,051 | \$1,087 | \$1,175 | \$1,234 | \$1,295 | \$1,360 | \$1,428 | \$1,500 | \$1,575 | \$1,653 | \$1,736 |
| MWDOC Purchase (AF) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Jul-Dec</i> | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF | 2,028 AF |
| <i>Jan-Jun</i> | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF | 1,687 AF |
| MWDOC Variable Cost | \$3,830,997 | \$3,964,721 | \$4,186,068 | \$4,463,508 | \$4,686,683 | \$4,921,018 | \$5,167,068 | \$5,425,422 | \$5,696,693 | \$5,981,528 | \$6,280,604 |
| MWDOC Water Cost | \$4,446,727 | \$4,595,844 | \$4,832,969 | \$5,126,582 | \$5,366,334 | \$5,617,660 | \$5,881,126 | \$6,157,331 | \$6,446,900 | \$6,750,490 | \$7,068,790 |
| Budgeted MWDOC Cost | \$4,900,000 | \$5,000,000 | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed WS Cost | \$1,805,734 | \$1,904,427 | \$2,009,337 | \$2,120,880 | \$2,239,503 | \$2,365,684 | \$2,499,933 | \$2,642,796 | \$2,794,856 | \$2,956,736 | \$3,129,104 |
| Variable WS Cost | \$8,979,375 | \$9,391,691 | \$10,036,497 | \$10,606,459 | \$11,136,782 | \$11,693,621 | \$12,278,302 | \$12,892,217 | \$13,536,828 | \$14,213,669 | \$14,924,353 |
| Potable Water Supply | \$10,785,109 | \$11,296,118 | \$12,045,834 | \$12,727,339 | \$13,376,285 | \$14,059,305 | \$14,778,235 | \$15,535,013 | \$16,331,683 | \$17,170,405 | \$18,053,457 |

The City provides recycled water to seven customers for the purposes of irrigating parks, schools, center medians and golf courses. Recycled water is purchased from OCWD through the Green Acres Project. The RW supply costs, as projected by City Staff and shown in Table 5-10, are 100% pass-through from OCWD (provided by OCWD on April 16, 2019 up to FY 2025, and forecast by 5% inflationary factors) and collected via the RW water supply usage charges.

Table 5-10: Projected RW Supply Costs, pass-through from OCWD

| | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| RW Sales | 569 AF | 569 AF | 569 AF | 569 AF | 569 AF | 569 AF | 569 AF | 569 AF | 569 AF | 569 AF | 569 AF |
| RW Loss | 2.80% | 2.80% | 2.80% | 2.80% | 2.80% | 2.80% | 2.80% | 2.80% | 2.80% | 2.80% | 2.80% |
| RW Purchase | 585 AF | 585 AF | 585 AF | 585 AF | 585 AF | 585 AF | 585 AF | 585 AF | 585 AF | 585 AF | 585 AF |
| RW Supply Unit Costs | \$838/AF | \$867/AF | \$896/AF | \$900/AF | \$934/AF | \$970/AF | \$1,008/AF | \$1,058/AF | \$1,111/AF | \$1,167/AF | \$1,225/AF |
| RW Supply Costs | \$490,454 | \$507,427 | \$524,399 | \$526,740 | \$546,640 | \$567,709 | \$589,949 | \$619,447 | \$650,419 | \$682,940 | \$717,087 |
| RW Unit Rate (\$/HCF) | \$1.98 | \$2.05 | \$2.12 | \$2.13 | \$2.21 | \$2.29 | \$2.38 | \$2.50 | \$2.62 | \$2.76 | \$2.89 |

5.4.2 Projected O&M Expenses

Table 5-11 restates the potable water supply costs (from Table 5-9, except water supply costs for FY 2019 and FY 2020 are based on approved budget) and RW supply costs (Table 5-10) and the budgeted and projected O&M expenses using the inflation factors assumed in Table 5-1. In Table 5-9, FY 2019 and FY 2020 columns represent staff's cost estimate calculations for projected water supply costs, comparing groundwater vs. imported water costs. This differs from the FY 2019 and FY 2020 columns on Table 5-11 as they represent the final approved budget which includes additional budget capacity for additional water consumption. Please refer to Appendix 1 for details on O&M expenses and escalation factors used for each line item.

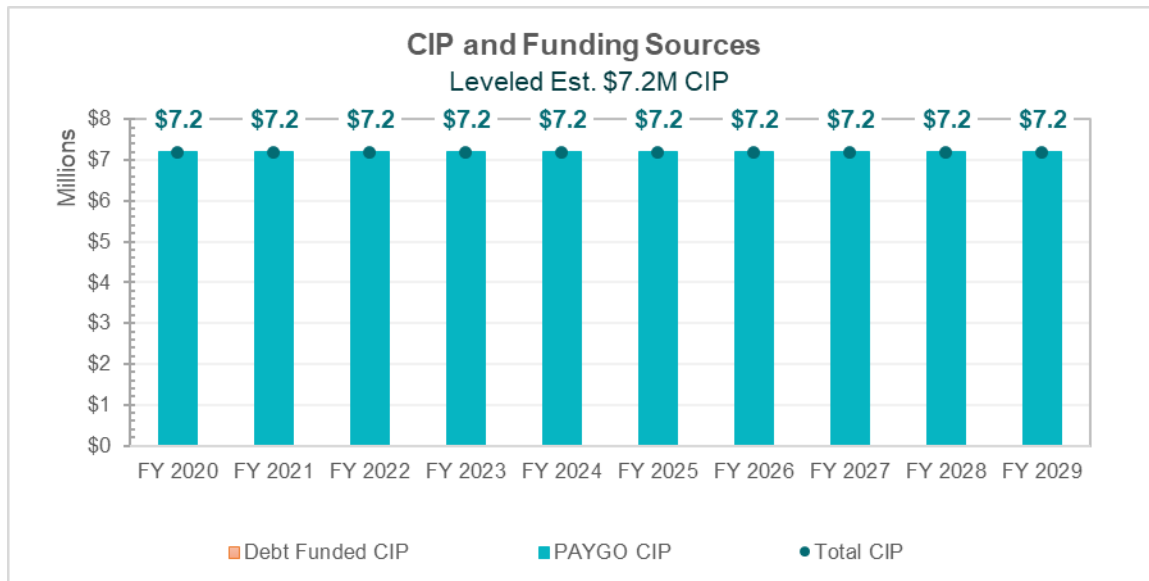
Table 5-11: Projected Water O&M Expenses

| Expenses Used For Cash Flows | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | <i>Est. Actual</i> | <i>Budget</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> |
| Potable WS Costs | \$11,300,000 | \$12,100,000 | \$12,045,834 | \$12,727,339 | \$13,376,285 | \$14,059,305 | \$14,778,235 | \$15,535,013 | \$16,331,683 | \$17,170,405 | \$18,053,457 |
| Fixed Potable WS Costs | \$1,805,734 | \$1,904,427 | \$2,009,337 | \$2,120,880 | \$2,239,503 | \$2,365,684 | \$2,499,933 | \$2,642,796 | \$2,794,856 | \$2,956,736 | \$3,129,104 |
| Variable Potable WS Costs | \$9,494,266 | \$10,195,573 | \$10,036,497 | \$10,606,459 | \$11,136,782 | \$11,693,621 | \$12,278,302 | \$12,892,217 | \$13,536,828 | \$14,213,669 | \$14,924,353 |
| RW Supply Costs | \$490,454 | \$507,427 | \$524,399 | \$526,740 | \$546,640 | \$567,709 | \$589,949 | \$619,447 | \$650,419 | \$682,940 | \$717,087 |
| Salaries & Benefits | \$5,443,440 | \$5,596,886 | \$5,771,169 | \$5,951,182 | \$6,137,126 | \$6,329,204 | \$6,527,631 | \$6,732,626 | \$6,944,418 | \$7,163,244 | \$7,389,349 |
| Other Operating Expenses | \$3,313,775 | \$3,475,373 | \$3,608,578 | \$3,747,267 | \$3,891,683 | \$4,042,074 | \$4,198,703 | \$4,361,845 | \$4,531,787 | \$4,708,829 | \$4,893,284 |
| Conservation Program | \$422,422 | \$420,618 | \$433,237 | \$446,234 | \$459,621 | \$473,409 | \$487,612 | \$502,240 | \$517,307 | \$532,826 | \$548,811 |
| Meter Related | \$1,009,927 | \$705,887 | \$727,064 | \$748,876 | \$771,342 | \$794,482 | \$818,316 | \$842,866 | \$868,152 | \$894,197 | \$921,022 |
| Gen & Admin | \$2,888,304 | \$3,669,933 | \$3,776,193 | \$3,885,641 | \$3,998,372 | \$4,114,486 | \$4,234,082 | \$4,357,267 | \$4,484,147 | \$4,614,834 | \$4,749,441 |
| Capital / Equip Expenses | \$14,154 | \$144,154 | \$148,479 | \$152,933 | \$157,521 | \$162,247 | \$167,114 | \$172,127 | \$177,291 | \$182,610 | \$188,088 |
| AP & CC Adjustments in Sales of Potable Water Rev | \$349,560 | \$360,047 | \$370,848 | \$381,974 | \$393,433 | \$405,236 | \$417,393 | \$429,915 | \$442,812 | \$456,097 | \$469,779 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | \$25,232,035 | \$26,980,324 | \$27,405,799 | \$28,568,185 | \$29,732,021 | \$30,948,151 | \$32,219,036 | \$33,553,346 | \$34,948,017 | \$36,405,982 | \$37,930,320 |

5.5 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN (CIP) FUNDING

Provided by the City Staff, the average annual Master Plan CIP of \$7.2M was utilized for the Financial Plan (Figure 5-1). No escalation factor was used for the projected annual CIP funding.

Figure 5-1: Estimated Annual CIP Funding



5.6 STATUS QUO FINANCIAL PLAN

Under the status-quo scenario, which does not include revenue adjustments, revenues generated from rates and other miscellaneous revenues (Table 5-7) are inadequate to sufficiently recover the expenses of the Water Fund (Table 5-11) and capital funding (Figure 5-1).

In Figure 5-2, the line represents the projected revenues from current rates without any adjustment. The stacked bars represent the expenditures, such as potable water supply (light blue), recycled water (purple), other O&M expenses (green), and PAYGO CIP (teal). The red bars below the axis signify that the collected revenues are insufficient for operating and capital costs in those years and require drawing on the current Water Fund balances. The current water revenues are insufficient to recover operating and capital costs in all years; thus certain revenue adjustments are warranted. Figure 5-3 shows the forecasted Water Fund ending balances (teal bars) after incorporating the current revenues and expenses (shown in Figure 5-2) and the estimated Water Fund beginning balance as of July 1, 2019. The red line in Figure 5-3 is the recommended minimum target balance. In addition, Water Fund is unable to meet its target balances starting FY 2022. Table 5-12 summarizes numerically the Water Financial Plan under Status Quo scenario.

Figure 5-2: Status Quo Water Financial Plan

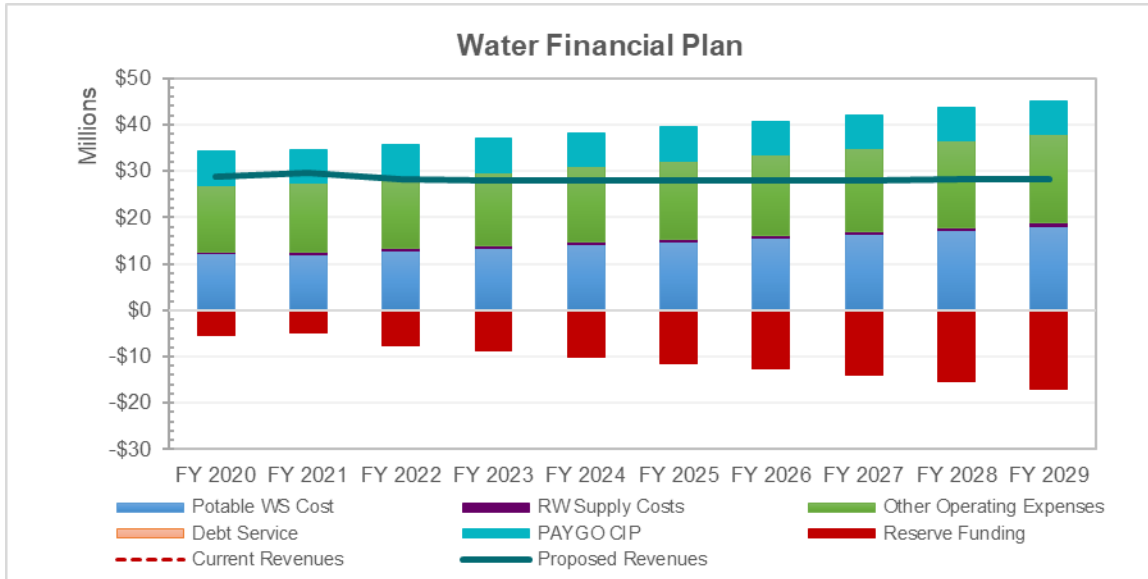


Figure 5-3: Projected Water Fund Ending Balance without Revenue Adjustments

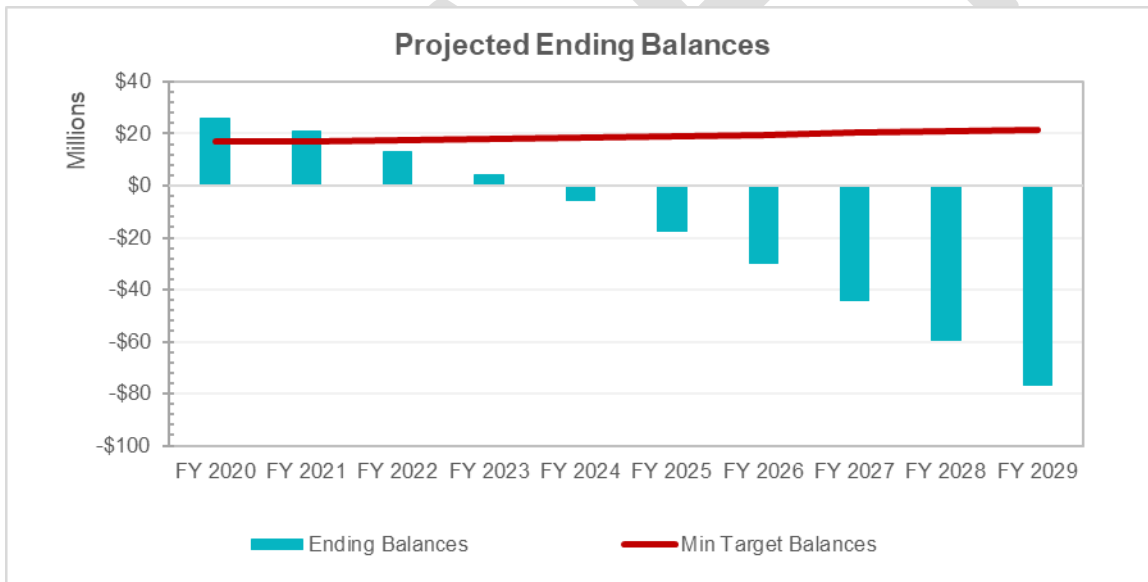


Table 5-12: Status Quo Water Financial Plan

| Water Fund Proforma | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | <i>Est. Actual</i> | <i>Budget</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> | <i>Projected</i> |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues from Current Rates | \$26,372,623 | \$27,666,480 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 |
| Sale of Water Reclaimed | \$375,000 | \$425,000 | \$524,399 | \$526,740 | \$546,640 | \$567,709 | \$589,949 | \$619,447 | \$650,419 | \$682,940 | \$717,087 |
| Other Operating Revenues | \$402,653 | \$427,653 | \$1,927,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 |
| Non-Operating Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | \$253,369 | \$284,380 | \$232,865 | \$169,889 | \$87,164 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Other Non-Operating Revenues | \$22,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | \$27,425,645 | \$28,813,513 | \$29,669,642 | \$28,109,007 | \$28,046,181 | \$27,980,087 | \$28,002,327 | \$28,031,824 | \$28,062,797 | \$28,095,318 | \$28,129,465 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed Potable WS Costs | \$1,805,734 | \$1,904,427 | \$2,009,337 | \$2,120,880 | \$2,239,503 | \$2,365,684 | \$2,499,933 | \$2,642,796 | \$2,794,856 | \$2,956,736 | \$3,129,104 |
| Variable Potable WS Costs | \$9,494,266 | \$10,195,573 | \$10,036,497 | \$10,606,459 | \$11,136,782 | \$11,693,621 | \$12,278,302 | \$12,892,217 | \$13,536,828 | \$14,213,669 | \$14,924,353 |
| RW Supply Costs | \$490,454 | \$507,427 | \$524,399 | \$526,740 | \$546,640 | \$567,709 | \$589,949 | \$619,447 | \$650,419 | \$682,940 | \$717,087 |
| Salaries & Benefits | \$5,443,440 | \$5,596,886 | \$5,771,169 | \$5,951,182 | \$6,137,126 | \$6,329,204 | \$6,527,631 | \$6,732,626 | \$6,944,418 | \$7,163,244 | \$7,389,349 |
| Other Operating Expenses | \$3,313,775 | \$3,475,373 | \$3,608,578 | \$3,747,267 | \$3,891,683 | \$4,042,074 | \$4,198,703 | \$4,361,845 | \$4,531,787 | \$4,708,829 | \$4,893,284 |
| Conservation Program | \$422,422 | \$420,618 | \$433,237 | \$446,234 | \$459,621 | \$473,409 | \$487,612 | \$502,240 | \$517,307 | \$532,826 | \$548,811 |
| Meter Related | \$1,009,927 | \$705,887 | \$727,064 | \$748,876 | \$771,342 | \$794,482 | \$818,316 | \$842,866 | \$868,152 | \$894,197 | \$921,022 |
| Gen & Admin | \$2,888,304 | \$3,669,933 | \$3,776,193 | \$3,885,641 | \$3,998,372 | \$4,114,486 | \$4,234,082 | \$4,357,267 | \$4,484,147 | \$4,614,834 | \$4,749,441 |
| Capital / Equip Expenses | \$14,154 | \$144,154 | \$148,479 | \$152,933 | \$157,521 | \$162,247 | \$167,114 | \$172,127 | \$177,291 | \$182,610 | \$188,088 |
| AP & CC Adjustments in Sales of Potable Water Rev | \$349,560 | \$360,047 | \$370,848 | \$381,974 | \$393,433 | \$405,236 | \$417,393 | \$429,915 | \$442,812 | \$456,097 | \$469,779 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | \$25,232,035 | \$26,980,324 | \$27,405,799 | \$28,568,185 | \$29,732,021 | \$30,948,151 | \$32,219,036 | \$33,553,346 | \$34,948,017 | \$36,405,982 | \$37,930,320 |
| NET REVENUES | \$2,193,610 | \$1,833,189 | \$2,263,843 | -\$459,179 | -\$1,685,840 | -\$2,968,065 | -\$4,216,709 | -\$5,521,521 | -\$6,885,221 | -\$8,310,664 | -\$9,800,855 |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total CIP Expenditures | \$9,256,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 |
| NET CASH CHANGES | -\$7,062,390 | -\$5,366,811 | -\$4,936,157 | -\$7,659,179 | -\$8,885,840 | -\$10,168,065 | -\$11,416,709 | -\$12,721,521 | -\$14,085,221 | -\$15,510,664 | -\$17,000,855 |
| BEGINNING BALANCES | | \$31,121,429 | \$25,754,618 | \$20,818,461 | \$13,159,283 | \$4,273,442 | -\$5,894,622 | -\$17,311,331 | -\$30,032,852 | -\$44,118,073 | -\$59,628,737 |
| ENDING BALANCES | | \$25,754,618 | \$20,818,461 | \$13,159,283 | \$4,273,442 | -\$5,894,622 | -\$17,311,331 | -\$30,032,852 | -\$44,118,073 | -\$59,628,737 | -\$76,629,592 |
| Target Reserves | | \$17,003,507 | \$17,230,828 | \$17,704,311 | \$18,181,362 | \$18,678,874 | \$19,197,774 | \$19,741,047 | \$20,307,807 | \$20,899,153 | \$21,516,238 |
| O&M 33% of operating expenses | | \$8,903,507 | \$9,043,914 | \$9,427,501 | \$9,811,567 | \$10,212,890 | \$10,632,282 | \$11,072,604 | \$11,532,846 | \$12,013,974 | \$12,517,006 |
| Capital 75% of 5-year average CIP | | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 |
| Rate Stabilization \$2,700,000 | | \$2,700,000 | \$2,786,914 | \$2,876,809 | \$2,969,795 | \$3,065,984 | \$3,165,492 | \$3,268,443 | \$3,374,961 | \$3,485,179 | \$3,599,232 |

5.7 PROPOSED FINANCIAL PLAN

One of the Study’s major objectives is to develop a long-term financial plan ensuring financial sufficiency for the Water Fund’s projected operating and capital obligations. Raftelis developed a 10-year Financial Plan Model incorporating the known and forecasted cost increases for operating and capital expenditures. The results were presented and discussed with the Finance Committee and City Council. The proposed revenue adjustments for the Water Fund are shown in Table 5-13 below. The adjustments account for the recent approval of the Federal WaterSMART Water and Energy Efficiency Grant in the amount of \$1.5 million for Advance Metering Infrastructure (AMI) along with other forecasts.

Table 5-13: Proposed Water Revenue Adjustments

| Water Fund | Revenue Adjustments |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| FY 2020 – FY 2024 | 7.4% per year |
| FY 2025 – FY 2029 | 2.5% per year |

With the proposed revenue adjustments, the Water Financial Plan is summarized in the Figures below. In Figure 5-4, the dashed red line is the projected revenues from current rates without any adjustment, green line represents the projected revenues with the proposed revenue adjustments shown in Table 5-13. The stacked bars represent the expenditures, such as potable water supply (light blue), recycled water (purple), other O&M expenses (green), and PAYGO CIP (teal). The red bars below the axis in FY 2020 to FY 2023 and FY 2028 to FY 2029 signify that the collected revenues are insufficient for operating and capital costs in those years and require drawing on the current Water Fund balances. The current water revenues (red line) are insufficient to recover operating and capital costs in all years, thus revenue adjustments are warranted. Figure 5-5 shows the forecasted Water Fund ending balances (teal bars) after incorporating the revenues with proposed revenue adjustments and projected expenses (shown in Figure 5-4) and the estimated Water Fund beginning balance as of July 1, 2019.

Figure 5-4: Water Financial Plan

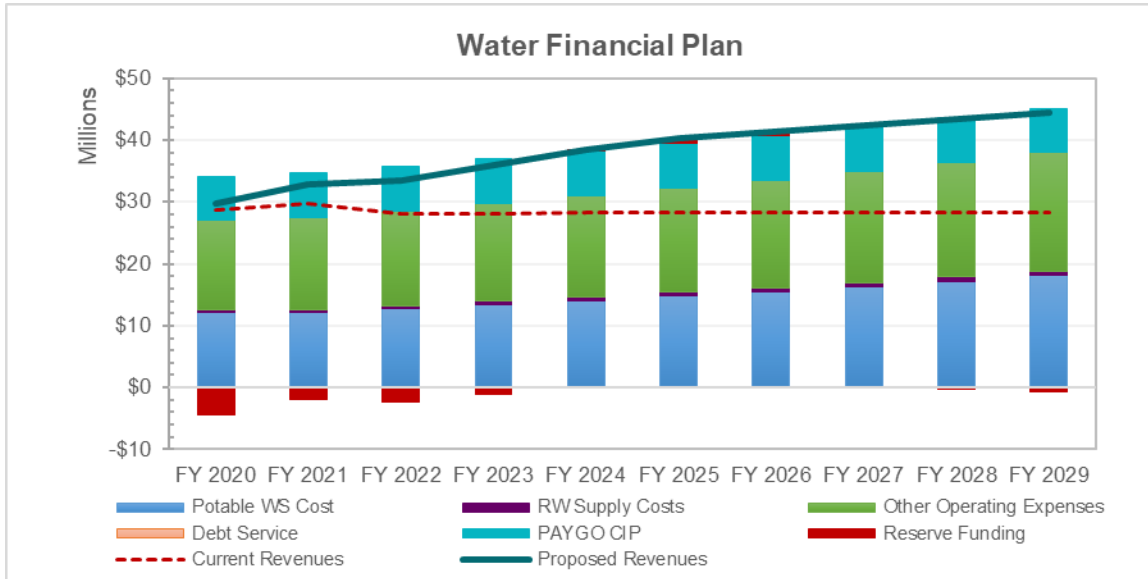


Figure 5-5: Projected Water Fund Ending Balances

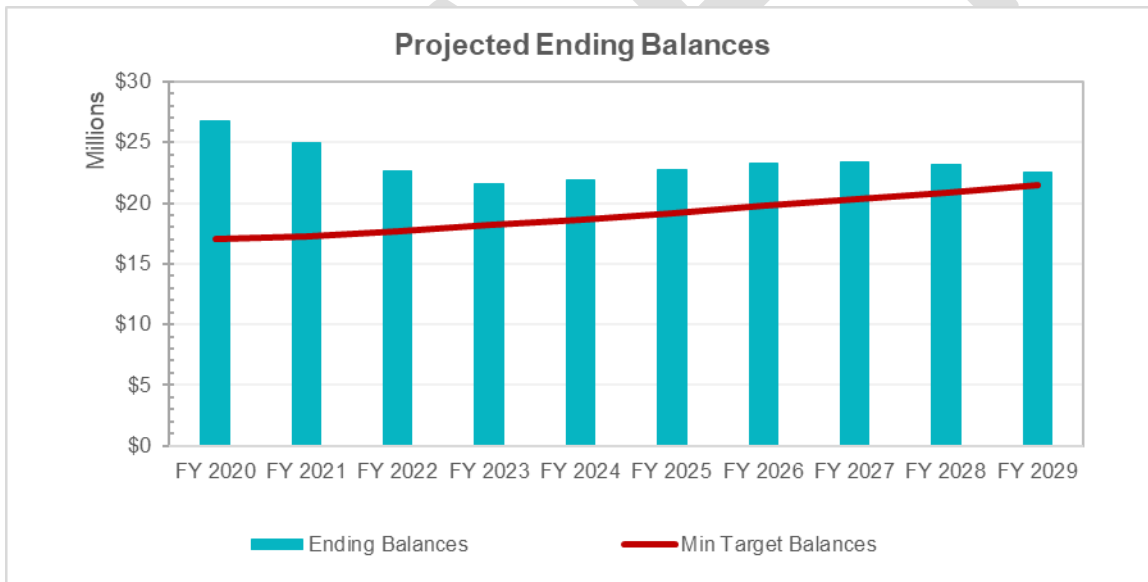


Table 5-14 details numerically the proposed financial plan, incorporating all the projections on revenues generated from rates and other miscellaneous revenues (Table 5-7), proposed revenue adjustments (Table 5-13), expenses of the Water Fund (Table 5-11) and capital funding (Figure 5-1). In the first 4 years, the City will continue to draw on reserves to fund its increased capital funding. Starting FY 2024, the City will start to have positive cash flows to maintain its reserves slightly above the recommended minimum target balances. Raftelis recommends the City review its financial plan annually and conduct comprehensive rate study every 5 years to update with more relevant data.

Table 5-14: Proposed Water Financial Plan

| Water Fund Proforma | | | | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 | |
|--|-------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | Est. Actual | Budget | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues from Current Rates | | | | \$26,372,623 | \$27,666,480 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | \$26,974,725 | |
| Proposed Revenues Adjustments | | | | \$0 | \$1,023,660 | \$3,068,051 | \$5,291,217 | \$7,678,896 | \$10,243,264 | \$12,053,020 | \$13,028,714 | \$14,028,800 | \$15,053,888 | |
| FY | % | Effective Month | Billing Months at New Rates | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FY 2020 | 7.4% | Jan | 6 | \$1,023,660 | \$1,996,130 | \$1,996,130 | \$1,996,130 | \$1,996,130 | \$1,996,130 | \$1,996,130 | \$1,996,130 | \$1,996,130 | \$1,996,130 | |
| FY 2021 | 7.4% | Jan | 6 | | \$1,071,922 | \$2,143,843 | \$2,143,843 | \$2,143,843 | \$2,143,843 | \$2,143,843 | \$2,143,843 | \$2,143,843 | \$2,143,843 | |
| FY 2022 | 7.4% | Jan | 6 | | | \$1,151,244 | \$2,302,488 | \$2,302,488 | \$2,302,488 | \$2,302,488 | \$2,302,488 | \$2,302,488 | \$2,302,488 | |
| FY 2023 | 7.4% | Jan | 6 | | | | \$1,236,436 | \$2,472,872 | \$2,472,872 | \$2,472,872 | \$2,472,872 | \$2,472,872 | \$2,472,872 | |
| FY 2024 | 7.4% | Jan | 6 | | | | | \$1,327,932 | \$2,655,864 | \$2,655,864 | \$2,655,864 | \$2,655,864 | \$2,655,864 | |
| FY 2025 | 2.5% | Jan | 6 | | | | | | \$481,824 | \$963,648 | \$963,648 | \$963,648 | \$963,648 | |
| FY 2026 | 2.5% | Jan | 6 | | | | | | | \$493,870 | \$987,739 | \$987,739 | \$987,739 | |
| FY 2027 | 2.5% | Jan | 6 | | | | | | | | \$506,216 | \$1,012,433 | \$1,012,433 | |
| FY 2028 | 2.5% | Jan | 6 | | | | | | | | | \$518,872 | \$1,037,744 | |
| FY 2029 | 2.5% | Jan | 6 | | | | | | | | | | \$531,844 | |
| Total Revenues from Rates & Adjustments | | | | \$26,372,623 | \$28,690,140 | \$30,042,776 | \$32,265,941 | \$34,653,621 | \$37,217,989 | \$39,027,745 | \$40,003,439 | \$41,003,525 | \$42,028,613 | \$43,079,328 |
| Sale of Water Reclaimed | | | | \$375,000 | \$425,000 | \$524,399 | \$526,740 | \$546,640 | \$567,709 | \$589,949 | \$619,447 | \$650,419 | \$682,940 | \$717,087 |
| Other Operating Revenues | | | | \$402,653 | \$427,653 | \$1,927,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 | \$427,653 |
| Non-Operating Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | | | | \$253,369 | \$289,524 | \$258,622 | \$237,911 | \$221,046 | \$217,142 | \$222,900 | \$229,882 | \$233,452 | \$233,220 | \$228,764 |
| Other Non-Operating Revenues | | | | \$22,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | | \$27,425,645 | \$29,842,317 | \$32,763,451 | \$33,468,246 | \$35,858,960 | \$38,440,494 | \$40,278,248 | \$41,290,420 | \$42,325,049 | \$43,382,425 | \$44,462,833 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed Potable WS Costs | | | | \$1,805,734 | \$1,904,427 | \$2,009,337 | \$2,120,880 | \$2,239,503 | \$2,365,684 | \$2,499,933 | \$2,642,796 | \$2,794,856 | \$2,956,736 | \$3,129,104 |
| Variable Potable WS Costs | | | | \$9,494,266 | \$10,195,573 | \$10,036,497 | \$10,606,459 | \$11,136,782 | \$11,693,621 | \$12,278,302 | \$12,892,217 | \$13,536,828 | \$14,213,669 | \$14,924,353 |
| RW Supply Costs | | | | \$490,454 | \$507,427 | \$524,399 | \$526,740 | \$546,640 | \$567,709 | \$589,949 | \$619,447 | \$650,419 | \$682,940 | \$717,087 |
| Salaries & Benefits | | | | \$5,443,440 | \$5,596,886 | \$5,771,169 | \$5,951,182 | \$6,137,126 | \$6,329,204 | \$6,527,631 | \$6,732,626 | \$6,944,418 | \$7,163,244 | \$7,389,349 |
| Other Operating Expenses | | | | \$3,313,775 | \$3,475,373 | \$3,608,578 | \$3,747,267 | \$3,891,683 | \$4,042,074 | \$4,198,703 | \$4,361,845 | \$4,531,787 | \$4,708,829 | \$4,893,284 |
| Conservation Program | | | | \$422,422 | \$420,618 | \$433,237 | \$446,234 | \$459,621 | \$473,409 | \$487,612 | \$502,240 | \$517,307 | \$532,826 | \$548,811 |
| Meter Related | | | | \$1,009,927 | \$705,887 | \$727,064 | \$748,876 | \$771,342 | \$794,482 | \$818,316 | \$842,866 | \$868,152 | \$894,197 | \$921,022 |
| Gen & Admin | | | | \$2,888,304 | \$3,669,933 | \$3,776,193 | \$3,885,641 | \$3,998,372 | \$4,114,486 | \$4,234,082 | \$4,357,267 | \$4,484,147 | \$4,614,834 | \$4,749,441 |
| Capital / Equip Expenses | | | | \$14,154 | \$144,154 | \$148,479 | \$152,933 | \$157,521 | \$162,247 | \$167,114 | \$172,127 | \$177,291 | \$182,610 | \$188,088 |
| AP & CC Adjustments in Sales of Potable Water Rev | | | | \$349,560 | \$360,047 | \$370,848 | \$381,974 | \$393,433 | \$405,236 | \$417,393 | \$429,915 | \$442,812 | \$456,097 | \$469,779 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | \$25,232,035 | \$26,980,324 | \$27,405,799 | \$28,568,185 | \$29,732,021 | \$30,948,151 | \$32,219,036 | \$33,553,346 | \$34,948,017 | \$36,405,982 | \$37,930,320 |
| NET REVENUES | | | | \$2,193,610 | \$2,861,992 | \$5,357,652 | \$4,900,060 | \$6,126,938 | \$7,492,342 | \$8,059,212 | \$7,737,074 | \$7,377,032 | \$6,976,444 | \$6,532,512 |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total CIP Expenditures | | | | \$9,256,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 | \$7,200,000 |
| NET CASH CHANGES | | | | -\$7,062,390 | -\$4,338,008 | -\$1,842,348 | -\$2,299,940 | -\$1,073,062 | \$292,342 | \$859,212 | \$537,074 | \$177,032 | -\$223,556 | -\$667,488 |
| BEGINNING BALANCES | | | | \$33,924,564 | \$31,121,429 | \$26,783,421 | \$24,941,073 | \$22,641,134 | \$21,568,072 | \$21,860,414 | \$22,719,626 | \$23,256,700 | \$23,433,732 | \$23,210,176 |
| ENDING BALANCES | | | | \$26,862,174 | \$26,783,421 | \$24,941,073 | \$22,641,134 | \$21,568,072 | \$21,860,414 | \$22,719,626 | \$23,256,700 | \$23,433,732 | \$23,210,176 | \$22,542,688 |
| Target Reserves | | | | \$16,734,972 | \$17,003,507 | \$17,230,828 | \$17,704,311 | \$18,181,362 | \$18,678,874 | \$19,197,774 | \$19,741,047 | \$20,307,807 | \$20,899,153 | \$21,516,238 |
| O&M | 33% | of operating expenses | | \$8,326,572 | \$8,903,507 | \$9,043,914 | \$9,427,501 | \$9,811,567 | \$10,212,890 | \$10,632,282 | \$11,072,604 | \$11,532,846 | \$12,013,974 | \$12,517,006 |
| Capital | 75% | of 5-year average CIP | | \$5,708,400 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | \$5,400,000 | |
| Rev Loss | \$2,700,000 | | | \$2,700,000 | \$2,700,000 | \$2,786,914 | \$2,876,809 | \$2,969,795 | \$3,065,984 | \$3,165,492 | \$3,268,443 | \$3,374,961 | \$3,485,179 | \$3,599,232 |

6. COST OF SERVICE ANALYSIS

This Rate Study conforms to the principles set forth in the enabling statutes and the rates abide by the cost-of-service provisions of Proposition 218.

6.1 PROPORTIONALITY

Demonstrating proportionality when calculating rates is a critical component of ensuring compliance with Proposition 218. For costs that are recovered through the agency's proposed fixed meter charge, the Study spreads the costs either over all accounts or by meter size, depending on the type of expense. As such, customer classes and usage are not considered nor necessary for calculating each customer's fixed charge. Conversely, costs that are determined as variable are allocated among customer classes based on their demand on the system. As stated in the Manual M1, the AWWA Rates and Charges Subcommittee agree with Proposition 218 that "the costs of water rates and charges should be recovered from classes of customers in proportion to the cost of serving those customers." The agency's revenue requirements are, by definition, the cost of providing service. This cost is then used as the basis to develop unit costs for the water components and to allocate costs to the various customer classes in proportion to the water services rendered.

Individual customer demands vary depending on the meter sizes. For example, customers with larger meters impose higher demand and peaking demand on the water system capacity. The concept of proportionality requires that cost allocations consider both the average quantity of water consumed (base) and the peak rate at which it is consumed (peaking). A water system is designed to meet peak demands. The additional costs associated with designing, constructing and maintaining facilities to meet these peak demands must be allocated to those customers whose usage requires facilities to upsize in response to peak demand.

In allocating the costs of service, the industry standard as promulgated by AWWA's M1 Manual is to group customers with similar system needs and demands.

Generally speaking, customers place the following demands on the water system and water supplies:

- » The system capacity⁶ (for treatment, storage, and distribution) that must be maintained to provide reliable service to all customers at all times
- » The number of customers requiring customer services such as bill processing, customer service support, and other administrative services

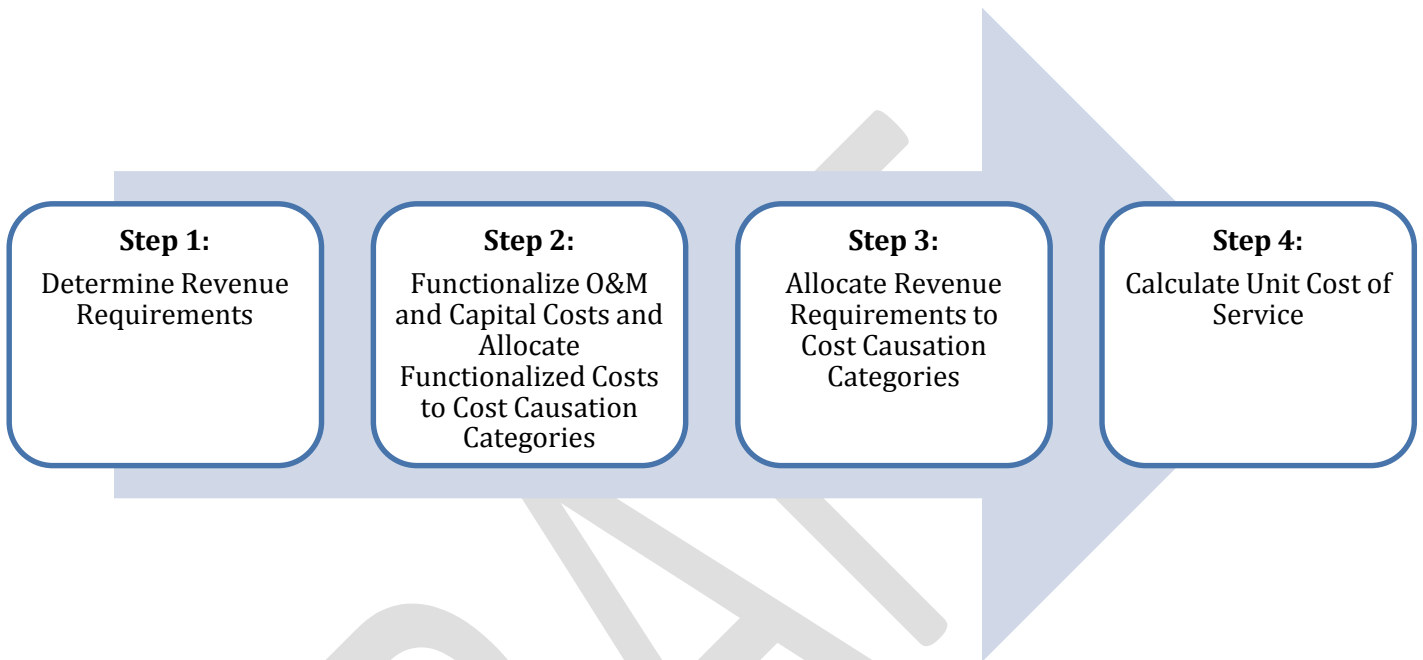
Joint costs are proportionately shared among all customers in the system based on their service requirements; some specific costs, such as pumping charges, are borne by a subgroup of customers based on the characteristics of that group alone (i.e. elevation zone).

⁶ System capacity is the system's ability to supply water to all delivery points at the time when demanded. The time of greatest demand is known as peak demand.

6.2 WATER COST OF SERVICE ANALYSIS

A cost of service analysis distributes a utility’s revenue requirements (costs) to each customer class. Figure 6-1 provides a general overview of a cost-of-service analysis. Each step shown below will be described in greater detail in the subsections below.

Figure 6-1: Cost of Service Process



6.2.1 Step 1 – Determine Revenue Requirements

In this Study, water rates are calculated for FY 2019 (known as the Test Year), by calculating water purchase costs and by using the City’s FY 2019 budget. Test Year revenue requirements are used in the cost allocation process. According to Government Code 54999.7(c), the City should review the cost of service analysis at least once every five to ten years to ensure that the rates are consistent with the costs of providing service.

The revenue requirement determination is based upon the Department’s need to generate annual revenues that meet O&M expenses, debt service needs, reserve funding to achieve target levels, and capital investment. Revenues from sources other than water rates and charges (e.g. revenues from miscellaneous services and one-time sources such as grants) partially offset these costs, which reduces the revenue requirement for the rates. The net revenue required from rates for FY 2019 is calculated below in Table 6-1.

Table 6-1: Revenue Requirement from Current Water and RW Rates for FY 2019

| Revenue Requirements @ Current Rates | FY 2019 | Notes |
|---|---------------------|------------------------|
| O&M Expenses | \$25,232,035 | Table 5-11 |
| Debt Service | \$0 | No debt |
| Rate Funded CIP | \$9,256,000 | Table 5-14 |
| Reserve Funding | -\$7,062,390 | Table 5-14 |
| Total Revenue Requirements | \$27,425,645 | |
| <i>Less Revenue Offset</i> | | |
| Other Operating Revenues | -\$402,653 | Table 5-7 or 5-14 |
| Non-Operating Revenues | -\$275,369 | Table 5-7 or 5-14 |
| Total Revenue Offset | -\$678,022 | |
| Revenue Requirements @ Current Rates | \$26,747,623 | Incl. Water & RW rates |

6.2.2 Step 2 – Functionalize Costs and Allocate Functionalized Costs to Cost Causation Categories

To derive the cost to serve each customer class, costs first need to be functionalized. This step involves the arrangement of overall costs into various functions. The water utility costs are categorized into the following functions:

- » Water supply – direct water supply costs to produce potable water before distributing to customers, including fixed and variable costs of purchasing water from OCWD and MWDOC
- » RW supply – purchased RW costs from OCWD to be pass-through to the RW customers
- » RW Pump Station – costs to operate, maintain and replace the pump stations for RW services
- » Treatment – costs associated with treating water to potable water standards, excluding power and chemical costs
- » Transmission – costs associated with transporting water from the point of treatment through a major trunk to locations within the distribution systems
- » Distribution – costs associated with the smaller local service distribution mains transporting water to specific locations within the service area
- » Storage – costs associated with water storage within the distribution or transmission systems
- » Pumping – cost associated with pumping water from the treatment facilities to the transmission and distribution systems
- » Fire protection – costs associated with installing and maintaining fire hydrants
- » Meter service – costs associated with providing customer water meters and associated with testing and replacements
- » General & Administrative – represents all other costs that do not serve a specific function
- » Billing and customer service – billing costs including meter reading, billing and collection costs associated with preparing a water customer bill and processing funds received from water users. Customer service costs include costs associated with administering customer accounts such as processing complaints, responding to customer inquiries, performing rereads, etc.

- » Conservation – costs associated with conservation programs and services offered to the City customers

Raftelis reviewed and functionalized the Water Fund’s O&M expenses and asset list. Table 6-2 summarizes the functionalized O&M costs for the Water Fund for test year FY 2019. Table 6-3 shows the fixed asset values of the Water Fund using replacement costs. To reduce rate variability from year to year, allocation of fixed assets to cost causation components is used to approximately tie the capital-related costs to Division functions. Replacement costs, escalated from original costs to current dollars using Engineering News Record – Construction Cost Index (ENR CCI) of Los Angeles, consider changes in the value of money over time, and thus provide more consistent allocation of costs. See Appendices 1 and 2 for details.

Table 6-2: FY 2019 Functionalized O&M Costs

| Water Service Functions | FY 2019 |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Water Supply | \$11,300,000 |
| RW Supply | \$490,454 |
| RW Pump Station | \$10,360 |
| Treatment | \$323,053 |
| Transmission | \$135,883 |
| Distribution | \$207,736 |
| Pumping | \$90,000 |
| Storage | \$105,977 |
| Meter Services | \$1,009,927 |
| Billing | \$349,560 |
| G&A | \$10,713,571 |
| Conservation | \$422,422 |
| Fire Protection | \$73,092 |
| Total | \$25,232,035 |

Table 6-3: FY 2019 Functionalized Water Assets

| Water Service Functions | FY 2019 |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Water Supply | \$6,944,773 |
| RW Pump Station | \$1,809,997 |
| Transmission | \$103,069,098 |
| Distribution | \$103,069,098 |
| Pumping | \$8,970,117 |
| Storage | \$508,974,120 |
| Meter Services | \$18,535,480 |
| G&A | \$26,102,423 |
| Fire Protection | \$8,293,937 |
| Total | \$785,769,042 |

Raftelis used the Base-Extra Capacity method, as described in the AWWA M1 Manual, which consists of a number of cost causation components. Functionalization of costs allows for better allocation of costs to the cost causation components, which include:

- » **Water Supply Costs** are direct costs incurred to purchase water from OCWD and MWDOC
- » **RW Supply Costs** are directly pass-through purchased RW costs from OCWD
- » **RW Pump Station Costs** are costs to operate, maintain and replace the pump stations for RW services
- » **Base Fixed Costs** are the operating and capital costs of the water system associated with serving customers at a constant, or average, rate of use.
- » **Extra Capacity Costs** or peaking costs represent the costs incurred to meet customer peak demands for water in excess of average day usage. Total extra capacity costs are subdivided into costs associated with maximum day and maximum hour demands. The maximum day demand is the maximum amount of water used in a single day in a year. The maximum hour (**Max Hour**) demand is the maximum usage in an hour on the maximum usage day (**Max Day**). Various facilities are designed to meet customer peaking needs. For example, transmission lines or reservoirs (storage) are designed to meet Max Day requirements. Both have to be designed larger than they would be if the same amount of water were being used at a constant rate throughout the year. The cost associated with constructing a larger line or reservoir is based on system wide peaking factors. For example, if the Max Day factor is 2.0, then certain system facilities have to be designed at least twice as large as required to meet average daily demand. In this case, half of the cost would be allocated to Base (or average day demand) and the other half allocated to Max Day. The calculation of the Max Hour and Max Day demands is explained below.
- » **Billing & Customer Service Costs** include such costs as meter reading, billing, collecting, and customer accounting.
- » **Meter Services Costs or meter service costs** include maintenance and capital costs associated with servicing meters. These costs are assigned based on meter size or equivalent meter capacity.
- » **General & Administrative Costs** represent all other costs that do not serve a specific function
- » **Fire Protection** includes proportional costs to provide fire protection capacity
- » **Conservation** includes costs associated with conservation programs and service offered for City customers

Peaking costs are further divided into maximum day and maximum hour demand. The maximum day demand is the maximum amount of water used in a single day in a year. The maximum hour demand is the maximum usage in an hour on the maximum usage day. Different facilities, such as distribution and storage facilities, and the O&M costs associated with those facilities are designed to meet the peaking demands of customers. Therefore, extra capacity costs include the O&M and capital costs associated with meeting peak customer demand. This method is consistent with the AWWA M1 Manual and is widely used in the water industry to perform COS analyses.

After functionalizing expenses, the next step is to allocate the functionalized expenses to cost causation components. To do so, we must identify system-wide peaking factors. The system-wide peaking factors are used to derive the cost component allocation bases (i.e., percentages). Functionalized expenses are then allocated to the cost causation components using these allocation bases. To understand the interpretation of the percentages, we must first establish the base use as the average daily demand during the year.

The base demand is assigned a value of 1.0. The Max Day and Max Hour values shown in Table 6-4 are extracted from the 2019 Water Master Plan (page ES-3).

Table 6-4: Water System Peaking Factors

| | Potable Water | Peaking Factors |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Average Day Demand | 1.00 |
| 2 | Max Day Demand | 1.85 |
| 3 | Max Hour Demand | 2.60 |

To determine the relative proportion of costs to assign to Supply, Base Delivery, Maximum Day, and Maximum Hour, allocations are calculated based on these factors. Cost components that are solely related to providing average day demand (ADD), are allocated entirely to Base Delivery. Cost components that are designed to meet Max Day peaks, such as reservoirs and transmission facilities, are allocated to both Base Delivery and Max Day factors.

The Max Day factor of the City’s system is 1.85, which means that Max Day demand is expected to be 185 percent of the average day capacity. Calculating the Max Day allocation of functional costs to the cost causation components results in the following:

$$\text{Base Fixed Allocation} = \frac{\text{Base Fixed}}{\text{Max Day}} = \frac{1}{1.85} \approx 54\%$$

$$\text{Max Day Allocation} = 1 - \text{Base/Max Day} \approx 46\%$$

Facilities designed for Max Hour peaks, such as distribution system facilities, are allocated similarly. The Max Hour factor is 2.60, so Max Hour facilities are designed to provide 260 percent of the average day capacity. The allocation of Max Hour facilities is shown below:

$$\text{Base Fixed Allocation} = \frac{\text{Base}}{\text{Max Hour}} = \frac{1}{2.60} \approx 38\%$$

$$\text{Max Day Allocation} = \frac{\text{Max Day} - \text{Base}}{\text{Max Hour}} = \frac{1.85 - 1.00}{2.60} \approx 33\%$$

$$\text{Max Hour Allocation} = 1 - 38\% - 33\% \approx 29\%$$

The results of the allocation are presented below in Table 6-5. These percentages are then applied to the operating and capital improvement expenses to allocate costs amongst Base, Max Day, and Max Hour cost components.

Table 6-5: Allocation of Extra Capacity Functional Costs to Cost Causation Categories

| | Peaking Factor | Base | Max Day | Max Hour |
|-----------------|----------------|------|---------|----------|
| Base | 1.00 | 100% | | |
| Max Day | 1.85 | 54% | 46% | |
| Max Hour | 2.60 | 38% | 33% | 29% |

Water system infrastructure is designed to meet peak demand plus fire protection. A fire protection requirement is needed in the design of distribution and pumping system, thus, a portion of the distribution and pumping system costs are allocated to direct fire protection and the remaining costs are proportionally allocated to base fixed, max day and max hour costs using the max hour ratios shown in Table 6-5. In a typical water system with similar service size with the City, approximately 10% of the water system capacity is reserved for fire protection demand. Therefore, 10% of the distribution and pumping functional costs will be allocated to fire protection cost categories. RW Supply and RW Pump Station are 100% allocated to the corresponding cost categories.

Table 6-6: Allocation of Water Cost Functions to Cost Causation Categories

| Water Service Functions | Water Supply | Base Fixed | Max Day | Max Hour | Meter Services | Billing & CS | Gen & Admin | Conser vation | Direct Fire Protection |
|-------------------------|--------------|------------|---------|----------|----------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Water Supply | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| Treatment | | 54% | 46% | | | | | | |
| Transmission | | 54% | 46% | | | | | | |
| Distribution | | 35% | 29% | 26% | | | | | 10% |
| Pumping | | 35% | 29% | 26% | | | | | 10% |
| Storage | | 54% | 46% | | | | | | |
| Meter Services | | | | | 100% | | | | |
| Customer Service | | | | | | 100% | | | |
| Billing | | | | | | 100% | | | |
| G&A | | | | | | | 100% | | |
| Conservation | | | | | | | | 100% | |
| Fire Protection | | | | | | | | | 100% |

Using the allocation factors from Table 6-6 and functional costs from Table 6-2, Table 6-7 summarizes the allocation of FY 2019 O&M expenses to cost causation categories and allocation percentage for operating related costs. Similarly, Table 6-8 summarizes the allocation of Water Fund fixed asset values (by replacement costs as of May 1, 2019) to cost categories and allocation percentage for capital related costs. See Appendices 1 and 2 for details.

Table 6-7: Results of O&M Cost Allocations

| O&M Expenses | FY 2019 A | Allocation % B | % w/o WS & RW Supply C |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Water Supply | \$11,300,000 | 44.8% | |
| RW Supply | \$490,454 | 1.9% | |
| RW Pump Station | \$10,360 | 0.0% | 0.1% |
| Base Fixed | \$408,421 | 1.6% | 3.0% |
| Max Day | \$347,158 | 1.4% | 2.6% |
| Max Hour | \$77,297 | 0.3% | 0.6% |
| Meter Services | \$1,009,927 | 4.0% | 7.5% |
| Billing & CS | \$349,560 | 1.4% | 2.6% |
| Gen & Admin | \$10,713,571 | 42.5% | 79.7% |
| Conservation | \$422,422 | 1.7% | 3.1% |
| Direct Fire Protection | \$102,866 | 0.4% | 0.8% |
| Total | \$25,232,035 | 100% | 100% |

Table 6-8: Results of Asset Value Cost Allocations for Capital Cost Allocations

| Asset Values | FY 2019 A | Allocation % B | % w/o WS & RW Supply C |
|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Water Supply | \$6,944,773 | 0.9% | |
| RW Pump Station | \$1,809,997 | 0.2% | 0.2% |
| Base Fixed | \$369,616,977 | 47.0% | 47.5% |
| Max Day | \$314,174,430 | 40.0% | 40.3% |
| Max Hour | \$29,087,104 | 3.7% | 3.7% |
| Meter Services | \$18,535,480 | 2.4% | 2.4% |
| Gen & Admin | \$26,102,423 | 3.3% | 3.4% |
| Direct Fire Protection | \$19,497,858 | 2.5% | 2.5% |
| Total | \$785,769,042 | 100% | 100% |

6.2.3 Step 3 – Allocate Revenue Requirements to Cost Causation Categories

Table 6-9 shows the calculation of the revenue requirement in Table 6-1 paired with the corresponding allocation percentages for each line. For example, O&M Expenses will be divided across the cost causation categories according to the percentages listed in Table 6-7, Column B.

Table 6-9: Revenue Requirement from Current Water and RW Rates for FY 2019

| Revenue Requirements @ Current Rates | | FY 2019 | Cost Causation Category Allocation |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | O&M Expenses | \$25,232,035 | O&M from Table 6-7 Column B |
| 2 | Debt Service | \$0 | Capital from Table 6-8 Column B |
| 3 | Rate Funded CIP | \$9,256,000 | Capital from Table 6-8 Column B |
| 4 | Reserve Funding | -\$7,062,390 | Capital from Table 6-8 Column C |
| 5 | Total Revenue Requirements | \$27,425,645 | |
| 6 | Less Revenue Offset | | |
| 7 | Other Operating Revenues | -\$402,653 | O&M from Table 6-7 Column C |
| 8 | Non-Operating Revenues | -\$275,369 | O&M from Table 6-7 Column C |
| 9 | Total Revenue Offset | -\$678,022 | |
| 10 | | | |
| 11 | Revenue Requirements @ Current Rates | \$26,747,623 | |

Table 6-10 details the result of allocating the various revenue requirements to the aforementioned cost categories. For more detailed calculations, see Appendix 3.

Table 6-10: Revenue Requirement Allocated to Cost Causation Categories

| Cost Categories | Allocation of Revenue Requirement | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| | A | B |
| 1 Water Supply | \$11,381,806 | 42.6% |
| 2 RW Supply | \$490,454 | 1.8% |
| 3 RW Pump Station | \$31,158 | 0.1% |
| 4 Base Fixed | \$1,382,239 | 5.2% |
| 5 Max Day | \$1,174,903 | 4.4% |
| 6 Max Hour | \$151,654 | 0.6% |
| 7 Meter Services | \$1,008,852 | 3.8% |
| 8 Billing & CS | \$331,927 | 1.2% |
| 9 Gen & Admin | \$10,243,382 | 38.3% |
| 10 Conservation | \$401,114 | 1.5% |
| 11 Direct Fire Protection | \$150,134 | 0.6% |
| 12 Total | \$26,747,623 | 100% |

General costs are reallocated proportionally to all cost categories, excluding water supply, RW supply, and RW pump station. This reallocation is shown in Table 6-11. Each category's proportional share of the General and Administrative costs is calculated by dividing that category's total requirement in Column B by the total requirement of all cost categories except Water Supply, and RW Supply shown in Column B, Line 12. The majority of the Water Supply, and RW Supply are direct costs from wholesales, such as OCWD and MWDOC. General costs reflect more of the fixed system costs incurred by the City to provide the services. The resulting percent allocations are in Column C.

Table 6-11: General Cost Reallocation

| Cost Categories | Allocation of Revenue Requirement | Net Rev | General Cost Reallocation | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| | A | | B | % $C = B / B12$ | Allocated $D = A9 \times C$ |
| 1 | Water Supply | \$11,381,806 | N/A | | |
| 2 | RW Supply | \$490,454 | N/A | | |
| 3 | RW Pump Station | \$31,158 | \$31,158 | 0.7% | \$68,905 |
| 4 | Base Fixed | \$1,382,239 | \$1,382,239 | 29.8% | \$3,056,747 |
| 5 | Max Day | \$1,174,903 | \$1,174,903 | 25.4% | \$2,598,235 |
| 6 | Max Hour | \$151,654 | \$151,654 | 3.3% | \$335,375 |
| 7 | Meter Services | \$1,008,852 | \$1,008,852 | 21.8% | \$2,231,023 |
| 8 | Billing & CS | \$331,927 | \$331,927 | 7.2% | \$734,040 |
| 9 | Gen & Admin | \$10,243,382 | N/A | | |
| 10 | Conservation | \$401,114 | \$401,114 | 8.7% | \$887,043 |
| 11 | Direct Fire Protection | \$150,134 | \$150,134 | 3.2% | \$332,014 |
| 12 | Total | \$26,747,623 | \$4,631,981 | 100% | \$10,243,382 |

The resulting reallocated revenue requirements are shown in Table 6-12, Column C. These allocations will be used to develop category unit costs of service in the Step 4.

Table 6-12: Reallocated Revenue Requirements

| Cost Categories | Revenue Requirement Prior to General Cost Reallocation | General Cost Reallocation | Reallocated Revenue Requirement |
|-----------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | A | B (Table 6-11) | $C = A + B$ |
| 1 | Water Supply | \$11,381,806 | \$11,381,806 |
| 2 | RW Supply | \$490,454 | \$490,454 |
| 3 | RW Pump Station | \$31,158 | \$100,063 |
| 4 | Base Fixed | \$1,382,239 | \$4,438,986 |
| 5 | Max Day | \$1,174,903 | \$3,773,138 |
| 6 | Max Hour | \$151,654 | \$487,029 |
| 7 | Meter Services | \$1,008,852 | \$3,239,874 |
| 8 | Billing & CS | \$331,927 | \$1,065,967 |
| 9 | Gen & Admin | \$10,243,382 | \$0 |
| 10 | Conservation | \$401,114 | \$1,288,157 |
| 11 | Direct Fire Protection | \$150,134 | \$482,149 |
| 12 | Total | \$26,747,623 | \$26,747,623 |

6.2.4 Step 4 – Calculate Unit Cost of Service

In Step 4, we then develop unit costs for each cost component. The unit costs are developed by dividing the total cost for each cost component by the total annual service units for each cost component.

The unit costs for volume-related cost components are based on volumetric units of one hundred cubic feet (1 hcf = about 748 gallons). The extra capacity units are determined based on the respective capacity factor, as shown in Table 6-13.

Table 6-13: Water System Average and Peak Demand

| | Potable Water | | Notes |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------------|
| FY 2019 Annual Consumption | 5,905,925 | HCF | Table 5-3 |
| Average Daily Usage | 16,180.6 | HCF / day | [1] / 365 days |
| Max Day Factor | 1.85 | | Table 6-4 |
| Max Day Total Daily Capacity | 29,934.1 | HCF / day | [2] x [3] |
| Extra Max Day Capacity | 13,753.5 | HCF / day | [4] - [2] |
| Max Hour Factor | 2.60 | | Table 6-4 |
| Max Hour Total Daily Capacity | 42,069.6 | HCF / day | [2] x [6] |
| Extra Max Hour Capacity | 12,135.5 | HCF / day | [7] - [5] - [2] |

Table 6-14 illustrates the meter ratios using the meter hydraulic capacity as listed in Table B-1 of the AWWA M1 Manual. These ratios define higher meter sizes in terms of their equivalent capacity to 3/4" meters. For example, a 1" meter has the equivalent capacity of 1.67 3/4" meters (Column D, Line 3). Using these ratios allows costs to be distributed equitably across different meter sizes. To find the total equivalent meters served by the City, we multiply the total meters by meter size by their respective meter capacity ratios. The resulting total equivalent meters are shown in Column E. The total equivalent water meters are shown in Column E, Line 12 and the total equivalent recycled water meters are shown in Column E, Line 20. Their combined total equivalent meters are shown in Column E, Line 35. Total actual meters are shown in Column A, Line 35. The table also lists the total annual bills for all meters in each meter size (Column B), with total bills in Column B, Line 12. Total bills and equivalent meter units (EMUs) will serve as units for developing the per unit costs for each cost category.

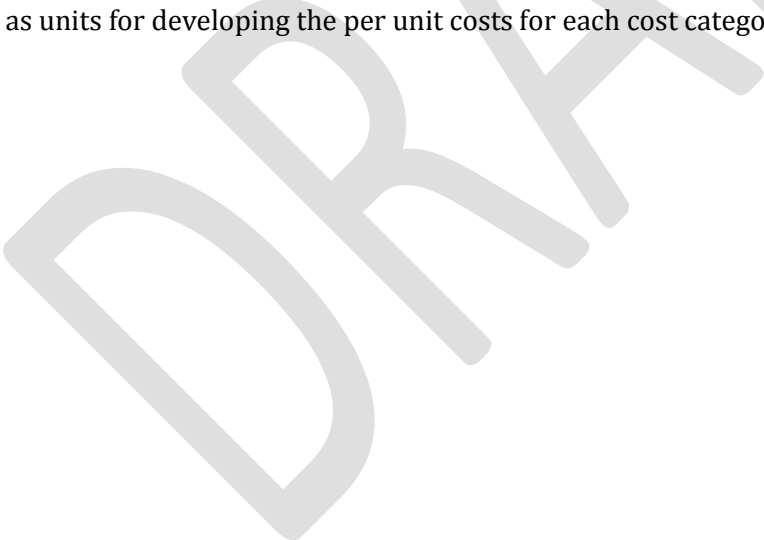


Table 6-14: Meter Ratios and Equivalent Meter Units (EMUs)

| Meter Size | FY 2019 Water Meters A (Table 5-2) | Number of Monthly Bills B = A x 12 bills | Meter Hydraulic Capacity ⁷ C | Meter Capacity Ratios D = C / 30 ⁸ | Equivalent Meter Units (EMU) E = A x D | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--------------------|
| Water | | | | | | |
| 1 | 5/8 ⁹ | 16,545 | 198,540 | 20 | 1.00 | 16,545 |
| 2 | 3/4 | 4 | 48 | 30 | 1.00 | 4 |
| 3 | 1 | 7,585 | 91,020 | 50 | 1.67 | 12,642 |
| 4 | 1 1/2 | 551 | 6,612 | 100 | 3.33 | 1,837 |
| 5 | 2 | 1,430 | 17,160 | 160 | 5.33 | 7,627 |
| 6 | 3 | 32 | 384 | 435 | 14.50 | 464 |
| 7 | 4 | 51 | 612 | 750 | 25.00 | 1,275 |
| 8 | 6 | 15 | 180 | 1,600 | 53.33 | 800 |
| 9 | 8 | 8 | 96 | 2,800 | 93.33 | 747 |
| 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 4,200 | 140.00 | 0 |
| 11 | 12 | 1 | 12 | 5,300 | 176.67 | 177 |
| 12 | Total Water | 26,222 | 314,664 | | | 42,116 |
| 13 | | | | | | |
| RW | | | | | | |
| 15 | 2 | 10 | 120 | 160 | 5.33 | 53 |
| 16 | 3 | 3 | 36 | 435 | 14.50 | 44 |
| 17 | 4 | 2 | 24 | 750 | 25.00 | 50 |
| 18 | 6 | 1 | 12 | 1,600 | 53.33 | 53 |
| 19 | 8 | 2 | 23 | 2,800 | 93.33 | 187 |
| 20 | Total RW | 18 | 216 | | | 387 |
| 21 | Water & RW | 26,240 | 314,880 | | | 42,503 EMUs |
| 22 | | | | | | |
| Private Fire | | | | | | |
| 24 | 5/8 | 6 | 72 | | | |
| 25 | 1 | 10 | 120 | | | |
| 26 | 1 1/2 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 27 | 2 | 20 | 240 | | | |
| 28 | 2 1/2 | 2 | 24 | | | |
| 29 | 3 | 1 | 12 | | | |
| 30 | 4 | 181 | 2172 | | | |
| 31 | 6 | 157 | 1884 | | | |
| 32 | 8 | 83 | 996 | | | |
| 33 | 10 | 2 | 24 | | | |
| 34 | Total PF | 462 | 5,544 | 1.00 | | 462 |
| 35 | Total | 26,702 | 320,424 | | | 42,965 EMUs |

⁷ AWWA M1 Manual, 6th edition, Table B-1

⁸ 30 is the hydraulic capacity for 3/4 inch meters

Each private fire service has a 5/8-in submeter or its own meter equivalent to the fire service size to monitor and detect water flow that requires meter maintenance, thus private fire meters shall also share proportional meter maintenance cost.

Water systems are designed, in the past, to meet fire protection needs – which can place a high demand on the water system over a short period of time. To estimate the costs associated with (and to provide capacity for) fire protection, Raftelis followed the methodology put forth in the AWWA M1 Manual. Raftelis assumed that fire protection requires flows of 4,000 gallons per minute for a minimum of 4 hours, as shown in Table 6-15. This is a typical and reasonable fire demand put forth by the Insurance Services Office. This translates to 960,000 gallons per day (1,283 hcf) for Max Day demand or 4,800,000 gallons (or 6,417 hcf) per day for Max Hour demand.

Table 6-15: Fire Protection Capacity Demand

| Fire Protection Capacity Demand | A | B | C = A / 748 gallons | Notes |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------|--|
| 1 GPM | 4,000 | gallons per min | | AWWA M1 Manual |
| 2 Duration | 4 | hours | | AWWA M1 Manual |
| 3 Max Day Demand | 960,000 | gallons / day | 1,283 hcf | 4000gpm x 4hrs x 60min/hr |
| 4 Max Hour Demand | 4,800,000 | gallons / day | 6,417 hcf | 4000gpm x 24hrs x 60min/hr - 960,000 gallons per day |

To allocate the extra capacity costs for fire protection between public and private fire, we first calculate the potential flow through each size fire connection (or fire demand units). Table 6-16 shows the public fire demand units (Line 3 in Column F) and private fire demand units (Column F, Line 16). The demand factor in Column D is the fire connection (pipeline) diameter raised to the power of 2.63, which is based on the Hazen-Williams equation for flow. The demand factor for public hydrants is a function of the quantity and diameter of the ports on public fire hydrants. The percentages in Table 6-16, Column G, are used to allocate the fire protection costs between private fire connections and the public (hydrants).

⁹ For the purpose of this Study and commonly known for the industry, 5/8 inch and 3/4 inch meters are treated equally as the standard meter size

Table 6-16: Public and Private Fire Demand Units

| | Connection Size | Port Size | # of Ports | Fire Demand Factors | # of Connections | Fire Demand Units | % Total |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | A | B | C | $D = A^{2.63} + C \times B^{2.63}$ | E | $F = E \times D$ | $G = F / F17$ |
| 1 Public Hydrants | | | | | | | |
| 2 6-inch | 6.00 | 2.50 | 2 | 133.58 | 2,636 | 352,105 | |
| 3 Total Public | | | | | 2,636 | 352,105 | 88.6% |
| 4 | | | | | | | |
| 5 Private Fire | | | | | | | |
| 6 5/8-inch | 0.625 | | | 0.29 | 6 | 2 | |
| 7 1-inch | 1.00 | | | 1.00 | 10 | 10 | |
| 8 1 ½-inch | 1.50 | | | 2.90 | 0 | 0 | |
| 9 2-inch | 2.00 | | | 6.19 | 20 | 124 | |
| 10 2 ½-inch | 2.50 | | | 11.13 | 2 | 22 | |
| 11 3-inch | 3.00 | | | 17.98 | 1 | 18 | |
| 12 4-inch | 4.00 | | | 38.32 | 181 | 6,936 | |
| 13 6-inch | 6.00 | | | 111.31 | 157 | 17,476 | |
| 14 8-inch | 8.00 | | | 237.21 | 83 | 19,688 | |
| 15 10-inch | 10.00 | | | 426.58 | 2 | 853 | |
| 16 Total Private | | | | | 462 | 45,129 | 11.4% |
| 17 Total | | | | | 3,098 | 397,233 | 100% |

Table 6-17 illustrates the calculation of the allocated public and private fire protection costs. Line One shows the total revenue requirement allocated to the Max Day and Max Hour cost categories in Table 6-12. These costs are then divided by the Max Day and Max Hour extra capacity demand in hcf/day for each respectively. This arrives at the unit cost of service for Max Day and Max Hour (Line 3). These unit costs are then multiplied by the Max Day and Max Hour fire capacity demands to allocate the share of each cost category’s revenue requirement to fire capacity demand (Line 6). These are then divided across public and private fire protection according to the percentages derived in Table 6-17. The total private fire protection costs (Column D, Line 8) will be recovered via the stand-by charges from private fireline services.

Table 6-17: Public and Private Fire Capacity Costs

| Fire Capacity Costs | % Fire Capacity | Max Day | Max Hour | Total | Notes |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| | A (Table 6-16) | B | C | D = B + C | |
| 1 Allocated Costs | | \$3,773,138 | \$487,029 | | Table 6-12 |
| 2 Extra Capacity Demand | HCF/day | 13,753.5 | 12,135.5 | | Table 6-13, [5] & [8] |
| 3 Unit Cost of Service | | \$274.34 | \$40.13 | | [1] / [2] |
| 4 | | per hcf | per hcf | | |
| 5 Fire Capacity Demand | | 1,283 hcf | 6,417 hcf | | Table 6-15 |
| 6 Fire Capacity | | \$352,094 | \$257,536 | \$609,630 | [1] x [3] |
| 7 Public Fire Protection | 88.6% | \$312,093 | \$228,278 | \$540,371 | [A7] x [6] |
| 8 Private Fire Protection | 11.4% | \$40,001 | \$29,258 | \$69,259 | [A8] x [6] |

Table 6-18 shows the revenue requirement allocations to the different cost categories, now incorporating the direct fire protection allocations calculated above (Row 8). Direct fire protection is also allocated to private fire protection proportionally based on the fire demand shown in Table 6-16. The shown numbers might not add up exactly due to rounding.

Table 6-18: Reallocated FY 2019 Revenue Requirements

| Cost Categories | | Revenue Requirement <i>A (Table 6-12)</i> | Private Fire Protection Reallocation <i>B (Table 6-17)</i> | Reallocated Net Revenue Requirement <i>C = A - B</i> |
|-----------------|------------------------|--|---|---|
| 1 | Water Supply | \$11,381,806 | | \$11,381,806 |
| 2 | RW Supply | \$490,454 | | \$490,454 |
| 3 | RW Pump Station | \$100,063 | | \$100,063 |
| 4 | Base Fixed | \$4,438,986 | | \$4,438,986 |
| 5 | Max Day | \$3,773,138 | \$40,001 | \$3,733,138 |
| 6 | Max Hour | \$487,029 | \$29,258 | \$457,771 |
| 7 | Meter Services | \$3,239,874 | | \$3,239,874 |
| 8 | Billing & CS | \$1,065,967 | | \$1,065,967 |
| 9 | Gen & Admin | \$0 | | \$0 |
| 10 | Conservation | \$1,288,157 | | \$1,288,157 |
| 11 | Direct Fire Protection | \$482,149 | \$54,776 ¹⁰ | \$427,373 |
| 12 | Total | \$26,747,623 | \$124,034 | \$26,623,589 |

According to the M1 Manual, the cost-of-service approach to setting water rates results in the proportionate distribution of costs to each customer or customer class based on the proportional costs that each class incurs. A dual set of fees—fixed and variable—is an extension of this cost causation theory. The components of water system costs for regular water services shown in Table 6-19 are recovered through a combination of the fixed service charge and usage charges.

¹⁰ Portion of direct fire protection cost serving private fire services (11.4%, from Table 6-16)

Table 6-19: FY 2019 Revenues Requirement Allocated to Rate Components

| Cost Categories | FY 2019 Net Revenues from Rates <i>A (Table 6-18)</i> | Fixed Service Charges <i>B</i> | Water Usage Charges <i>C</i> | RW Volumetric Charges <i>D</i> |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|---|
| Water Supply | \$11,381,806 | | \$11,381,806 | |
| RW Supply | \$490,454 | | | \$490,454 |
| RW Pump Station | \$100,063 | | | \$100,063 |
| Base Fixed | \$4,438,986 | \$88,780 | \$4,350,206 | |
| Max Day | \$3,733,138 | \$3,733,138 | | |
| Max Hour | \$457,771 | \$457,771 | | |
| Meter Services | \$3,239,874 | \$3,239,874 | | |
| Billing & Customer Service | \$1,065,967 | \$1,065,967 | | |
| Conservation | \$1,288,157 | | \$1,288,157 | |
| Direct Fire Protection | \$427,373 | \$427,373 | | |
| Total | \$26,623,589 | \$9,012,902 | \$17,020,170 | \$590,517 |

Table 6-19 shows the portion of each cost component collected from the fixed service charge and the usage charge. The entirety of water supply and conservation costs are recovered from water usage charges. To enhance revenue stability, Raftelis recommends that the City increase its fixed charges to 34 percent of rate revenues (the City currently collects 31 percent from fixed charges). To achieve that, a very small portion of base fixed costs (around 2%) is allocated to fixed service charge component and the remaining 98% will be collected through water usage charges. Meter services and billing and customer service will be collected in the corresponding components of fixed service charges. RW supply costs will be 100% passthrough to RW customers via RW supply rates. Costs associated with the RW pump station will be collected through usage pumped through the pump stations.

7. WATER RATES DEVELOPMENT

7.1 PROPOSED MONTHLY FIXED SERVICE CHARGES

The monthly fixed service charge recognizes the fact that even when a customer does not use water, the City incurs fixed costs for the maintenance of the meters, the ability or readiness to serve each connection, and/or the billing and customer service provided to each connection.

Table 7-1 shows the calculation of the cost component unit charges that form the components of the fixed service charge. Line 1 lists each component’s allocated revenue requirement, derived in Table 6-19. Line 2 defines the units used to allocate these costs equitably across the City’s customers. Billing & Customer Service costs are divided by the total meters served as all accounts are served equally by this component. Meter Service and Capacity costs are divided by EMUs because customers’ demand on these components is proportional to their meter capacity. Capacity costs include the Max Day and Max Hour, Direct Fire Protection, and a portion of base fixed costs to be recovered by fixed service charges for water meters only (shown in Table 6-19). The calculated rates in Line 4 are rounded up to the nearest cent.

Table 7-1: Development of Unit Monthly Fixed Service Charge

| Line No. | Fixed Charge Components | Billing & Customer Service | Meter Service | Capacity |
|----------|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | A | B | C |
| 1 | Revenue Requirements (Table 6-19, column B) | \$1,065,967 | \$3,239,874 | \$4,707,061 ¹¹ |
| 2 | Monthly Units of Service (Table 6-14 [35]) | 26,702 Meters ¹² | 42,965 EMUs ¹³ | 42,116 EMUs ¹⁴ |
| 3 | Annual Units of Service ([2] x 12 months) | 320,424 monthly bills | 515,582 EMUs/yr | 505,396 EMUs/yr |
| 4 | Monthly Unit Cost ([1] / [3], rounded up) | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$9.32 |

The unit cost components derived in Table 7-1 are added together to form the Fixed Service Charge. As described above, all customers pay the same Billing and Customer Service cost (Column A). The Meter Service and Capacity unit costs are multiplied by the meter ratios (Columns B and C) to proportionally escalate these costs according to capacity in comparison to a 3/4 meter, as described earlier. The rate components in Columns C, D, and E are added together in Column F to form the revised Fixed Service Charges by Meter Size in Table 7-3.

¹¹ Including Base Fixed, Max Day, Max Hour, Direct Fire Protection costs from Table 6-19, column B

¹² Including Water, RW and Private Fire meters

¹³ Water and RW meters and 5/8 private submeters

¹⁴ Water meters only

Private Fire Service charges, shown in Table 7-2, are calculated using the revenue requirements from Table 6-18 and private fire demand units (FDUs) from Table 6-16. These costs are calculated as those in the above table by dividing the Peaking and Direct Fire total costs by the total Fire Demand Units (FDU), resulting in the unit cost of service shown in Line 4.

Table 7-2: Development of Unit Fireline Stand-by Charge

| | Private Fire Service Charges | Peaking | Direct Fire |
|----------|---|----------------|----------------|
| 1 | Revenue Requirements (Table 6-18) | \$69,258 | \$54,776 |
| 2 | Units of Service (Table 6-16, [F16]) | 45,129 FDUs | 45,129 FDUs |
| 3 | Annual Fire Units ([2] x 12) | 541,544 FUs | 541,544 FUs |
| 4 | Unit Cost of Service ([1] / [3]) | \$0.128 | \$0.101 |

As shown in Table 7-3, Billing and Customer Service is charged equally to potable water customers. In addition, these customers pay the Peaking and Direct Fire costs in proportion to their meter size. These components in Columns C, D, and E are added together to form the revised Private Fire Monthly Fixed Service Charges in Column F in Table 7-3.

Table 7-3: FY 2019 Revised Monthly Fixed Service Charges (FSC)

| | FY 2019 No. of Meters | Meter Ratios | Billing & CS | Meter Service | Capacity | FY 2019 Revised FSC | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Meter Size | A | B (Table 6-14) | C = \$3.33 | D = \$6.29x B | E = \$9.32 x B | F = C + D + E | |
| Water | | | | | | | |
| 5/8 | 16,545 | 1.00 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$9.32 | \$18.94 | |
| ¾ | 4 | 1.00 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$9.32 | \$18.94 | |
| 1 | 7,585 | 1.67 | \$3.33 | \$10.49 | \$15.54 | \$29.36 | |
| 1 ½ | 551 | 3.33 | \$3.33 | \$20.97 | \$31.07 | \$55.37 | |
| 2 | 1,430 | 5.33 | \$3.33 | \$33.55 | \$49.71 | \$86.59 | |
| 3 | 32 | 14.50 | \$3.33 | \$91.21 | \$135.14 | \$229.68 | |
| 4 | 51 | 25.00 | \$3.33 | \$157.25 | \$233.00 | \$393.58 | |
| 6 | 15 | 53.33 | \$3.33 | \$335.47 | \$497.07 | \$835.87 | |
| 8 | 8 | 93.33 | \$3.33 | \$587.07 | \$869.87 | \$1,460.27 | |
| 10 | 0 | 140.00 | \$3.33 | \$880.60 | \$1,304.80 | \$2,188.73 | |
| 12 | 1 | 176.67 | \$3.33 | \$1,111.24 | \$1,646.54 | \$2,761.11 | |
| Private Fire | | | | | | | |
| | FY 2019 No. of Meters | Fire Demand Ratio ¹⁵ | Billing & CS | Meter Service | Peaking | Direct Fire | FY 2019 Revised |
| Meter Size | A | B (Table 6-16) | C = \$3.33 | D = \$6.29 | E = \$0.128 x B | F = $\frac{\$0.101 \times B}{B}$ | G = C + D + E |
| 5/8 | 6 | 0.29 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$0.04 | \$0.03 | \$9.69 |
| 1 | 10 | 1.00 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$0.13 | \$0.11 | \$9.86 |
| 1 ½ | 0 | 2.90 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$0.38 | \$0.30 | \$10.30 |
| 2 | 20 | 6.19 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$0.80 | \$0.63 | \$11.05 |
| 2 ½ | 2 | 11.13 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$1.43 | \$1.13 | \$12.18 |
| 3 | 1 | 17.98 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$2.30 | \$1.82 | \$13.74 |
| 4 | 181 | 38.32 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$4.91 | \$3.88 | \$18.41 |
| 6 | 157 | 111.31 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$14.24 | \$11.26 | \$35.12 |
| 8 | 83 | 237.21 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$30.34 | \$24.00 | \$63.96 |
| 10 | 2 | 426.58 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$54.56 | \$43.15 | \$107.33 |
| 12 | 0 | 689.04 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$88.13 | \$69.70 | \$167.45 |

Table 7-4 compares the current FY 2019 fixed charges for fire and potable water customers with the FY 2019 charges revised based on the new cost of service analysis (Column B) and the proposed FY 2020 rates. The proposed FY 2020 charges escalate the FY 2019 revised charges by 7.40 percent. Column D shows the dollar impact of the proposed FY 2020 charges over the current FY 2019 charges. Note that the City currently charges \$1.00 per unit for each residential customer with more than 1 dwelling unit. It also charges \$0.50 per non-residential unit. Since there are minimal non-residential units and Raftelis recommends no longer assessing these charges on residential and non-

¹⁵ Fire Demand Ratios are different than Meter Capacity Ratios. The Fire Demand Ratios are calculated using the industry standards based on the formulas shown in Table 6-16

residential units, we are not including the minimal revenues generated by the non-residential units in this Study.

Table 7-4: FY 2020 Proposed Monthly Fixed Service Charges (FSC)

| Water Proposed Rev Adjustments Meter Size | FY 2019 Current A | FY 2019 Revised B (Table 7-3) | FY 2020 Proposed 7.40% C = B x 1.074 | \$ Impacts D = C - A |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Water | | | | |
| 5/8 | \$17.27 | \$18.94 | \$20.35 | \$3.08 |
| ¾ | \$17.27 | \$18.94 | \$20.35 | \$3.08 |
| 1 | \$28.79 | \$29.36 | \$31.54 | \$2.75 |
| 1 ½ | \$57.58 | \$55.37 | \$59.47 | \$1.89 |
| 2 | \$92.12 | \$86.59 | \$93.00 | \$0.88 |
| 3 | \$172.73 | \$229.68 | \$246.68 | \$73.95 |
| 4 | \$287.88 | \$393.58 | \$422.71 | \$134.83 |
| 6 | \$575.76 | \$835.87 | \$897.73 | \$321.97 |
| 8 | \$921.22 | \$1,460.27 | \$1,568.33 | \$647.11 |
| 10 | \$1,655.90 | \$2,188.73 | \$2,350.70 | \$694.80 |
| 12 | \$2,663.48 | \$2,761.11 | \$2,965.44 | \$301.96 |
| Per Dwelling Unit Charge | | | | |
| Residential | \$1.00 | N/A | N/A | -\$1.00 |
| Private Fire | | | | |
| Private Fire Meter Size | FY 2019 Current A | FY 2019 Revised B (Table 7-3) | FY 2020 Proposed C = B x 1.074 | \$ Impacts D = C - A |
| 5/8 | \$3.13 | \$9.69 | \$10.41 | \$7.28 |
| 1 | \$5.00 | \$9.86 | \$10.59 | \$5.59 |
| 1 ½ | \$7.50 | \$10.30 | \$11.07 | \$3.57 |
| 2 | \$10.00 | \$11.05 | \$11.87 | \$1.87 |
| 2 ½ | \$12.50 | \$12.18 | \$13.09 | \$0.59 |
| 3 | \$15.00 | \$13.74 | \$14.76 | -\$0.24 |
| 4 | \$20.00 | \$18.41 | \$19.78 | -\$0.22 |
| 6 | \$30.00 | \$35.12 | \$37.72 | \$7.72 |
| 8 | \$40.00 | \$63.96 | \$68.70 | \$28.70 |
| 10 | \$50.00 | \$107.33 | \$115.28 | \$65.28 |
| 12 | \$60.00 | \$167.45 | \$179.85 | \$119.85 |

7.2 PROPOSED WATER USAGE CHARGES

Water usage charges are comprised of those related to usage demand on the system such as water supply costs, water service costs, including remaining base fixed costs, and conservation program costs, as detailed numerically in Table 6-19. The components of the water usage charge are defined in Table 7-5.

Table 7-5: Water Usage Component Descriptions

| Rate Component | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| Water Supply | Recovers water purchase costs (Table 6-19, [C1]) |
| Water Service | Recovers remaining water system costs associated with delivering water, such as remaining base fixed costs (Table 6-19 [C4]) and conservation costs (Table 6-19 [C9]) |

Table 7-6 shows the water usage charge calculations using the allocated FY 2019 revenue requirements from Table 6-19 and FY 2019 water sales from Table 6-13. The calculated rate is rounded up to the nearest cent. The water usage charge will be assessed to all potable water usage including City parks and non-parks.

Table 7-6: FY 2019 Water Usage Charge Calculations

| Line No. | | FY 2019 Water Usage Charge | Notes |
|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Allocated Rev Requirements | \$17,020,170 | Table 6-19 |
| 2 | Units of Service | 5,905,925 HCF | Table 6-13 |
| 3 | Adjusted Unit Cost of Service | \$2.89 | [1] / [2], rounded up |

The recommended revised charges are uniform across all customer classes (Column B). As with the Monthly Fixed Service Charges, the revised charges are escalated by 7.40 percent to arrive at the proposed FY 2020 charges. Column D again provides the impacts of the proposed FY 2020 charges over the current FY 2019 charges.

Table 7-7: FY 2020 Proposed Water Usage Charges

| Proposed Rev Adjustments | FY 2019 Current | FY 2019 Revised | FY 2020 Proposed 7.40% | \$ Impacts |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------|
| | A | B (Table 7-6) | C = B x 1.074 | D = C - A |
| Potable Water | \$3.08 | \$2.89 | \$3.11 / HCF | \$0.03 |

7.3 PROPOSED RECYCLED WATER RATES

The Monthly Fixed Service Charges for the Recycled Water utility are calculated similarly to the potable water charges. Table 7-8 shows the Billing & Customer Service and Meter Service components. These customers pay the same Billing & Customer Service component as the potable water customers as the type of water service does not affect these costs. Column D multiplies the Meter Service component by the meter ratio for each meter size in comparison to a 3/4" meter, resulting in the revised FY 2019 Recycled Water Monthly Fixed Service Charges by meter size (Column E).

Table 7-8: FY 2019 Revised Monthly Fixed Service Charges (FSC) for RW Services

| RW Meter Size | FY 2019 No. of Meters A (Table 5-5) | Meter Ratios B (Table 6-14) | Billing & CS C = \$3.33 | Meter Service D = \$6.29x B | FY 2019 Revised FSC E = C + D |
|------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 5/8 | 0 | 1.00 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$9.62 |
| 3/4 | 0 | 1.00 | \$3.33 | \$6.29 | \$9.62 |
| 1 | 0 | 1.67 | \$3.33 | \$10.49 | \$13.82 |
| 1 1/2 | 0 | 3.33 | \$3.33 | \$20.97 | \$24.30 |
| 2 | 10 | 5.33 | \$3.33 | \$33.55 | \$36.88 |
| 3 | 3 | 14.50 | \$3.33 | \$91.21 | \$94.54 |
| 4 | 2 | 25.00 | \$3.33 | \$157.25 | \$160.58 |
| 6 | 1 | 53.33 | \$3.33 | \$335.47 | \$338.80 |
| 8 | 2 | 93.33 | \$3.33 | \$587.07 | \$590.40 |

Table 7-9 compares the current and revised FY 2019 RW charges along with the proposed FY 2020 RW charges and the dollar impact of the FY 2020 charges over the current FY 2019 charges.

Table 7-9: FY 2020 Proposed Monthly Fixed Service Charges (FSC) for RW Services

| RW Proposed Rev Adjustments Meter Size | FY 2019 Current A | FY 2019 Revised B (Table 7-8) | FY 2020 Proposed 7.40% C = B x 1.074 | \$ Impacts D = C - A |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 5/8 | \$20.47 | \$9.62 | \$10.34 | -\$10.13 |
| 3/4 | \$20.47 | \$9.62 | \$10.34 | -\$10.13 |
| 1 | \$34.13 | \$13.82 | \$14.85 | -\$19.28 |
| 1 1/2 | \$68.25 | \$24.30 | \$26.10 | -\$42.15 |
| 2 | \$109.19 | \$36.88 | \$39.61 | -\$69.58 |
| 3 | \$204.75 | \$94.54 | \$101.54 | -\$103.21 |
| 4 | \$341.24 | \$160.58 | \$172.47 | -\$168.77 |
| 6 | \$682.48 | \$338.80 | \$363.88 | -\$318.60 |
| 8 | \$1,091.97 | \$590.40 | \$634.09 | -\$457.88 |

RW usage charges are comprised of RW supply costs and RW pump station costs, as detailed numerically in Table 6-19. These components are defined in Table 7-10.

Table 7-10: RW Usage Component Descriptions

| Rate Component | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| RW Supply | Recovers RW purchase costs, 100% pass-through from OCWD |
| RW Pump Station | Recovers costs associated with operating, maintaining and replacing the pump stations to service certain RW meters |

Table 7-11 provides the calculation of the recycled water usage charges. The water units used for the Recycled Water usage charge represent the total recycled water demanded by customers. The units of service for the RW Pump Station costs reflect only the recycled water that passes through the pump station to higher elevation customers.

Table 7-11: FY 2019 RW Usage Charge Calculations

| Line No. | | FY 2019 RW Charge | FY 2019 RW Pump Station | Notes |
|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Allocated Rev Requirements | \$490,454¹⁶ | \$100,063 | <i>Table 6-19</i> |
| 2 | Units of Service | 247,804 HCF | 208,262 HCF | <i>Table 5-5, [B11] & [B13]</i> |
| 3 | Adjusted Unit Cost of Service | \$1.98 | \$0.49 | <i>[1] / [2], rounded up</i> |

Table 7-12 compares the current usage charge to that based on the updated cost of service conducted in this study and the FY 2020 charges, which increase the revised FY 2019 charges by 7.40 percent.

Table 7-12: FY 2020 Proposed RW Usage Charges

| Proposed Rev Adjustments | FY 2019 Current | FY 2019 Revised | FY 2020 Proposed 7.40% | \$ Impacts |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|------------|
| | A | B (Table 7-11) | C | D = C - A |
| RW Usage <i>(100% pass-through from OCWD, Table 5-10)</i> | \$1.92 | \$1.98 | \$2.05 | \$0.13 |
| RW Pump Station Usage | \$0.39 | \$0.49 | \$0.53¹⁷ | \$0.14 |

¹⁶ Also from Table 5-14, RW supply costs

¹⁷ Increased by the proposed revenue adjustment 7.4% for FY 2020 from the FY 2019 Revised rates

7.4 5-YEAR PROPOSED RATES

Based on the projections of the financial plan and defined in Table 5-13, we propose that the charges increase by 7.4 percent annually through FY 2024 so that the City can meet its O&M and capital costs while maintaining adequate reserves. The revised FY 2019 rates and charges described in the previous section are escalated according to this rate adjustment and shown in Table 7-13, Table 7-14, Table 7-15, and Table 7-16 for Water, Private Fire Protection and RW services, respectively. Note that the City currently charges \$1.00 per unit for each residential customer with more than 1 dwelling unit. It also charges \$0.50 per non-residential unit. Since there are minimal non-residential units and Raftelis recommends no longer assessing these charges on residential and non-residential units.

Table 7-13: 5-Year Proposed Water Monthly Fixed Service Charges

| Monthly Fixed Service Charges Proposed Revenue Adjustments (Table 5-13) | FY 2019 Current | FY 2020 7.4% Proposed | FY 2021 7.4% Proposed | FY 2022 7.4% Proposed | FY 2023 7.4% Proposed | FY 2024 7.4% Proposed |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Water Services | | | | | | |
| 5/8 | \$17.27 | \$20.35 | \$21.86 | \$23.48 | \$25.22 | \$27.09 |
| ¾ | \$17.27 | \$20.35 | \$21.86 | \$23.48 | \$25.22 | \$27.09 |
| 1 | \$28.79 | \$31.54 | \$33.88 | \$36.39 | \$39.09 | \$41.99 |
| 1 ½ | \$57.58 | \$59.47 | \$63.88 | \$68.61 | \$73.69 | \$79.15 |
| 2 | \$92.12 | \$93.00 | \$99.89 | \$107.29 | \$115.23 | \$123.76 |
| 3 | \$172.73 | \$246.68 | \$264.94 | \$284.55 | \$305.61 | \$328.23 |
| 4 | \$287.88 | \$422.71 | \$454.00 | \$487.60 | \$523.69 | \$562.45 |
| 6 | \$575.76 | \$897.73 | \$964.17 | \$1,035.52 | \$1,112.15 | \$1,194.45 |
| 8 | \$921.22 | \$1,568.33 | \$1,684.39 | \$1,809.04 | \$1,942.91 | \$2,086.69 |
| 10 | \$1,655.90 | \$2,350.70 | \$2,524.66 | \$2,711.49 | \$2,912.15 | \$3,127.65 |
| 12 | \$2,663.48 | \$2,965.44 | \$3,184.89 | \$3,420.58 | \$3,673.71 | \$3,945.57 |
| Per Dwelling Unit Charge | | | | | | |
| Residential | \$1.00 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Non-Residential | \$0.50 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Table 7-14: 5-Year Proposed Private Fire Protection Monthly Service Charges

| Proposed Revenue Adjustments (Table 5-13) | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 |
|--|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | 7.4% | 7.4% | 7.4% | 7.4% | 7.4% |
| | Current | Proposed | Proposed | Proposed | Proposed | Proposed |
| Private Fire | | | | | | |
| 5/8 | \$3.13 | \$10.41 | \$11.19 | \$12.02 | \$12.91 | \$13.87 |
| 1 | \$5.00 | \$10.59 | \$11.38 | \$12.23 | \$13.14 | \$14.12 |
| 1 ½ | \$7.50 | \$11.07 | \$11.89 | \$12.77 | \$13.72 | \$14.74 |
| 2 | \$10.00 | \$11.87 | \$12.75 | \$13.70 | \$14.72 | \$15.81 |
| 2 ½ | \$12.50 | \$13.09 | \$14.06 | \$15.11 | \$16.23 | \$17.44 |
| 3 | \$15.00 | \$14.76 | \$15.86 | \$17.04 | \$18.31 | \$19.67 |
| 4 | \$20.00 | \$19.78 | \$21.25 | \$22.83 | \$24.52 | \$26.34 |
| 6 | \$30.00 | \$37.72 | \$40.52 | \$43.52 | \$46.75 | \$50.21 |
| 8 | \$40.00 | \$68.70 | \$73.79 | \$79.26 | \$85.13 | \$91.43 |
| 10 | \$50.00 | \$115.28 | \$123.82 | \$132.99 | \$142.84 | \$153.42 |
| 12 | \$60.00 | \$179.85 | \$193.16 | \$207.46 | \$222.82 | \$239.31 |

Table 7-15: 5-Year Proposed Water Usage Charges

| Proposed Revenue Adjustments (Table 5-13) | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 |
|--|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | 7.4% | 7.4% | 7.4% | 7.4% | 7.4% |
| | Current | Proposed | Proposed | Proposed | Proposed | Proposed |
| Potable Water | \$3.08 | \$3.11 | \$3.35 | \$3.60 | \$3.87 | \$4.16 |

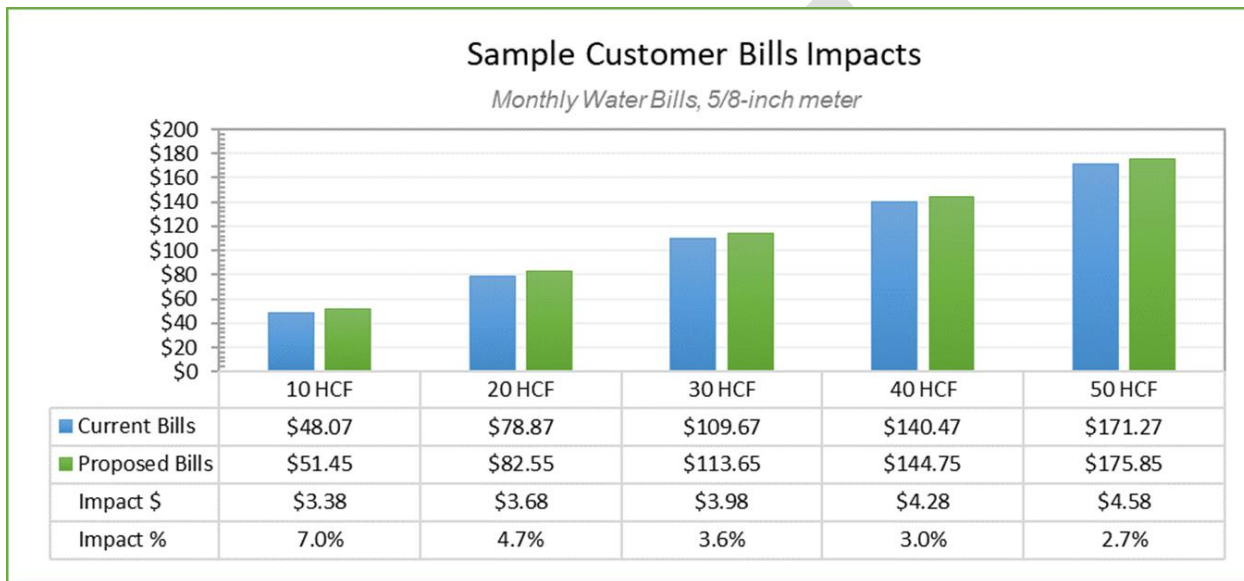
Table 7-16: 5-Year Proposed RW Rates

| RW Services Proposed Revenue Adjustments (Table 5-13) | FY 2019 Current | FY 2020 Proposed 7.4% | FY 2021 Proposed 7.4% | FY 2022 Proposed 7.4% | FY 2023 Proposed 7.4% | FY 2024 Proposed 7.4% |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| RW Monthly Fixed Service Charges | | | | | | |
| 5/8 | \$20.47 | \$10.34 | \$11.11 | \$11.94 | \$12.83 | \$13.78 |
| ¾ | \$20.47 | \$10.34 | \$11.11 | \$11.94 | \$12.83 | \$13.78 |
| 1 | \$34.13 | \$14.85 | \$15.95 | \$17.14 | \$18.41 | \$19.78 |
| 1 ½ | \$68.25 | \$26.10 | \$28.04 | \$30.12 | \$32.35 | \$34.75 |
| 2 | \$109.19 | \$39.61 | \$42.55 | \$45.70 | \$49.09 | \$52.73 |
| 3 | \$204.75 | \$101.54 | \$109.06 | \$117.14 | \$125.81 | \$135.12 |
| 4 | \$341.24 | \$172.47 | \$185.24 | \$198.95 | \$213.68 | \$229.50 |
| 6 | \$682.48 | \$363.88 | \$390.81 | \$419.73 | \$450.80 | \$484.16 |
| 8 | \$1,091.97 | \$634.09 | \$681.02 | \$731.42 | \$785.55 | \$843.69 |
| Volumetric Charge (\$/HCF) | | | | | | |
| RW Usage Charge <i>(100% Pass-through from OCWD)</i> | \$1.92 | \$2.05 | \$2.12 | \$2.13 | \$2.21 | \$2.29 |
| RW Pump Station Charge | \$0.39 | \$0.53 | \$0.57 | \$0.62 | \$0.67 | \$0.72 |

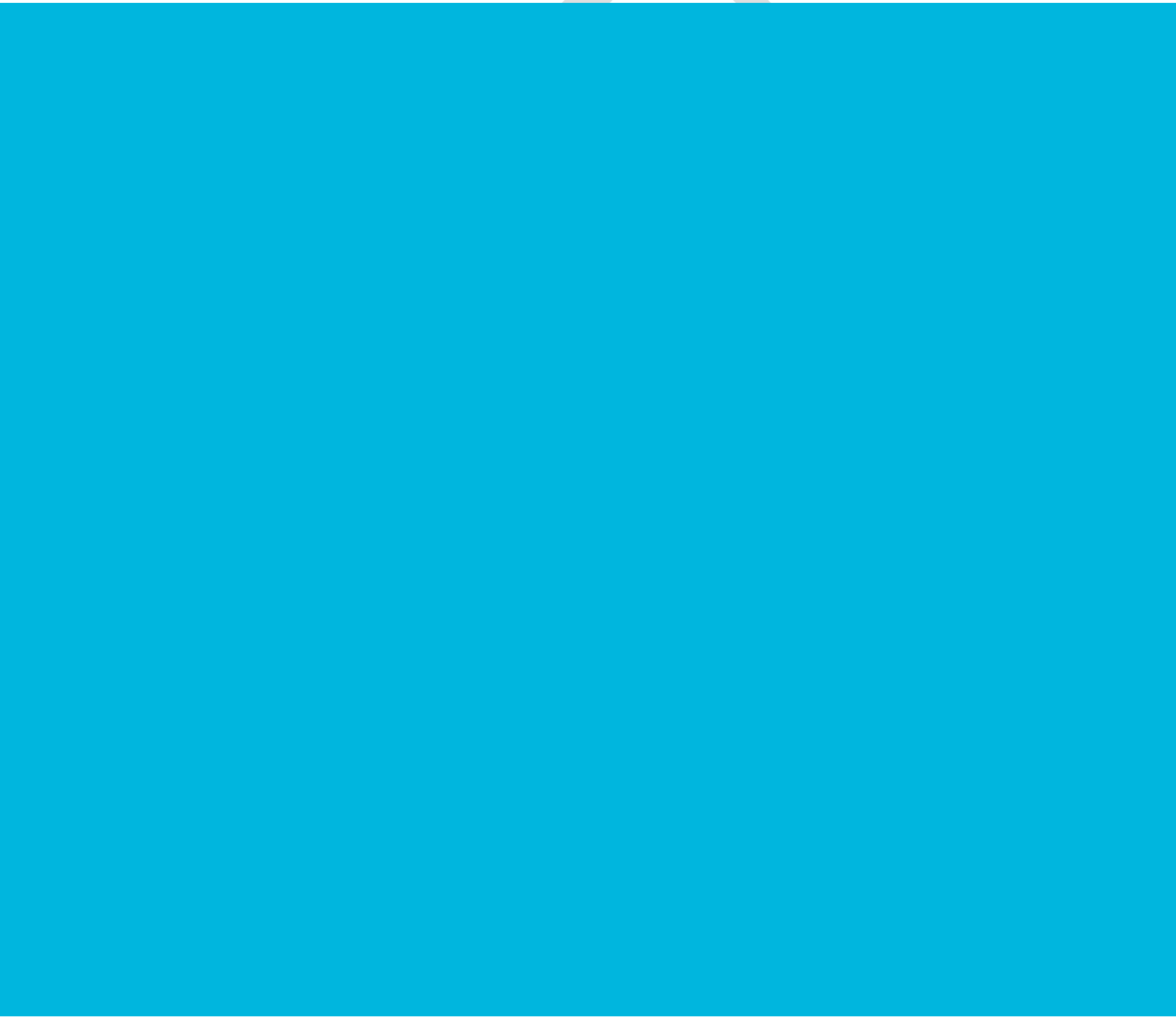
8. CUSTOMER IMPACT ANALYSIS

Before implementing any rate structure recommendations, it is important to understand how the proposed rate structure will impact the City’s customers. Customer impact analysis is a powerful tool which can be used to assist elected officials in making informed decisions. Figure 8-1 shows that, under the proposed rates, a typical residential customer with 5/8-inch meters will see an approximate increase of \$3.38 to \$4.58 in their monthly water bills with usage ranging from 10 hcf to 50 hcf.

Figure 8-1: Typical Residential Customer Bill Impacts



APPENDIX



Appendix 1 – O&M Inputs, Forecast and Functionalization and O&M Cost Allocations

Source: FY 2019 and FY 2020 operating budgets for Water Fund provided on May 14, 2019

| OBJ | Description | Escalated by | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 | Functions | |
|--------|---------------------|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----|
| | | | Actual | Actual | Est. Actual | Budget | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | | |
| | SALARIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 711001 | Salaries & Benefits | SALARIES MISCELLANEOUS | Salary | \$2,641,547 | \$2,671,979 | \$2,906,645 | \$2,977,804 | \$3,052,249 | \$3,128,555 | \$3,206,769 | \$3,286,939 | \$3,369,112 | \$3,453,340 | \$3,539,673 | \$3,628,165 | \$3,718,869 | G&A |
| 711003 | Salaries & Benefits | SALARIES PART TIME | Salary | \$66,758 | \$39,748 | \$44,536 | \$102,930 | \$105,503 | \$108,141 | \$110,844 | \$113,615 | \$116,456 | \$119,367 | \$122,351 | \$125,410 | \$128,545 | G&A |
| 711004 | Salaries & Benefits | SALARIES SEASONAL | Salary | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 712003 | Salaries & Benefits | NIGHT DIFFERENTIAL MISC | Salary | \$0 | \$36 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 712004 | Salaries & Benefits | CERTIFICATION PAY | Salary | \$22,979 | \$22,798 | \$18,481 | \$23,995 | \$24,595 | \$25,210 | \$25,840 | \$26,486 | \$27,148 | \$27,827 | \$28,523 | \$29,236 | \$29,966 | G&A |
| 712006 | Salaries & Benefits | BILINGUAL PAY | Salary | \$2,731 | \$4,190 | \$1,800 | \$1,800 | \$1,845 | \$1,891 | \$1,938 | \$1,987 | \$2,037 | \$2,087 | \$2,140 | \$2,193 | \$2,248 | G&A |
| 713001 | Salaries & Benefits | OVERTIME MISC & 1/2 TIME | Salary | \$61,660 | \$79,870 | \$60,000 | \$63,209 | \$64,789 | \$66,409 | \$68,069 | \$69,771 | \$71,515 | \$73,303 | \$75,136 | \$77,014 | \$78,939 | G&A |
| 713007 | Salaries & Benefits | DUTY PAY | Salary | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 713008 | Salaries & Benefits | CALL BACK PAY | Salary | \$75,569 | \$56,852 | \$50,000 | \$51,500 | \$52,788 | \$54,107 | \$55,460 | \$56,846 | \$58,268 | \$59,724 | \$61,217 | \$62,748 | \$64,316 | G&A |
| 713009 | Salaries & Benefits | STAND BY PAY | Salary | \$78,091 | \$79,313 | \$82,500 | \$84,975 | \$87,099 | \$89,277 | \$91,509 | \$93,797 | \$96,141 | \$98,545 | \$101,009 | \$103,534 | \$106,122 | G&A |
| 714001 | Salaries & Benefits | LUMP SUM PAYMENT | Salary | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 714006 | Salaries & Benefits | PAID COMP/SPILLOVER PAY | Salary | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 721001 | Salaries & Benefits | CAFETERIA ALLOWANCE FULLTIME | Benefits | \$631,508 | \$648,533 | \$752,490 | \$741,139 | \$770,785 | \$801,616 | \$833,681 | \$867,028 | \$901,709 | \$937,777 | \$975,288 | \$1,014,300 | \$1,054,872 | G&A |
| 721002 | Salaries & Benefits | CAFETERIA ALLOWANCE PART TIME | Benefits | \$2,158 | \$5,712 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 722001 | Salaries & Benefits | PENSION MEMBER CONTRIB MISC | Benefits | \$262,599 | \$266,169 | \$303,322 | \$295,970 | \$307,809 | \$320,122 | \$332,926 | \$346,244 | \$360,093 | \$374,497 | \$389,477 | \$405,056 | \$421,258 | G&A |
| 723002 | Salaries & Benefits | PENSION NORMAL COST MISC | Benefits | \$156,153 | \$159,562 | \$184,642 | \$218,845 | \$227,598 | \$236,702 | \$246,170 | \$256,017 | \$266,258 | \$276,908 | \$287,984 | \$299,504 | \$311,484 | G&A |
| 723004 | Salaries & Benefits | RETIREMENT PART TIME/TEMP | Benefits | \$1,230 | \$93 | \$0 | \$3,860 | \$4,014 | \$4,175 | \$4,342 | \$4,515 | \$4,696 | \$4,884 | \$5,079 | \$5,282 | \$5,494 | G&A |
| 724001 | Salaries & Benefits | EE CONTRIBUTION MISC | Benefits | -\$321,968 | -\$346,462 | -\$386,636 | -\$388,305 | -\$403,837 | -\$419,991 | -\$436,791 | -\$454,262 | -\$472,433 | -\$491,330 | -\$510,983 | -\$531,422 | -\$552,679 | G&A |
| 725001 | Salaries & Benefits | PENSION UAL COST MISC | Benefits | \$503,978 | \$612,859 | \$656,825 | \$658,779 | \$685,130 | \$712,535 | \$741,037 | \$770,678 | \$801,505 | \$833,566 | \$866,908 | \$901,585 | \$937,648 | G&A |
| 725003 | Salaries & Benefits | DISCRETIONARY UAL MISC | Benefits | \$225,359 | \$252,308 | \$229,172 | \$211,989 | \$220,469 | \$229,287 | \$238,459 | \$247,997 | \$257,917 | \$268,234 | \$278,963 | \$290,122 | \$301,726 | G&A |
| 726002 | Salaries & Benefits | ANNUAL OPEB PREMIUM | Benefits | \$150,535 | \$151,174 | \$150,865 | \$153,840 | \$159,994 | \$166,393 | \$173,049 | \$179,971 | \$187,170 | \$194,657 | \$202,443 | \$210,541 | \$218,962 | G&A |
| 727001 | Salaries & Benefits | CAR ALLOWANCE | Benefits | \$3,059 | \$0 | \$4,800 | \$4,800 | \$4,992 | \$5,192 | \$5,399 | \$5,615 | \$5,840 | \$6,074 | \$6,316 | \$6,569 | \$6,832 | G&A |
| 727003 | Salaries & Benefits | CELL PHONE STIPEND | Benefits | \$18,789 | \$17,428 | \$19,680 | \$18,720 | \$19,469 | \$20,248 | \$21,057 | \$21,900 | \$22,776 | \$23,687 | \$24,634 | \$25,620 | \$26,644 | G&A |
| 727004 | Salaries & Benefits | RHS \$2.50 CONTRIBUTION | Benefits | \$43,520 | \$44,056 | \$48,208 | \$52,700 | \$54,808 | \$57,000 | \$59,280 | \$61,651 | \$64,117 | \$66,682 | \$69,349 | \$72,123 | \$75,008 | G&A |
| 727005 | Salaries & Benefits | HYBRID CONTRIB DEPT DIRECTOR | Benefits | \$1,068 | \$553 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 727007 | Salaries & Benefits | PAYMENT > ARC | Benefits | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 727012 | Salaries & Benefits | LIFE INSURANCE | Benefits | \$3,178 | \$3,342 | \$3,465 | \$3,493 | \$3,632 | \$3,778 | \$3,929 | \$4,086 | \$4,249 | \$4,419 | \$4,596 | \$4,780 | \$4,971 | G&A |
| 727013 | Salaries & Benefits | EMP ASSISTANCE PROGRAM | Benefits | \$706 | \$661 | \$685 | \$690 | \$718 | \$747 | \$776 | \$808 | \$840 | \$873 | \$908 | \$945 | \$982 | G&A |
| 727014 | Salaries & Benefits | OTHER BENEFITS | Benefits | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 727015 | Salaries & Benefits | UNEMPLOYMENT EXPENSE | Benefits | \$0 | \$1,650 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 727016 | Salaries & Benefits | MEDICARE FRINGES | Benefits | \$42,278 | \$43,990 | \$54,821 | \$55,902 | \$58,138 | \$60,464 | \$62,882 | \$65,398 | \$68,013 | \$70,734 | \$73,563 | \$76,506 | \$79,566 | G&A |
| 727019 | Salaries & Benefits | SURVIVOR BENEFIT | Benefits | \$0 | \$4,424 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 727020 | Salaries & Benefits | DEFERRED COMP CITY CONTRIB | Benefits | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4,201 | \$4,369 | \$4,543 | \$4,725 | \$4,914 | \$5,111 | \$5,315 | \$5,528 | \$5,749 | \$5,979 | G&A |
| 728001 | Salaries & Benefits | WORKERS' COMP ISF MISC | Benefits | \$58,056 | \$58,056 | \$155,407 | \$149,901 | \$155,897 | \$162,133 | \$168,618 | \$175,363 | \$182,377 | \$189,673 | \$197,259 | \$205,150 | \$213,356 | G&A |
| 728003 | Salaries & Benefits | COMPENSATED ABSENCES | Benefits | \$91,849 | \$98,641 | \$101,732 | \$104,151 | \$108,317 | \$112,649 | \$117,155 | \$121,842 | \$126,715 | \$131,784 | \$137,055 | \$142,537 | \$148,239 | G&A |
| 729001 | Salaries & Benefits | PAYROLL ACCRUAL EXPENSE | Benefits | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 729015 | Salaries & Benefits | CONTRA PENSION EXP (GASB 68) | Benefits | -\$219,333 | -\$124,010 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 729016 | Salaries & Benefits | CONTRA OPEB EXP (GASB 75) | Benefits | \$0 | -\$120,716 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| | | SUBTOTAL SALARIES | | \$4,604,056 | \$4,732,810 | \$5,443,440 | \$5,596,886 | \$5,771,169 | \$5,951,182 | \$6,137,126 | \$6,329,204 | \$6,527,631 | \$6,732,626 | \$6,944,418 | \$7,163,244 | \$7,389,349 | |

| OBJ | Description | Escalated by | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 | Functions |
|--------|--|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | Actual | Actual | Est. Actual | Budget | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | | |
| | OPERATING | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 811004 | Other Operating Exp RENTAL/PROP & EQUIP NOC | General | \$1,028 | \$0 | \$4,000 | \$4,000 | \$4,120 | \$4,244 | \$4,371 | \$4,502 | \$4,637 | \$4,776 | \$4,919 | \$5,067 | \$5,219 | G&A |
| 811008 | Other Operating Exp SERVICES PROF & TECH NOC | General | \$102,438 | \$215,483 | \$197,063 | \$150,343 | \$154,853 | \$159,499 | \$164,284 | \$169,212 | \$174,289 | \$179,517 | \$184,903 | \$190,450 | \$196,164 | G&A |
| 811027 | Other Operating Exp SERVICES CITY PRINT CONTRACT | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$20,470 | \$21,084 | \$21,717 | \$22,368 | \$23,039 | \$23,730 | \$24,442 | \$25,176 | \$25,931 | \$26,709 | G&A |
| 811040 | Other Operating Exp MUNICIPAL SVCS STATEMENT EXP | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 811045 | Conservation Progra WATER CONSERVATION SUPPORT | General | \$106,808 | \$0 | \$218,247 | \$218,247 | \$224,794 | \$231,538 | \$238,484 | \$245,639 | \$253,008 | \$260,598 | \$268,416 | \$276,469 | \$284,763 | Conservation |
| 811049 | Meter Related METER READING SERVICES | General | \$293,838 | \$288,914 | \$310,787 | \$311,575 | \$320,922 | \$330,550 | \$340,466 | \$350,680 | \$361,201 | \$372,037 | \$383,198 | \$394,694 | \$406,535 | Meter Service |
| 811056 | Other Operating Exp SAFETY TRAINING PROGRAM | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 811057 | Other Operating Exp SCADA TRAINING | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$150,000 | \$154,500 | \$159,135 | \$163,909 | \$168,826 | \$173,891 | \$179,108 | \$184,481 | \$190,016 | \$195,716 | G&A |
| 811058 | Other Operating Exp HAZARDOUS MATERIALS REMOVAL | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$20,000 | \$20,600 | \$21,218 | \$21,855 | \$22,510 | \$23,185 | \$23,881 | \$24,597 | \$25,335 | \$26,095 | Treatment |
| 831001 | Other Operating Exp TELECOMM DATALINES | General | \$11,751 | \$18,924 | \$15,100 | \$15,100 | \$15,553 | \$16,020 | \$16,500 | \$16,995 | \$17,505 | \$18,030 | \$18,571 | \$19,128 | \$19,702 | G&A |
| 831002 | Other Operating Exp UTILITIES TELEPHONE | General | \$20,789 | \$27,119 | \$19,000 | \$24,000 | \$24,720 | \$25,462 | \$26,225 | \$27,012 | \$27,823 | \$28,657 | \$29,517 | \$30,402 | \$31,315 | G&A |
| 831003 | Other Operating Exp UTILITIES NATURAL GAS | Utilities | \$1,708 | \$1,565 | \$2,000 | \$2,000 | \$2,100 | \$2,205 | \$2,315 | \$2,431 | \$2,553 | \$2,680 | \$2,814 | \$2,955 | \$3,103 | G&A |
| 831004 | Other Operating Exp UTILITIES ELECTRICITY | Utilities | \$1,213,906 | \$1,107,230 | \$1,490,000 | \$1,490,000 | \$1,564,500 | \$1,642,725 | \$1,724,861 | \$1,811,104 | \$1,901,660 | \$1,996,743 | \$2,096,580 | \$2,201,409 | \$2,311,479 | G&A |
| 831005 | Other Operating Exp UTILITIES WATER | Utilities | \$4,170 | \$6,905 | \$14,935 | \$25,170 | \$26,429 | \$27,750 | \$29,137 | \$30,594 | \$32,124 | \$33,730 | \$35,417 | \$37,188 | \$39,047 | G&A |
| 831006 | Other Operating Exp UTILITIES ELECTRIC VEHICLE PRO | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 841007 | Other Operating Exp SUPPLIES OFFICE NOC | General | \$4,974 | \$3,912 | \$6,225 | \$5,500 | \$5,665 | \$5,835 | \$6,010 | \$6,190 | \$6,376 | \$6,567 | \$6,764 | \$6,967 | \$7,176 | G&A |
| 841014 | Other Operating Exp SUPPLIES JANITORIAL NOC | General | \$10,230 | \$15,856 | \$9,000 | \$9,000 | \$9,270 | \$9,548 | \$9,835 | \$10,130 | \$10,433 | \$10,746 | \$11,069 | \$11,401 | \$11,743 | G&A |
| 841015 | Other Operating Exp SPECIAL DEPT SUPPLIES NOC | General | \$101,721 | \$34,652 | \$75,000 | \$75,000 | \$77,250 | \$79,568 | \$81,955 | \$84,413 | \$86,946 | \$89,554 | \$92,241 | \$95,008 | \$97,858 | G&A |
| 841018 | Other Operating Exp TREATMENT CHEMICALS | Chemicals | \$107,022 | \$94,603 | \$184,286 | \$140,000 | \$142,800 | \$145,656 | \$148,569 | \$151,541 | \$154,571 | \$157,663 | \$160,816 | \$164,032 | \$167,313 | Treatment |
| 841043 | Other Operating Exp CONCRETE MATERIALS | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 841044 | Other Operating Exp TOOLS INSTRUMENTS ETC | General | \$7,091 | \$16,001 | \$22,500 | \$22,500 | \$23,175 | \$23,870 | \$24,586 | \$25,324 | \$26,084 | \$26,866 | \$27,672 | \$28,502 | \$29,357 | G&A |
| 841046 | Other Operating Exp SPECIAL DEPT EXPENSE NOC | General | \$52 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 841057 | Potable WS Costs IMPORTED WATER EXP | Calculated | \$3,895,530 | \$4,588,695 | \$4,900,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$4,832,969 | \$5,126,582 | \$5,366,334 | \$5,617,660 | \$5,881,126 | \$6,157,331 | \$6,446,900 | \$6,750,490 | \$7,068,790 | Water Supply |
| 841058 | Potable WS Costs GROUNDWATER EXP | Calculated | \$4,916,003 | \$5,903,530 | \$6,400,000 | \$7,100,000 | \$7,212,865 | \$7,600,757 | \$8,009,951 | \$8,441,645 | \$8,897,109 | \$9,377,681 | \$9,884,783 | \$10,419,915 | \$10,984,667 | Water Supply |
| 841059 | RW Supply Costs RECLAIMED WATER EXPENSE OCWD | Calculated | \$241,898 | \$431,915 | \$396,300 | \$471,300 | \$524,399 | \$526,740 | \$546,640 | \$567,709 | \$589,949 | \$619,447 | \$650,419 | \$682,940 | \$717,087 | RW Supply |
| 841060 | Other Operating Exp OTHER AGENCY FEES | General | \$222,209 | \$168,024 | \$225,000 | \$225,000 | \$231,750 | \$238,703 | \$245,864 | \$253,239 | \$260,837 | \$268,662 | \$276,722 | \$285,023 | \$293,574 | G&A |
| 841062 | Other Operating Exp STATION OPERATIONS | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 841063 | Conservation Progra WATER CNSRV ACTIVITIES | General | \$107,481 | \$115,909 | \$204,175 | \$202,371 | \$208,442 | \$214,695 | \$221,136 | \$227,770 | \$234,603 | \$241,642 | \$248,891 | \$256,358 | \$264,048 | Conservation |
| 841073 | Other Operating Exp YARD & PROJECT MATERIALS | General | \$18,701 | \$17,950 | \$25,500 | \$25,500 | \$26,265 | \$27,053 | \$27,865 | \$28,700 | \$29,561 | \$30,448 | \$31,362 | \$32,303 | \$33,272 | G&A |
| 851001 | Other Operating Exp GENERATOR MAINTENANCE & REPAIR | General | \$15,374 | \$12,754 | \$13,500 | \$13,542 | \$13,948 | \$14,367 | \$14,798 | \$15,242 | \$15,699 | \$16,170 | \$16,655 | \$17,155 | \$17,669 | G&A |
| 851002 | Other Operating Exp VALVE MAINT PROGRAM | General | \$71,423 | \$86,589 | \$90,000 | \$90,000 | \$92,700 | \$95,481 | \$98,345 | \$101,296 | \$104,335 | \$107,465 | \$110,689 | \$114,009 | \$117,430 | Pumping |
| 851003 | Other Operating Exp AIR VAC MAINT PROGRAM | General | \$20,825 | \$14,729 | \$0 | \$20,000 | \$20,600 | \$21,218 | \$21,855 | \$22,510 | \$23,185 | \$23,881 | \$24,597 | \$25,335 | \$26,095 | Pumping |
| 851004 | Meter Related WATER SERVICE M&R | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | Meter Service |
| 851005 | Meter Related METER VAULT REPLACEMENT | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$6,000 | \$6,000 | \$6,180 | \$6,365 | \$6,556 | \$6,753 | \$6,956 | \$7,164 | \$7,379 | \$7,601 | \$7,829 | Meter Service |
| 851007 | Other Operating Exp AUTOMOTIVE FUEL/WASH | General | \$54,990 | \$54,636 | \$60,000 | \$60,000 | \$61,800 | \$63,654 | \$65,564 | \$67,531 | \$69,556 | \$71,643 | \$73,792 | \$76,006 | \$78,286 | G&A |
| 851010 | Other Operating Exp MAINT & REPAIR EQUIP | General | \$5,811 | \$707 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,300 | \$10,609 | \$10,927 | \$11,255 | \$11,593 | \$11,941 | \$12,299 | \$12,668 | \$13,048 | G&A |
| 851013 | Other Operating Exp PRINTER MAINT/SUPPLIES | General | \$4,176 | \$2,813 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 | \$5,150 | \$5,305 | \$5,464 | \$5,628 | \$5,796 | \$5,970 | \$6,149 | \$6,334 | \$6,524 | G&A |
| 851016 | Other Operating Exp MAINTENANCE & REPAIR BLDG | General | \$10,795 | \$5,425 | \$44,812 | \$44,812 | \$46,156 | \$47,541 | \$48,967 | \$50,436 | \$51,949 | \$53,508 | \$55,113 | \$56,767 | \$58,469 | G&A |
| 851033 | Other Operating Exp WELLS & PUMP STA MAINT | General | \$71,101 | \$84,516 | \$105,977 | \$85,000 | \$87,550 | \$90,177 | \$92,882 | \$95,668 | \$98,538 | \$101,494 | \$104,539 | \$107,675 | \$110,906 | Storage |
| 851034 | Other Operating Exp REGULATING STA MAINT | General | \$64,821 | \$53,933 | \$55,000 | \$55,000 | \$56,650 | \$58,350 | \$60,100 | \$61,903 | \$63,760 | \$65,673 | \$67,643 | \$69,672 | \$71,763 | G&A |
| 851037 | Other Operating Exp MAINTENANCE & REPAIR NOC | General | \$148,367 | \$150,991 | \$178,500 | \$175,611 | \$180,879 | \$186,306 | \$191,895 | \$197,652 | \$203,581 | \$209,689 | \$215,979 | \$222,459 | \$229,133 | Distribution |
| 851048 | Other Operating Exp BACKFLOW MAINT & REPAIR | General | \$15,405 | \$3,636 | \$29,236 | \$25,000 | \$25,750 | \$26,523 | \$27,318 | \$28,138 | \$28,982 | \$29,851 | \$30,747 | \$31,669 | \$32,619 | Distribution |

| | | | Actual | Actual | Est. Actual | Budget | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | Projected | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| OPERATING | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 851049 | Other Operating Exp | MAINTENANCE SCADA | General | \$49,115 | \$46,905 | \$47,250 | \$47,237 | \$48,654 | \$50,114 | \$51,617 | \$53,166 | \$54,761 | \$56,403 | \$58,096 | \$59,838 | \$61,634 | G&A |
| 851050 | Other Operating Exp | SEWER MANHOLE LINING PRGM | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 851055 | Meter Related | WATER METER REPL PROGRAM | General | \$339,828 | \$3,863 | \$501,618 | \$218,312 | \$224,861 | \$231,607 | \$238,555 | \$245,712 | \$253,083 | \$260,676 | \$268,496 | \$276,551 | \$284,848 | Meter Service |
| 851056 | Other Operating Exp | FIRE HYDRANT REPL PROGRAM | General | \$68,809 | \$64,369 | \$73,092 | \$70,000 | \$72,100 | \$74,263 | \$76,491 | \$78,786 | \$81,149 | \$83,584 | \$86,091 | \$88,674 | \$91,334 | Fire Protection |
| 851057 | Other Operating Exp | CATHODIC PROTECTION PRGM | General | \$0 | \$15,000 | \$23,000 | \$23,000 | \$23,690 | \$24,401 | \$25,133 | \$25,887 | \$26,663 | \$27,463 | \$28,287 | \$29,136 | \$30,010 | G&A |
| 851058 | Meter Related | METER & VALVE CVR PRGM | General | \$46,636 | \$56,800 | \$106,522 | \$100,000 | \$103,000 | \$106,090 | \$109,273 | \$112,551 | \$115,927 | \$119,405 | \$122,987 | \$126,677 | \$130,477 | Meter Service |
| 851059 | Meter Related | METER READING EQUIPT IMPR | General | \$3,598 | \$90 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | Meter Service |
| 851060 | Other Operating Exp | WATER QLTY MONTOR PRGM | General | \$56,355 | \$50,904 | \$75,000 | \$75,000 | \$77,250 | \$79,568 | \$81,955 | \$84,413 | \$86,946 | \$89,554 | \$92,241 | \$95,008 | \$97,858 | Treatment |
| 851061 | Other Operating Exp | BIG CNYN RSVR MONITOR PRG | General | \$0 | \$147 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | Storage |
| 851062 | Other Operating Exp | UTILITIES FAC MAIN PROG | General | \$139,065 | \$106,140 | \$135,883 | \$138,439 | \$142,592 | \$146,870 | \$151,276 | \$155,814 | \$160,489 | \$165,304 | \$170,263 | \$175,370 | \$180,632 | Transmission |
| 851063 | Other Operating Exp | WATER TREATMENT PROGRAM | General | \$50,561 | \$54,037 | \$63,767 | \$60,000 | \$61,800 | \$63,654 | \$65,564 | \$67,531 | \$69,556 | \$71,643 | \$73,792 | \$76,006 | \$78,286 | Treatment |
| 851064 | Meter Related | COMMERCIAL METER REPL PRG | General | \$68,861 | \$50,145 | \$85,000 | \$70,000 | \$72,100 | \$74,263 | \$76,491 | \$78,786 | \$81,149 | \$83,584 | \$86,091 | \$88,674 | \$91,334 | Meter Service |
| 851065 | Other Operating Exp | NWP COAST REIMBURSEMENT | General | \$114 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 851067 | Other Operating Exp | RECYCLE PUMP STATION MAINT | General | \$44,302 | \$54,070 | \$10,360 | \$10,360 | \$10,671 | \$10,991 | \$11,320 | \$11,660 | \$12,010 | \$12,370 | \$12,741 | \$13,124 | \$13,517 | RW Pump Sta |
| 851072 | Other Operating Exp | SEWER FEES: FIXED + USE | General | \$0 | \$280 | \$3,789 | \$3,789 | \$3,903 | \$4,020 | \$4,140 | \$4,265 | \$4,392 | \$4,524 | \$4,660 | \$4,800 | \$4,944 | G&A |
| 851073 | Other Operating Exp | PUMP & MOTOR REPAIR | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$60,000 | \$61,800 | \$63,654 | \$65,564 | \$67,531 | \$69,556 | \$71,643 | \$73,792 | \$76,006 | \$78,286 | Pumping |
| 861001 | Gen & Admin | TRAVEL & MEETINGS NOC | General | \$4,258 | \$290 | \$4,000 | \$4,000 | \$4,120 | \$4,244 | \$4,371 | \$4,502 | \$4,637 | \$4,776 | \$4,919 | \$5,067 | \$5,219 | G&A |
| 861003 | Gen & Admin | TRAINING | General | \$6,989 | \$11,541 | \$22,374 | \$30,000 | \$30,900 | \$31,827 | \$32,782 | \$33,765 | \$34,778 | \$35,822 | \$36,896 | \$38,003 | \$39,143 | G&A |
| 871001 | Gen & Admin | CERT & MEMBERSHIP | General | \$2,142 | \$2,492 | \$3,500 | \$3,500 | \$3,605 | \$3,713 | \$3,825 | \$3,939 | \$4,057 | \$4,179 | \$4,305 | \$4,434 | \$4,567 | G&A |
| 871002 | Gen & Admin | ADVERT & PUB RELATIONS | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | \$10,300 | \$10,609 | \$10,927 | \$11,255 | \$11,593 | \$11,941 | \$12,299 | \$12,668 | \$13,048 | G&A |
| 871003 | Gen & Admin | POSTAGE FREIGHT EXPERSS NOC | General | \$63,950 | \$77,892 | \$81,882 | \$81,882 | \$84,338 | \$86,869 | \$89,475 | \$92,159 | \$94,924 | \$97,771 | \$100,705 | \$103,726 | \$106,837 | G&A |
| 871004 | Gen & Admin | PUBLICATIONS & DUES NOC | General | \$200 | \$200 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 | \$5,150 | \$5,305 | \$5,464 | \$5,628 | \$5,796 | \$5,970 | \$6,149 | \$6,334 | \$6,524 | G&A |
| 871006 | Gen & Admin | UNIFORM EXPENSE | General | \$12,704 | \$8,213 | \$15,000 | \$15,000 | \$15,450 | \$15,914 | \$16,391 | \$16,883 | \$17,389 | \$17,911 | \$18,448 | \$19,002 | \$19,572 | G&A |
| 871017 | Gen & Admin | SOFTWARE LICENSE RENEWAL | General | \$27,463 | \$20,346 | \$38,530 | \$37,000 | \$38,110 | \$39,253 | \$40,431 | \$41,644 | \$42,893 | \$44,180 | \$45,505 | \$46,870 | \$48,277 | G&A |
| 871018 | Gen & Admin | HARDWARE/MONITOR/PRINTER | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 871020 | Gen & Admin | PC REPLACEMENT | General | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 871022 | Gen & Admin | SERVICE CHARGE ADMINISTRATIVE | General | \$1,487,341 | \$1,487,341 | \$1,464,671 | \$2,240,057 | \$2,307,258 | \$2,376,476 | \$2,447,770 | \$2,521,203 | \$2,596,839 | \$2,674,745 | \$2,754,987 | \$2,837,637 | \$2,922,766 | G&A |
| 881001 | Gen & Admin | EQUIP MAINT ISF | Capital | \$264,636 | \$260,570 | \$247,579 | \$225,278 | \$232,036 | \$238,997 | \$246,167 | \$253,552 | \$261,159 | \$268,994 | \$277,064 | \$285,375 | \$293,937 | G&A |
| 881003 | Gen & Admin | VEHICLE REPLACE ISF | Capital | \$220,308 | \$228,346 | \$218,170 | \$218,170 | \$224,715 | \$231,457 | \$238,400 | \$245,552 | \$252,919 | \$260,506 | \$268,322 | \$276,371 | \$284,662 | G&A |
| 881004 | Gen & Admin | IT ISF OPERATING CHARGE | Capital | \$155,847 | \$118,356 | \$162,632 | \$189,770 | \$195,463 | \$201,327 | \$207,367 | \$213,588 | \$219,995 | \$226,595 | \$233,393 | \$240,395 | \$247,607 | G&A |
| 881005 | Gen & Admin | IT ISF REPLACEMENT CHARGE | Capital | \$34,335 | \$52,815 | \$31,937 | \$41,168 | \$42,403 | \$43,675 | \$44,985 | \$46,335 | \$47,725 | \$49,157 | \$50,631 | \$52,150 | \$53,715 | G&A |
| 891001 | Gen & Admin | GENERAL INSURANCE | General | \$211,768 | \$211,768 | \$583,029 | \$441,183 | \$454,418 | \$468,051 | \$482,093 | \$496,555 | \$511,452 | \$526,796 | \$542,599 | \$558,877 | \$575,644 | G&A |
| 891012 | Gen & Admin | SETTLEMENTS | Non-Inflated | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 891021 | Gen & Admin | OUTSIDE COUNSEL: SPEC LIT | Non-Inflated | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 891048 | Gen & Admin | UNINSURED CLAIMS CHARGE | Non-Inflated | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$127,925 | \$127,925 | \$127,925 | \$127,925 | \$127,925 | \$127,925 | \$127,925 | \$127,925 | \$127,925 | \$127,925 | G&A |
| SUBTOTAL OPERATING | | | | \$15,231,621 | \$16,510,835 | \$19,330,728 | \$20,843,110 | \$21,115,304 | \$22,082,097 | \$23,043,942 | \$24,051,465 | \$25,106,898 | \$26,218,678 | \$27,383,496 | \$28,604,031 | \$29,883,103 | |
| OBJ Description Escalated by | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CAPITAL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 911001 | Capital / Equip Expe | OFFICE EQUIPMENT | Capital | \$4,877 | \$516 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 | \$5,150 | \$5,305 | \$5,464 | \$5,628 | \$5,796 | \$5,970 | \$6,149 | \$6,334 | \$6,524 | G&A |
| 911014 | Capital / Equip Expe | WATER CONSERVATION EQUIP | Capital | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 911024 | Capital / Equip Expe | EQUIPMENT N.O.C. | Capital | \$20,131 | \$6,945 | \$4,154 | \$134,154 | \$138,179 | \$142,324 | \$146,594 | \$150,992 | \$155,521 | \$160,187 | \$164,992 | \$169,942 | \$175,041 | G&A |
| 911039 | Capital / Equip Expe | OFFICE FURNITURE/FIXTURES | Capital | \$900 | \$4,758 | \$5,000 | \$5,000 | \$5,150 | \$5,305 | \$5,464 | \$5,628 | \$5,796 | \$5,970 | \$6,149 | \$6,334 | \$6,524 | G&A |
| 911042 | Capital / Equip Expe | CAP AQUISTN EXP REVERSAL | Non-Inflated | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 991001 | Capital / Equip Expe | TRANSFER OUT | Non-Inflated | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| 992702 | Capital / Equip Expe | INTRAFUND XFER TO WATER CAPITA | Non-Inflated | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | G&A |
| SUBTOTAL CAPITAL | | | | \$25,908 | \$12,219 | \$14,154 | \$144,154 | \$148,479 | \$152,933 | \$157,521 | \$162,247 | \$167,114 | \$172,127 | \$177,291 | \$182,610 | \$188,088 | |
| AP & CC Adjustment AP & CC Adjustments in Sales of Potable Water Rev | | | General | \$280,700 | \$304,005 | \$349,560 | \$360,047 | \$370,848 | \$381,974 | \$393,433 | \$405,236 | \$417,393 | \$429,915 | \$442,812 | \$456,097 | \$469,779 | Billing |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | \$20,142,285 | \$21,559,869 | \$25,137,881 | \$26,944,198 | \$27,405,799 | \$28,568,185 | \$29,732,021 | \$30,948,151 | \$32,219,036 | \$33,553,346 | \$34,948,017 | \$36,405,982 | \$37,930,320 | |

| O&M Allocations | Water Service Functions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | FY 2019 | Water Supply | RW Supply | RW Pump Station | Treatment | Transmission | Distribution | Pumping | Storage | Meter Services | Customer Service | Billing | G&A | Conservation | Fire Protection |
| Fixed Potable WS Costs | \$1,805,734 | \$1,805,734 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Variable Potable WS Costs | \$9,494,266 | \$9,494,266 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RW Supply Costs | \$490,454 | | \$490,454 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries & Benefits | \$5,443,440 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$5,443,440 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Other Operating Expenses | \$3,313,775 | \$0 | \$0 | \$10,360 | \$323,053 | \$135,883 | \$207,736 | \$90,000 | \$105,977 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,367,674 | \$0 | \$73,092 |
| Conservation Program | \$422,422 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$422,422 | \$0 |
| Meter Related | \$1,009,927 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,009,927 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Gen & Admin | \$2,888,304 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,888,304 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Capital / Equip Expenses | \$14,154 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$14,154 | \$0 | \$0 |
| AP & CC Adjustments in Sales of Potable Water Rev | \$349,560 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$349,560 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total | \$25,232,035 | \$11,300,000 | \$490,454 | \$10,360 | \$323,053 | \$135,883 | \$207,736 | \$90,000 | \$105,977 | \$1,009,927 | \$0 | \$349,560 | \$10,713,571 | \$422,422 | \$73,092 |

| O&M Expenses | Water Cost Components | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| | Water Service Functions | FY 2019 | Water Supply | RW Supply | RW Pump Station | Base Fixed | Max Day | Max Hour | Meter Services | Billing & CS | Gen & Admin | Conservation | Direct Fire Protection |
| Water Supply | \$11,300,000 | | 100% | | | | | | | | | | |
| RW Supply | \$490,454 | | | 100% | | | | | | | | | |
| RW Pump Station | \$10,360 | | | | 100% | | | | | | | | |
| Treatment | \$323,053 | | | | | 54% | 46% | | | | | | |
| Transmission | \$135,883 | | | | | 54% | 46% | | | | | | |
| Distribution | \$207,736 | | | | | 35% | 29% | 26% | | | | | 10% |
| Pumping | \$90,000 | | | | | 35% | 29% | 26% | | | | | 10% |
| Storage | \$105,977 | | | | | 54% | 46% | | | | | | |
| Meter Services | \$1,009,927 | | | | | | | | 100% | | | | |
| Customer Service | \$0 | | | | | | | | | 100% | | | |
| Billing | \$349,560 | | | | | | | | | 100% | | | |
| G&A | \$10,713,571 | | | | | | | | | | 100% | | |
| Conservation | \$422,422 | | | | | | | | | | | 100% | |
| Fire Protection | \$73,092 | | | | | | | | | | | | 100% |
| Total | \$25,232,035 | \$11,300,000 | \$490,454 | \$10,360 | \$408,421 | \$347,158 | \$77,297 | \$1,009,927 | \$349,560 | \$10,713,571 | \$422,422 | \$102,866 | |
| O&M w/o WS, RW Supply | TRUE | 44.8% | 1.9% | 0.0% | 1.6% | 1.4% | 0.3% | 4.0% | 1.4% | 42.5% | 1.7% | 0.4% | |
| | | | | 0.1% | 3.0% | 2.6% | 0.6% | 7.5% | 2.6% | 79.7% | 3.1% | 0.8% | |

Appendix 2 – Asset List and Functionalization and Capital Cost Allocations

Asset List provided by Joshua Rosenbaum 5/1/19 and revised by City Staff in August 2019

| Asset | Description | Status | Tag # | Class Code | Location Description | Date Acquired | Acquired Cost | Est. Useful | Depreciation | Acquired Year | Acquired ENR CCI | Current ENR CCI | OC | RC | OCLD | RCLD | Types |
|----------|---------------------------------------|--------|----------|------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 00003004 | SAW | A | 94-05466 | 41 | UTILITIES, WATER MAINTENA | 07/01/93 | \$15,000 | 7 | \$15,000 | 1993 | 5,210 | 11,062 | \$15,000 | \$31,848 | \$0 | \$0 | Gen & Admin |
| 00003006 | COUNTY RADIO TOWER | A | 09- | 41 | UTILITIES, WATER MAINTENA | 06/30/09 | \$88,459 | 15 | \$88,459 | 2009 | 8,570 | 11,062 | \$88,459 | \$114,181 | \$0 | \$0 | Gen & Admin |
| 00003007 | HAMMER HEAD PORTABUST w/ FUSION | A | 13-00836 | 41 | UTILITIES, WASTEWATER | 08/10/12 | \$31,293 | 7 | \$31,293 | 2012 | 9,308 | 11,062 | \$31,293 | \$37,190 | \$0 | \$0 | Gen & Admin |
| 00003501 | Water Reducers | A | 00003501 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 01/01/65 | \$82,094 | 75 | \$82,094 | 1965 | 971 | 11,062 | \$82,094 | \$935,246 | \$0 | \$0 | Water Meters |
| 00003502 | Water Meters | A | 00003502 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 01/01/65 | \$1,544,913 | 75 | \$1,544,913 | 1965 | 971 | 11,062 | \$1,544,913 | \$17,600,234 | \$0 | \$0 | Water Meters |
| 00003503 | Water Lines | A | 00003503 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/89 | \$85,114,170 | 75 | \$73,988,538 | 1989 | 4,615 | 11,062 | \$85,114,170 | \$204,015,807 | \$11,125,632 | \$26,667,766 | Water Lines (T&D) |
| 00003504 | Fire Hydrants | A | 00003504 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 01/01/65 | \$728,025 | 75 | \$556,615 | 1965 | 971 | 11,062 | \$728,025 | \$8,293,937 | \$171,410 | \$1,952,768 | Fire Hydrants |
| 00003505 | Reservoir- Big Canyon | A | 00003505 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/59 | \$35,673,596 | 75 | \$35,649,466 | 1959 | 797 | 11,062 | \$35,673,596 | \$495,133,399 | \$24,130 | \$334,914 | Reservoir |
| 00003506 | Reservoir- Spyglass | A | 00003506 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/72 | \$418,244 | 75 | \$418,244 | 1972 | 1,753 | 11,062 | \$418,244 | \$2,639,256 | \$0 | \$0 | Reservoir |
| 00003507 | Reservoir - 16th Street | A | 00003507 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/96 | \$3,800,000 | 75 | \$3,800,000 | 1996 | 5,620 | 11,062 | \$3,800,000 | \$7,479,644 | \$0 | \$0 | Reservoir |
| 00003508 | Reservoir - Capitalized Interest | A | 00003508 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/95 | \$1,034,462 | 75 | \$1,034,462 | 1995 | 5,471 | 11,062 | \$1,034,462 | \$2,091,614 | \$0 | \$0 | Reservoir |
| 00003509 | Pumps - 16th Street | A | 00003509 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/96 | \$834,401 | 75 | \$480,000 | 1996 | 5,620 | 11,062 | \$834,401 | \$1,642,374 | \$354,401 | \$697,577 | Pumps |
| 00003510 | Pumps - Zone 5 | A | 00003510 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/73 | \$377,739 | 75 | \$377,739 | 1973 | 1,895 | 11,062 | \$377,739 | \$2,205,039 | \$0 | \$0 | Pumps |
| 00003511 | Pumps - Zone 4 | A | 00003511 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/71 | \$282,709 | 75 | \$282,709 | 1971 | 1,581 | 11,062 | \$282,709 | \$1,978,069 | \$0 | \$0 | Pumps |
| 00003512 | Pumps - Zone 3 | A | 00003512 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/71 | \$376,945 | 75 | \$376,945 | 1971 | 1,581 | 11,062 | \$376,945 | \$2,637,423 | \$0 | \$0 | Pumps |
| 00003513 | Pumps - Zone 5 (auxiliary) | A | 00003513 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/77 | \$118,114 | 75 | \$118,114 | 1977 | 2,576 | 11,062 | \$118,114 | \$507,212 | \$0 | \$0 | Pumps |
| 00003514 | Pumps - NB Reclaimed | A | 00003514 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/99 | \$426,000 | 75 | \$426,000 | 1999 | 6,059 | 11,062 | \$426,000 | \$777,754 | \$0 | \$0 | RW Pumps |
| 00003515 | Pumps - Big Canyon Reclaimed | A | 00003515 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/99 | \$243,000 | 75 | \$61,560 | 1999 | 6,059 | 11,062 | \$243,000 | \$443,648 | \$181,440 | \$331,258 | RW Pumps |
| 00003516 | Wells - Fountain Valley | A | 00003516 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/96 | \$1,766,990 | 75 | \$1,717,857 | 1996 | 5,620 | 11,062 | \$1,766,990 | \$3,478,015 | \$49,133 | \$96,710 | Wells |
| 00003517 | Wells - Fountain Valley | A | 00003517 | 72 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/96 | \$1,761,271 | 75 | \$1,747,256 | 1996 | 5,620 | 11,062 | \$1,761,271 | \$3,466,758 | \$14,015 | \$27,586 | Wells |
| 00003518 | Land | A | 00003518 | 19 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 01/01/65 | \$2,219,450 | 999 | \$2,219,450 | 1965 | 971 | 11,062 | \$2,219,450 | \$25,284,816 | \$0 | \$0 | Land |
| 00003519 | Warehouse | A | 00003519 | 29 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/87 | \$205,793 | 40 | \$205,793 | 1987 | 4,406 | 11,062 | \$205,793 | \$516,678 | \$0 | \$0 | Warehouse |
| 00003520 | Eastbluff/Bonita Creek Recycled Water | A | 00003520 | 29 | UTILITIES, ADMINISTRATION | 06/30/11 | \$482,603 | 50 | \$482,603 | 2011 | 9,070 | 11,062 | \$482,603 | \$588,595 | \$0 | \$0 | RW Pumps |
| 10000194 | SERVER | A | 15-00483 | 45 | PW, GEN SVC, ADMINISTRATION | 05/22/15 | \$11,279 | 3 | \$11,279 | 2015 | 10,035 | 11,062 | \$11,279 | \$12,434 | \$0 | \$0 | Gen & Admin |
| 10000195 | SERVER | A | 15-00482 | 45 | PW, GEN SVC, ADMINISTRATION | 05/22/15 | \$11,279 | 3 | \$11,279 | 2015 | 10,035 | 11,062 | \$11,279 | \$12,434 | \$0 | \$0 | Gen & Admin |
| 10001237 | CITY RADIO TOWER | A | 10001237 | 46 | MUNICIPAL OPERATIONS NOC | 01/31/17 | \$68,743 | 50 | \$68,743 | 2017 | 10,737 | 11,062 | \$68,743 | \$70,824 | \$0 | \$0 | Gen & Admin |
| 10001238 | CITY RADIO TOWER | A | 10001238 | 46 | MUNICIPAL OPERATIONS NOC | 01/31/17 | \$21,371 | 50 | \$21,371 | 2017 | 10,737 | 11,062 | \$21,371 | \$22,018 | \$0 | \$0 | Gen & Admin |
| 10001253 | WIP - LIDO VILLAGE WATER MAIN REPLCI | A | 10001253 | 87 | PUBLIC WORKS DPT BAY D, 2NC | 06/30/17 | \$2,060,033 | 999 | \$267,397 | 2017 | 10,737 | 11,062 | \$2,060,033 | \$2,122,388 | \$1,792,636 | \$1,846,897 | Water Lines (T&D) |
| 10001779 | WIP - BIG CANYON RESERVOIR METER V/A | A | 10001779 | 87 | PUBLIC WORKS DPT BAY D, 2NC | 06/30/18 | \$1,630,208 | 999 | \$1,630,208 | 2018 | 11,062 | 11,062 | \$1,630,208 | \$1,630,208 | \$0 | \$0 | Reservoir |

| Asset Group | OC | RC | OCLD | RCLD | RC | Water Supply | RW Supply | RW Pump Station | Treatment | Transmission | Distribution | Pumping | Storage | Meter Services | Customer Service | Billing | G&A | Conservation | Fire Protection |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Water Meters | \$1,627,007 | \$18,535,480 | \$0 | \$0 | \$18,535,480 | | | | | | | | | 100% | | | | | |
| Fire Hydrants | \$728,025 | \$8,293,937 | \$171,410 | \$1,952,768 | \$8,293,937 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 100% |
| Water Lines (T&D) | \$87,174,203 | \$206,138,195 | \$12,918,268 | \$28,514,664 | \$206,138,195 | | | | | 50% | 50% | | | | | | | | |
| Reservoir | \$42,556,510 | \$508,974,120 | \$24,130 | \$334,914 | \$508,974,120 | | | | | | | | 100% | | | | | | |
| Pumps | \$1,989,908 | \$8,970,117 | \$354,401 | \$697,577 | \$8,970,117 | | | | | | | 100% | | | | | | | |
| Wells | \$3,528,261 | \$6,944,773 | \$63,148 | \$124,296 | \$6,944,773 | 100% | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$2,219,450 | \$25,284,816 | \$0 | \$0 | \$25,284,816 | | | | | | | | | | | | 100% | | |
| Warehouse | \$205,793 | \$516,678 | \$0 | \$0 | \$516,678 | | | | | | | | | | | | 100% | | |
| RW | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | 100% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RW Pumps | \$1,151,603 | \$1,809,997 | \$181,440 | \$331,258 | \$1,809,997 | | | 100% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gen & Admin | \$247,426 | \$300,930 | \$0 | \$0 | \$300,930 | | | | | | | | | | | | 100% | | |
| Total Water Asset Value | \$141,428,186 | \$785,769,042 | \$13,712,797 | \$31,955,476 | \$785,769,042 | \$6,944,773 | \$0 | \$1,809,997 | \$0 | \$103,069,098 | \$103,069,098 | \$8,970,117 | \$508,974,120 | \$18,535,480 | \$0 | \$0 | \$26,102,423 | \$0 | \$8,293,937 |

| Asset Functions | RC | Water Supply | RW Supply | RW Pump Station | Base Fixed | Max Day | Max Hour | Meter Services | Billing & CS | Gen & Admin | Conservation | Direct Fire Protection |
|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| Water Supply | \$6,944,773 | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| RW Supply | \$0 | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| RW Pump Station | \$1,809,997 | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Treatment | \$0 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 54% | 46% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Transmission | \$103,069,098 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 54% | 46% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Distribution | \$103,069,098 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 35% | 29% | 26% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 10% |
| Pumping | \$8,970,117 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 35% | 29% | 26% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 10% |
| Storage | \$508,974,120 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 54% | 46% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Meter Services | \$18,535,480 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Customer Service | \$0 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Billing | \$0 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| G&A | \$26,102,423 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% | 0% |
| Conservation | \$0 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% |
| Fire Protection | \$8,293,937 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Total | \$785,769,042 | \$6,944,773 | \$0 | \$1,809,997 | \$369,616,977 | \$314,174,430 | \$29,087,104 | \$18,535,480 | \$0 | \$26,102,423 | \$0 | \$19,497,858 |
| | TRUE | 1% | 0% | 0.23% | 47% | 40% | 4% | 2% | 0% | 3% | 0% | 2% |

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Appendix 3 – Revenue Requirements Allocations

| Revenue Requirements @ Current Rates | FY 2019 | Water Supply | RW Supply | RW Pump Station | Base Fixed | Max Day | Max Hour | Meter Services | Billing & CS | Gen & Admin | Conservation | Direct Fire Protection |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| O&M Expenses | \$25,232,035 | \$11,300,000 | \$490,454 | \$10,360 | \$408,421 | \$347,158 | \$77,297 | \$1,009,927 | \$349,560 | \$10,713,571 | \$422,422 | \$102,866 |
| Debt Service | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Rate Funded CIP | \$9,256,000 | \$81,806 | \$0 | \$21,320.94 | \$4,353,919 | \$3,700,831 | \$342,633 | \$218,339 | \$0 | \$307,475 | \$0 | \$229,676 |
| Reserve Funding | -\$7,062,390 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | -\$3,359,500 | -\$2,855,575 | -\$264,377 | -\$168,472 | \$0 | -\$237,249 | \$0 | -\$177,219 |
| Total Revenue Requirements | \$27,425,645 | \$11,381,806 | \$490,454 | \$31,681 | \$1,402,840 | \$1,192,414 | \$155,553 | \$1,059,795 | \$349,560 | \$10,783,797 | \$422,422 | \$155,323 |
| Less Revenue Offset | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass-through Variable Water Cost Revenues | \$0 | \$0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other Operating Revenues | -\$402,653 | \$0 | \$0 | -\$310 | -\$12,235 | -\$10,399 | -\$2,315 | -\$30,253 | -\$10,471 | -\$320,933 | -\$12,654 | -\$3,081 |
| Non-Operating Revenues | -\$275,369 | \$0 | \$0 | -\$212 | -\$8,367 | -\$7,112 | -\$1,584 | -\$20,690 | -\$7,161 | -\$219,482 | -\$8,654 | -\$2,107 |
| Total Revenue Offset | -\$678,022 | \$0 | \$0 | -\$523 | -\$20,602 | -\$17,511 | -\$3,899 | -\$50,943 | -\$17,633 | -\$540,415 | -\$21,308 | -\$5,189 |
| Revenue Requirements @ Current Rates | \$26,747,623 | \$11,381,806 | \$490,454 | \$31,158 | \$1,382,239 | \$1,174,903 | \$151,654 | \$1,008,852 | \$331,927 | \$10,243,382 | \$401,114 | \$150,134 |
| Gen & Admin Allocation Factors | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Allocated Gen & Admin Costs | | | | 1% | 30% | 25% | 3% | 22% | 7% | | 9% | 3% |
| | | | | \$68,905 | \$3,056,747 | \$2,598,235 | \$335,375 | \$2,231,023 | \$734,040 | -\$10,243,382 | \$887,043 | \$332,014 |
| Adjusted Rev Req | \$26,747,623 | \$11,381,806 | \$490,454 | \$100,063 | \$4,438,986 | \$3,773,138 | \$487,029 | \$3,239,874 | \$1,065,967 | \$0 | \$1,288,157 | \$482,149 |